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GREAT GUNS QUICKEN SPAIN'S REPLY TO SHAFTER'S DEMAND.

TORAL WANTS TO WITHDRAW WITH HIS MEN.

Is Given Until Tomorrow Noon to Receive Instructions From the Madrid Officials.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Secretary Alger has received the following dispatch from General Miles:

"PLAYA DEL ESTE, July 13.—Secretary of War: At a meeting between the lines, at which Generals Shafter and Wheeler and the Spanish General, Toral, were present, the latter claimed that he is unable to act without authority of his Government, but has received authority to withdraw and surrender harbor ports, munitions of war and eastern portion of Cuba. He urgently requests until to-morrow noon to receive answer from his Government regarding offer of our Government to send his forces to Spain, which was granted.

"MILES,
"Major General Commanding."

On the bulletin giving General Miles' dispatch was written underneath the dispatch the following:

"Permission to withdraw was refused by the War Department. R. A. A."

SHAFTER TO OPEN ON SANTIAGO TOMORROW.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The War Department has given out the following from General Shafter:

"Adjutant-General, Washington:—Headquarters near Santiago, July 13: Your telegram saying no modifications of orders allowed just received. Have had an interview of an hour and a half with General Toral and have extended truce until noon tomorrow; told him that his surrender only would be considered and he was without hope of escape and had no right to continue the fight. I think it made a strong impression on him and hope for his surrender. If he refuses, I will open on him at 12, noon, tomorrow with every gun I have, and will have the assistance of the navy, which is ready to bombard the city with thirteen-inch shells.

"SHAFTER."

TOMORROW AT NOON THE TRUCE IS OVER.

As Soon as Randolph's Heavy Guns Are In Position the Attack Will Be Fiercely Resumed.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

OFF JURAGUA, July 12, 8 P. M. (via Kingston, Jamaica, July 13, 10 A. M.)—All the negotiations for a peaceful surrender of Santiago de Cuba ended in utter failure today and the city must fall by the sword.

General Toral, the Spanish commander, has finally and definitely refused to accept Shafter's proposal for an unconditional surrender, and the American army now only awaits the word of its General to begin the final struggle.

Just when the attack will be made depends upon the time which will ensue before General Randolph can land his batteries at the front, as it is definitely settled that the forward movement will not begin until the army is fully backed up by the big guns, the absence of which cost so many lives during the previous engagements.

General Randolph's movement began early this morning, and tonight, out of the ten batteries, but one of four guns had succeeded in making its way over the almost impassable trail to the trenches at the front. This, with the four batteries already there, is not considered by the American commander as sufficient, and probably twenty-four hours more will elapse before the general engagement begins.

General Shafter's second and last proposal to surrender was sent into Santiago at noon yesterday. It went in the form of a terse note in which the General pointed out the hopelessness of the Spanish position, surrounded by the American troops, cut off from reinforcements, and without the means to combat our fleet, which can hurl shells by the hundred into the heart of the city. unconditional surrender, it was declared, was the only terms to be considered, and the prompt acceptance of these terms could save the Spanish forces and innocent citizens from awful slaughter.

TORAL DEFIANT.

The firing which has been going on at intervals since Sunday afternoon was ordered stopped when the flag of truce started for the Spanish side, and has not been resumed. No attention was paid to General Shafter's communication until shortly after 8 o'clock this morning, when a reply came under a flag of truce., General Toral was as brief as his foe, saying in effect that if the Americans wanted Santiago they would have to come and get it. He declared that unconditional surrender of the city was beyond reason and possibility and expressed himself as ready to meet an attack at any time the invading army saw fit to make one.

General Shafter accepted the answer as final, and although no firing was ordered, he immediately began preparations for the coming struggle. General Randolph's ten light batteries were ordered rushed from the landing place at Juragua and a change in the lines was made. General Lawton's entire division was moved to the northward a mile and a half, his extreme right being placed at Caimenes on the border of the harbor. This movement places the American forces in a semi-circle, entirely surrounding Santiago and cutting off retreat of the Spaniards except by water, as our flanks rest at the water's edge.

The late arrivals of volunteers were moved up from Juragua and the First Illinois, the Eighth Ohio and the First District of Columbia were located in the trenches vacated by Lawton's men. Hines' battery was swung around to the north, closely connecting with Lawton's force and now occupies a bluff from which it can fire directly into the heart of the city. This is a most important movement, as it enables the American forces to shell the city without injuring the hospitals and public buildings which are flying the Red Cross flag, the present position being such that shells can be thown over all the buildings, thus protected from assault.

THE WOUNDED REMOVED.

The little town of Caimenes was evacuated by the Spanish troops yesterday, and is now occupied by the Cuban troops, with a few companies of regulars. Scarcely a wounded man remains at the hospital headquarters here. Almost all the sufferers have been sent on board the hospital ship Relief, which lies off shore. It is most fortunate that the transfer was made before the rains set in, as it is difficult to provide shelter from the storms. A number of men sick with fever, measles and other ailments are still here.

Malarial fever continues to give the physicians trouble, but so far only one death has resulted.

Mr. Nicholas Fish will leave for the North tomorrow with the bodies of Hamilton Fish, Jr., and Captain Capron, who were killed with the Rough Riders in battle.

The men of General Lawton's division yesterday cut a large water main which is believed to be the source of the water supply of Santiago.

A few reporters who came out of Santiago today reported that the city's water supply is scant and of very bad quality.

The reports of wholesale desertions from the Spanish forces are untrue. A few deserters reach the American lines almost daily, but there have not been a hundred deserters from the Spaniards in all. In case of an attack upon the part of the fleet it is believed that some of the troops on board the Yale will be landed west of Juragua to join General Lawton's division. A landing could easily be effected near Cabanas, five miles west of the harbor entrance.

General Shafter telegraphed to Washington today in regard to the extreme privations suffered by the 18,000 Santiago refugees now at El Caney, and he received a reply directing him not to assume the responsibility for their maintenance, but to give them such food as he can spare from the soldiers' stores. Already 22,500 rations have been given them, but these are exhausted, as well as the provisions sent by Miss Clara Barton in behalf of the Red Cross Society.

REFUGEES STARVING.

The condition of affairs in the camp of the refugees is terrible, and if it continues many people will starve to death. Up to date, eight persons have died.

The churches are being used as hospitals. One of them contains 197 persons. A very old woman committed suicide to-day in her distress, killing herself with a machete.

General Wheeler recommended the following officers in his cavalry division for gallantry in action.

Brigadier General Carrol, Colonel Sumner, Major Wessels, Major Lebord, Major Wint, Captain Hawes, Captain Hartman, Lieutenant Andrews, Captain Brookham, Lieutenant Colonel Dorsett, Major Garlington, Captain West, Captain Dickinson, Captain William Astor Chanler and his aides, Lieutenants Steale, Reeves and Wheeler. He also compliments Mr. Aestes, his Cuban volunteer aide, for conspicuous service.

PHILIPPINE INSURGENTS GROW UNRULY

When General Merritt Arrives He May Have to Whip the Rebels as Well as the Spanish.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

MANILA, July 7, via Hong Kong, July 13.—The insurgents yesterday made a vigorous attack on the Spaniards from all sides, with little resistance. They shelled the Spanish blockhouses and trenches north of Manila, and captured the Spanish guns at Mesa.

There was a furious musketry fire all night long at San Juan, Santa Ana, Pasco and Pasayi, the Spaniards replying with artillery and musketry. The insurgent artillery is not yet operating. About 400 native infantry have joined the insurgents. The insurgents have rushed the Malate entrenchmencs, pushing forward to the walls of the fort, but they had to retire at daylight. It is probable that the loss was 100 men on each side.

The Americans and the insurgents are acting independently, both conducting their own operations and noping to evolve an agreement afterwards.

The secret Katipunan Society, which was chiefly instrumental in organizing the campaign, is not fitted, it is said, for administering the government of the Philippines.

The Americans are postponing operations until they are fully prepared for any contingency. The natives are proving intractable. About 80,000 Americans are expected here shortly, which would enable them effectively to control the whole of the Philippine islands. In the meantime there are differences between the insurgent chiefs and Aguinaldo. The latter is reported to be aware that he cannot capture Manila without the Americans, but a majority of his followers are confident that he can. In any case, they consider that he should attain a position which would enable him to make the best terms possible with the Americans. The insurgents have adandoned their attitude of inaction, and have arranged for further revolts on the part of hitherto loyal natives.

The Americans are drilling persistently, and promise to make splendid fighters when the time arrives for them to take the field against the Spaniards. The sanitation of Cavite is dangerously neglected.

It is reported that Atachie and four other northern Philippine leaders, who supported Aguinaldo during the last insurrection, have quarreled over sharing the plunder, when the Spaniards are said to have bribed them to leave the country. However, they have now returned from Hong Kong, desiring to rejoin Aguinaldo, but have been imprisoned and charged with treachery. It is believed they will be shot. If this turns out to be the case, it is liable to alienate the insurgents, who are the best fighters.

When the Raleigh and the Concord visited Subic bay they found the insurgents in possession. It appears that a month ago the wild mountaineers, with bows and spears, descended upon the place in thousands. The native garrisons seceded, the Spanish abandoned the arsenal without a struggle and sought refuge on Grande island, which quickly surrendered to the Americans.

ANOTHER VICTORY SCORED BY DEWEY.

He Shells and Captures Grande Island in Subic Bay After Driving Away Insolent Germans Who Interfered.

(Copyright 1898 by Associated Press.)

MANILA, July 9, via Hong Kong, July 13.—The insurgents on Wednesday, July 6th, reported that the German gunboat Irene, in Subic bay, refused to permit them to attack the Spaniards on Grande Island. Rear Admiral Dewey promptly dispatched the Raleigh and Concord to investigate the matter. On entering Subic Bay the Raleigh opened fire upon the forts, whereupon the Irene slipped her cable and steamed out by the outer channel. The fire of the American warships was on the Spaniards numbering 500 men, who surrendered everything.

Upon returning to Manila the Irene explained that she interfered in "the cause of humanity," and offered to hand over the Americans the refugees she had on board. Admiral Dewey, however, declined to accept them.

Governor General Augusti has issued a proclamation promising to grant autonomy to the islands and offering the insurgents inducement to join the Spanish forces. General Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, in reply, said the overtures of the Spanish commander came too late.

DEWEY WINS ANOTHER BATTLE.

NEW YORK, July 13.—A special copyright cable from Manila, dated July 10th, to the New York Journal says:

Admiral Dewey, early on July 7, dispatched the Raleigh and Concord to take Grande Island in Subic bay and capture the garrison.

The cruisers shelled the principal points on the island, destroying the earthworks and other fortifications and laying the torpedo station in ruins.

They sent out a launch with a message demanding surrender. There was no response, and the Raleigh finally sent a six-inch shell through the commander's house.

The white flag was instantly run up on the ruins of the earthworks. A landing party demanded absolute surrender.

The Spanish Colonel, Rio, realizing his hopeless position, submitted and gave up his sword.

The 500 men comprising the garrison were made prisoners and their rifles were taken from them.

Forty thousand rounds of ammunition and one Hotchkiss gun were also captured. This victory gives the Americans control of Subic bay.

The Spanish were endeavoring to protect it with submarine mines, and to make it ready for the occupation of the Spanish fleet supposed to be on its way from Spain.

Admiral Dewey's possession of Subic bay defeats Germany's supposed plans to interfere in the Philippines.

The insurgents have captured the valuable merchant coast steamer named Philippinas. The natives killed the officer of the ship before her capture.

The insurgents were using the transport in an attack which they contemplated making on Grande Island before Admiral Dewey was called upon.

Although the attitude of the Germans is still irritating, Admiral Dewey is managing them with great diplomacy. He does not expect any trouble with them.

The blockade will hereafter be more rigid. Only the supply ships of the American and foreign fleets are allowed to enter.

The Esmereida, arriving from Hong Kong yesterday with passengers, was stopped and ordered to sea.

The long expected refrigerating steamship Culgua, from Australia with a cargo of fresh beef, arrived and was welcomed enthusiastically by the sailors and soldiers.

The Austrian cruiser Freundsberg arrived and saluted the Spanish flag first, after which she saluted Admiral Dewey's flag.

OUR TROOPS ARE THREATENED BY YELLOW FEVER.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The War Department received dispatches from General Miles and General Shafter today and the Navy Department received dispatches from the fleet off Santiago. The contents of the several dispatches were not made public up to noon. They had the effect, however, of arousing officials, both military and naval, to unusual activity. Coupled with this was an undercurrent of apparent anxiety throughout army headquarters.

The advices speedily led to a war council at the White House, at which Secretaries Long and Alger and the members of the war board were present. Adjutant General Corbin was also at the White House. Before Secretary Alger went to the White House, he had a conference with Surgeon General Sternberg, who also had received dispatches from the surgical corps near Santiago.

Although the dispatches were not given out, those in a position to speak intelligently of them said that any anxiety which might exist was not due to material change in the military situation, but rather to the severe conditions surrounding our soldiers as a result of the rainy season and the terrific storms of the last few days. To what extent our troops were affected the authorities would not disclose, as they desire to avoid unnecessary apprehension.

Although the dispatches were thus guarded, it was stated definitely that no fighting was in progress up to the time of the last report. It was also stated that the fears that the enemy might secretly draw off some of their forces to the mountains north of Santiago had not been realized. The city was still surrounded, it was said, and there appeared to be no apprehension on the part of the officers in command that the enemy would get away.

Much anxiety has been created at the War Department by a press report that Brigadier General Duffield was sick in the hospital. General Duffield is a townsman of Secretary Alger and one of his closest personal associates. The dispatches of Generals Smith and Shafter made no reference whatever to General Duffield's being in the hospital, so that the press report was unaccountable, as it was felt that both Miles and Shafter would speedily report if General Duffield was incapacitated with wounds or illness.

While the war council was in progress all the usual centers of information at the War and Navy Departments were closed against inquiry. A number of public men called, and to them the officials conveyed the general impression that the military situation stands substantially unchanged, with no fighting and no surrender, but that the chief attention for the moment was being directed to the health and hygenic condition of our troops.

Medical officers of the army decline to make any statement respecting the health of the troops at Santiago.

It was learned, however, that the situation among the troops before Santiago is that there are fourteen suspicious cases of fever among the employes of the Quartermaster's Department of the American army.

Pending the determination of the exact character of the fever these men have been isolated in the valley near Sibiney and placed under the care of immune doctors and nurses who have been provided in anticipation of just such an emergency. Confidence is expressed by the medical officers of the army and navy in Washington in the ability of the surgeons to stamp out the disease.

The Surgeon General has received several dispatches from the chief sur-

(Continued on Page 2.)

SIBONEY BURNED BY SHAFTER'S ORDERS.

(Copyrighted 1898 by Associated Press.)

OFF JUARAGUACITO, July 12, via Kingston July 13—9:45 A. M.—The miserable little town of Juaraguacito (Siboney) lies in ashes tonight. It was burned under the orders of the army health authorities.

Almost every building of the city which straggled among the irregular bluffs was set fire to during the day, and the Cuban inhabitants have fled to the caves in the overhangng hillside for shelter.

This action was taken at the urgent request of Major Legaro of the Hospital Corps, and served the joint purpose of ridding the camp of the unhealthy and dirty things and driving away scores of Cuban followers whose presence was a serious inconvenience to the hospital workers. The burning of the houses also extended along the trail to the front and numerous blockhouses were destroyed together with dwellings.

The action was decided upon last night and early this morning the long wooden building at the extreme end of the trail, the one which had served as division headquarters in the early days of the landing and later as a postoffice, was set on fire. This building was one of the most imposing in the city, with its long, broad verandas and well built stoop, and as the flames burst from the windows and swept over the roof the Cuban dwellers in the neighboring houses began to rush for safety. They were assisted by a detachment of soldiers in removing their effects and the buildings were set fire to as rapidly as vacated. The others, wooden structures, ordinarily would have burned like tinder, but the heavy rains made the flames slow in spreading. The burning houses filled the camp with stifling black smoke, which was visible for miles.

In spite of the protests of the ragged Cubans, the work of destruction proceeded steadily all day.

The building in which field telegraphs and telephone offices were located shared the common fate.

The work was not completed until after dark, when the torch was applied to the last building of the town. The debris will be cleared away as rapidly as possible and many more hospital tents will be pitched on new sites.

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FUSIONISTS AGAIN CARRY THE DAY AT THE CONVENTION.

Middle-of-the-Roaders Given Another Set-back Early in Proceedings Today.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SACRAMENTO, July 13.—While the Fusionists in the Populist State Convention gained a signal victory at the opening of proceedings on Tuesday, there were signs this morning that some of them had fallen down and joined forces with the Middle-of-the-Road men. But if there were any delegates who wavered upon the question of fusion, they were aroused by a speech made by Judge J. N. Phillips of Los Angeles who was yesterday made chairman of the Silver Republican State Central Committee in place of George W. Baker, who resigned owing to pressure of business.

Judge Phillips had been invited at the instance of the fusionists, to address the Convention. There was a slight objection, but it was put aside by the fusionists. The speech of Judge Phillips was full of fire and the delegates rose in their seats and cheered him. He said that no men in politics had ever made such sacrifices as had the members of the Silver Republican party. The members were here with no other aid than that of their own consciences. They had bravely gone into the struggle of right and might.

"Do you want us?" asked Phillips, and he was greeted with cries of "Yes, Yes."

The speaker denounced all forms of trusts and referred to Senator Mark Hanna of Ohio as an arch fiend.

By a rising vote the Convention extended its thanks to Judge Phillips for his speech.

The committee on permanent organization and order of business reported in favor of declaring that the temporary officers of the convention be made the permanent officers. That a committee be appointed of seven members, one to be selected from and by each Congressional district, for the purpose of conferring with other political reform forces, with a view to forming a union to promote Populistic principles; that the report of the conference committee be received before proceeding to nominate a candidate for Governor. Further time was asked.

To this there was a minority report from the Middle-of-the-Roaders, which declared against a conference; called for the adoption of a platform as the first order of business, after which the Convention should proceed to nominate a Governor and the rest of the ticket.

A motion was made to lay it on the table. As a substitute to this Cornell of Alameda moved to adopt that portion of the majority report which called for the appointment of a conference committee. Cornell's motion was adopted by a vote of 103 to 49, which showed the strength of the fusion and anti-fusion factions.

A motion to adopt the report as a whole, with the exception of nomination of Governor, and to refer this back to the Committee was made.

Calor moved as a substitute that the report be referred back to the committee with instructions to report back the order of business in nominating a full ticket. A motion to lay Calor's substitute on the table was lost by a vote of 74 to 75.

Milton Carlson obtained the floor and declared that the vote had been taken under misapprehension on the part of many of the voters, and called for a roll call. The roll call resulted in the carrying of the motion to lay upon the table by a vote of 153 to 138.

Acting upon the recommendation of the Committee on Order of Business, the Congressional list the Committee elected as a conference committee on the subject of fusion, as follows: First District, Geo. W. Monteith; Second District, Dr. Al Foreman; Third District, J. Aubrey Jones; Fourth District, Geo. D. Gillespie; Fifth District, J. W. Hines; Sixth District, W. P. Netherton; Seventh District, J. S. Dorr.

DANGER OF FALLING APART.

Before the convention opened this morning, the situation was very strained. In fact, the strain in some quarters was almost more than the fabric could bear, and a rent is not improbable. The two factions are irreconcilable and although the fusionists are in control, there is grave danger that the antis will yet walk out and hold a convention of their own and name a full straight ticket with probably J. V. Webster for Governor.

The anti-fusionists are saying some bitter things. They charge that the Populist party has been by some of the leaders put up at auction and sold for a few promised political plums. The anti-fusionists declare that the political plums to be distributed by Maguire will never reach market, if the crop depends on their votes. Fusion, they say, means a loss of party identity and they will not submit. If there is not an open bolt made before the convention is over the political prophets are badly at sea.

CORNELL'S CHOICE WINS.

An Alameda man, Burdette Cornell, first caught the eye of the chairman in the convention. He said that he arose to place in nomination for temporary chairman a young man who was known throughout the State as a strong, stanch and ardent supporter of the principles of the People's Party.

"He has long held aloft the banner of our party," said Cornell in conclusion, "and he is in every way fitted to preside over the destinies of this important convention. He knows no faction, nor does he know any section. It is with pleasure, gentlemen, that I present to you for your consideration and votes, the name of E. L. Hutchinson of Los Angeles." And Alameda's choice won.

The vote on chairman of the convention was a surprise to the Alameda delegation. Twelve voted for Webster, the anti-fusionist, and eight for Hutchinson, the fusionist. It was thought that the vote stood the other way.

GREGORY WINS EASILY.

F. J. Gregory, the editor of Events, another Alamedan, felt very proud that there should be no opponent to his candidacy for secretary.

John Aubrey Jones was placed on the committee on organization and order of business, and Green Majors and Burdette Cornell on the committee on platform and resolutions.

Last night much anxiety was shown by the fusionists. The report of the Democratic State Central Committee meeting was received in which Governor Budd used some strong language.

FUSIONISTS ARE DOUBTFUL.

Maguire's opponents say he stands not the slightest chance, while his friends make little effort to conceal anxiety.

Since the vote for temporary chairman was taken in the convention, the situation has taken many turns. Then the fusionists claimed everything in sight and talked boastingly of having put the middle-of-the-roadsters to rest permanently. They half expected to see their opponents walk out of the convention hall, and would not have been sorry had they done so, but after the long recess, when it was found that the anti-fusionists were in their seats and not showing the least disposition to admit defeat, the Maguires became apprehensive.

A. A. Bretz of Oakland has only made one speech so far. In very strong language he denounced fusion and the Oregon platform. Delegate Batton of Oakland is not very sanguine. He expects to elect none of the candidates, he said, but only to make a stand for Populist principles.

The caucus of fusionists settled the question of what fusion really is. They formulated and accepted the following definition:

DEFINITION OF FUSION.

"Resolved, That 'fusion' means the nomination of the strongest man for the office who will stand on the Populist platform and who represents truly the doctrines termed 'middle-of-the-road.' We ardently desire all who are interested in the dominance of Populist principles to join us in the middle-of-the-road march."

John Aubrey Jones is doing everything possible to secure the nomination for Congress from the Third District.

OUR TROOPS ARE THREATENED WITH YELLOW FEVER.

(Continued from page 1.)

geon in charge of the medical department of Shafter's army, but if they relate to fever, he will not say. It is known, however, that the Surgeon General is engaging the services of immune doctors and nurses for work in the hospitals.

Dr. Sternberg thinks it unwise to discuss questions relating to the health o ftroops, as this may only give rise to apprehension, in many cases unwarranted, to their friends at home.

Surgeon General Van Reypen of the Navy Department stated that no reports had come as to any cases of fever among the naval forces at Santiago. The marine garrison at Guantanamo is about the only land force coming immediately under Dr. Van Reypen's supervision, and as to this force the reports are entirely satisfactory up to date. The Surgeon General received word that the naval hospital ship Solace sailed yesterday for Newport News with her load of wounded soldiers and sailors of the Spaniards as well as Americans. She will reach Newport News in about three days.

MORE YELLOW FEVER.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The War Department this afternoon made public the following statement concerning the condition of things in the hospitals near Santiago:

"On the 11th of July a telegram was received from Lieutenant Colonel Pope, chief surgeon of Shafter's army, informing the Surgeon General that there were fourteen cases of yellow fever in the field hospital which had been established for the care of such cases. Since that time information has been received that a number of additional cases have occurred. Every effort will be made to arrest the progress of the disease by the establishment of isolation hospitals in which the sick will be treated by immune surgeons and cared for by immune nurses."

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BLANCO PROTESTS AGAINST PEACE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LONDON, July 13.—A special dispatch from Madrid published this afternoon says Captain-General Blanco has replied to the Spanish government's reiterated representations in regard to peace by energetically protesting against the idea of peace. The Captain-General says the report that the government has resolved to negotiate with the United States has a deplorable effect, especially among the troops. He adds that a deputation of officers chosen by the army had begged him to convey to the government his protests against any propositions for peace, claiming that nothing can justify a cessation o fhostilities at the present.

Continuing, General Blanco says:

"The army has only just come into action, and thus far cannot be said to have suffered a reverse, although outnumbered by a far stronger force. The deputation declares that so long as it is not conclusively proved that the troops are incapable of successfully defending Cuba, Spain cannot talk of peace without dishonoring the army in the eyes of the world. The Cuban volunteers are even more violent opponents of peace. They declare they will not recognize any agreement concluded under the present conditions, and that even deserted by Spain they will continue the war themselves."

RESIGNATION OF SPANISH CABINET.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

MADRID, July 13, (Noon.)—The government continues the assurances to the effect that the Ministers are not taking part in any negotiations which may be proceeding.

The Correspondencia (independent and semi-official) says:

"There is an enormous difference between the concessions which Spain is willing to make and the demands of the Americans.

"Peace is impossible until a Spanish victory has lowered the pride of the Americans or another disaster forces Spain to make concession."

GENERAL ASSAULT TO BE MADE ON SANTIAGO

WASHINGTON, July 13.—It was nearly 2 o'clock when the war conference at the White House broke up today.

General Miles' telegram stated that the Spaniards have several times sent in flags of truce asking for a reconsideration of the terms of the capitulation but so far have refused to consider unconditional surrender, which had been demanded by General Shafter.

It is known that General Shafter and his advisers have come to the conclusion that the enemy has no idea of coming to our terms, and the repeated hoisting of the flag of truce is done with the single purpose of delaying a decisive engagement. It is believed that today's conference decided that orders be sent Generals Miles and Shafter to make a general assault upon the enemy's works as soon as the weather permitted.

It is understood that this assault will necessarily cost many lives, and it seems equally certain that to keep the men much longer in the trenches under the present weather conditions would be almost as disastrous to our forces as a general engagement.

It is also believed that unless there is improvement in climatic conditions, the fall of Santiago and the surrender of the Spanish army there will close the campaign against Cuba until the rainy season shall have passed. Whether this will involve the return of the army to the United States is not known, but the presumption is that with the fall of Santiago the army will be re-embarked on transports and sent to the United States, where the troops will remain until October or even later before making a general movement on Porto Rico or Havana. Meantime our fleets would maintain a strong blockade of all the important Cuban ports, and thus render their occupation much easier.

It is thought that this plan has not been fully decided upon, but it is known that it has been under discussion.

Reports from the front show that the fleet off Santiago is almost powerless to aid the land forces in the assault upon the city. The guns of Morro, it seems, cannot be reached by our heavy artillery, on account of the elevation, and on account of the danger to our fleet from that source it is not deemed advisable to come within effective distance of the city, seven or eight miles beyond.

DEWEY SCARED THE GERMAN.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The Navy Department has received from Admiral Dewey the following dispatch:

"Aguinaldo informs me his troops have taken all of Subic bay ports except Isla Grande, which he was prevented from taking by the German man-of-war Irene. On July 7th the Raleigh and Concord went there; they took the island and about 300 men with arms and ammunition. No resistance. The Irene retired from the bay on their arrival. I shall send the Boston to Cape Enguano about July 10th to secure another detachment. It is not practicable to send to Guan. No troop vessels available.

"DEWEY."

ITALIAN FLEET TO ATTACK COLUMBIA.

CARACAS, Venezuela, July 13.—The Italian squadron under Admiral Candiana left La Guayara on Monday for Carthagena, Colombia, in order to sieze the custom house there for the non-execution of the Cerruti claim.

SLAUGHTER OF CHINESE TROOPS BY THE REBELS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CANTON, July 13.—Owing to the defeat of the imperial troops near Woo Chow, a thousand picked braves have been dispatched there, convoyed by two gunboats.

The Prefect of Woo Chow reports the imperial losses to be 1,500 killed, and adds that unless he is reinforced before Friday he will be forced to surrender.

The rebels declare their intention to overthrow the Manchu rule, and they promise ample reward to each locality supplying recruits.

The rebels are in camp two or three miles east of Woo Chow. They expect to advance today or tomorrow.

It is reported that the French Minister has informed the Government at Peking that France may be obliged to interfere by force of arms, owing to the menace to French commercial interests in the sounthern provinces.

Careful Washing

adds life to your collars, cuffs and shirts. You know how poor laundries treat clothes—are you tired of it?

THE OAKLAND LAUNDRY CO.

690 Twenty-Ninth Street.

Tel. 816.

A FINE AMATEUR PERFORMANCE.

"Betwixt Love and Duty" Will Be Played at the Dietz Thursday Evening.

At Dietz' Opera House, tomorrow night, there will be a grand presentation of the interesting melodrama, "Betwixt Love and Duty." The piece will be produced by the Lyceum Stock Company, which has heretofore appeared in a number of clever amateur dramatic productions. The piece will be strongly cast, and an excellent performance is expected.

A. O. H. No. 6 Entertains.

This evening, at California Hall, on Clay street, there will be an open meeting of the new division of the A. O. H., No. 6. Dr. J. M. Kane will preside, and P. N. Hanrahan will deliver an address on "The A. O. H. of America: Its Objects and Its Future."

Davis Meeting at Temescal.

There will be a meeting in Temescal to-morrow night in the interests of W. R. Davis' candidacy for Governor. It will be held in the hall at the junction of Telegraph and Shattuck avenues. Mr. Davis will be the principal speaker.

WHY HAWKETT EXAMINED THE ASSESSMENT.

Acted For Supervisors Talcott and Church.

Valuations on Water Front and Libraries Needed.

The Supervisors sitting as a Board of Equalization, this morning, heard only one application, that of E. Booth, to reduce the assessment on personal property from $500 to $1. The applicant showed that the property in question, though occupying his premises, belonged to an absent person. The request was granted.

Then Supervisor Talcott read the following letter, which is self-explanatory and which was addressed to himself:

"I notice in Tuesday's Enquirer, the following: 'There was no application presented during the forenoon from any taxpayer, and the Board of Equalization took a recess until 2 o'clock. Meanwhile, W. G. Hawkett, who is supposed to be employed by the Supervisors to index the old records was occupied during a portion of the day taking from Assessor Dalton's rolls descriptions of Oakland Water Front property. Hawkett, Leckie and Rod Church did this kind of preliminary work last year for the corporations. When asked to-day why he was so employed, Mr. Hawkett stated that he was taking of descriptions for the Supervisors. Just why they wanted such memoranda, he did not explain.'

"Generally, I do not care what newspapers say about me, because I consider the motive. But, in this case, in justice to myself and to the Board of Supervisors, I shall say something. I am accused of abusing my position under you by doing work for other people. I have looked at Mr. Dalton's rolls three times, once to look at my own assessment and twice for members of the Board of Supervisors as they can testify. I have not taken off from said rolls any information for any one nor have I given any one any information. The article also insinuates that I lied when I said I was taking off descriptions for the Supervisors and you personally know that I did not lie.

"I am accused by the Enquirer and Examiner of abusing my position under you, and in justice to myself I would like to have you investigate the matter, and my resignation is at your disposal if I have in any way neglected or abused my position. But, if you find that I have done my work faithfully and was acting under orders of the Supervisors, I wish you would contradict the above quoted article in some manner. Yours respectfully,

"W. G. HAWKETT."

Commenting on the letter, Mr. Talcott said:

"I desire to state at this time that it was under my own personal order or request that Mr. Hawkett was taking off the rolls the description of the water front property, and as he states it was done at my request. I want to testify that so far as I can see Mr. Hawkett has done his duty. It seems too bad for him to be treated in this way. It seems to be carelessness or inattention on the part of the reporter, whoever he may have been. When it was announced that $600,000 worth of property had been put on the roll that had been left for the previous three years, I was anxious to see where it was located. I believe it was my duty to do so. If heretofore any property has been left off the assessment, we're entitled to know it and I think the county is entitled to the benefit. That's my reason for requesting Mr. Hawkett to take off those descriptions. If the Board feels that he had no right to comply with the request I would be glad to hear it."

Supervisor Church stated that as a member of the Board of Supervisors he had had occasion to look into the assessment of some of the law libraries of this city. He had found that the library of Davis & Hill was assessed at $300.

"If the library of Davis & Hill is worth only $300 I would like to buy it for that amount. I asked Mr. Hawkett to look into the assessment of a number of other law libraries in this city. I don't think that I exceeded my authority or my duty as a member of this Board of Supervisors, either."

Supervisor Roeth, who was temporarily in the chair, said that it might be well to have the fact appear on the records that the action the Supervisors took in regard to the examination of the rolls was endorsed by the Board.

"I don't think it necessary," said Supervisor Church. "Hawkett is under the exclusive employment of the Board of Supervisors. Every member can ask Hawkett to go to China tomorrow, if necessary to do work for the Supervisors. We have a right to ask him to see how things appear on these rolls."

"I don't think it necessary," said Mr. Talcott, "to have authority, when, as a Supervisor, I want to look into the records in this building. I am satisfied to stand on the merits of the case. No member of the Board would object to it. They are all reasonable men."

"I have a motion," said Mr. Church. "I move that it be the sentiment of this Board that Mr. Hawkett did not exceed any authority that he has in looking over the records at the request of this Board."

"Is that necessary?" inquired Mr. Wells.

"Mr. Hawkett," explained acting chairman Roeth, "was in this room at the time and happened to be asked to get the information desired. It was a matter between the Supervisors and Mr. Hawkett. I don't know that it concerned other people. I was very sorry to see it brought out that way in the papers."

"I don't think we'll want Mr. Hawkett's resignation," exclaimed Mr. Mitchell.

Hawkett's communication was filed and the Board stood adjourned till tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

YESTERDAY'S WORK.

At yesterday afternoon's meeting of the Board of Equalization no important reductions were asked for.

Charles McCall filed a protest against his assessment that he had been assessed twice. Ellen G. Lafferty filed an application for the reduction from $1,200 to $800 on the assessed valuation of lots 23 and 24, block 8, of Kellersberger's map. Jane Newton filed an application for the reduction from $15,000 to $10,000 on 9 9-10 acres of land on Peralta Heights near Lakeshore avenue.

Mrs. Lagerty was the first petitioner to be heard. Her property was in the neighborhood of First and Franklin streets, and Assessor Dalton agreed that the assessment was a little high, and if his attention had been called to it earlier he would have made the desired reduction. By a unanimous vote the reduction was made.

McCall's protest was decided upon favorably by a unanimous vote.

The Newton application was next heard. Newton said that a part of the assessment was all right, but that at least three acres of the land were worthless. The Assessor stated that the assessment was lower this year than last. Supervisor Roeth moved to reduce the assessment to $12,000 and Wells moved to deny the application. Talcott seconded Wells' motion, which failed to carry by Mitchell, Roeth and Church opposing. On Supervisor Church's motion, the reduction was made to $14,000 by Roeth, Mitchell and Wells voting aye.

The Board then adjourned until 10 A. M. Wednesday.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The Board of Supervisors met this morning and, after voting relief to Mary Cahill, a mother with nine children, adjourned till 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

WOMEN MUST SEW FOR THE SOLDIERS.

Hospital Necessities Wanted By State Red Cross Society.

The Red Cross has issued a special appeal for women to meet at Brigade Hall in the First Presbyterian Church to make surgical shirts, chest protectors, etc. Flannel, old shoes, etc should be sent to the Red Cross headquarters. The State Society will send out four nurses on the next expedition and these nurses will have tents and supplies to begin the work at Manila.

Mrs. Van Pelt announced that the Tennessee regiment had now been furnished with its full quota of mess tents.

Mrs. Gelwicks chairman of the Hospital Committee reported that sickness was on the increase at Camp Merritt and the surgeons were on the decrease. Delicacies were still needed. Supplies had been provided the transports. Mrs. Marcuse was fixing up a box for the City of Puebla. At Camp Barrett, medicine is needed although there is no serious illness at the camp. It was decided to send cordials to the soldiers. Mrs. Cushing also reported giving the Tennessee men assistance in the shape of food and clothing. Towels are needed at Camp Barrett.

Mrs. Irene Gibson of the Ladies' Aid, an auxiliary to the Oakland companies at Camp Barrett, reported sending shoes to the boys and making them comfort bags and handkerchiefs for the soldiers. The Red Cross decided to give aid to Company F of Oakland today. Mrs. Abbott appealed for old shoes for the soldiers.

Mrs. Van Pelt announced that arrangements for the Red Cross benefit at the Macdonough by the Tennessee regiment are almost complete. The programme would include whistling airs, a boxing contest, music, etc. Mrs. Requa will have charge of furnishing the soldiers with a supper.

Mrs. Marcuse reported that the Jewish ladies will send a box on the Puebla containing $50 worth of supplies for the Red Cross. She also said that Sol Kahn had sent 200 pillows to Camp Barrett.

The Red Cross Society will in the future send all supplies for the soldiers on transports by regular agents. This is due to the charges made by the soldiers on board the transport China that the supplies were being charged for. Irwin McDowell Hoyt made specific charges in a letter to his mother in this city and as he is aboard the transport, it is believed that the charges are true.

K. A. HUGHSON IS MENTALLY UNSTRUNG.

K. A. Hughson, who was taken seriously ill after his hard work on the Fourth of July committee, is no better, and it is now feared that his mental derangement will be permanent. He is not as nervous or as restless as he was at first, but his mind is still clouded. He remains quiet, and when addressed will answer in a light jocular strain. It is believed that all danger of brain fever is now passed and all that remains to be done is to restore the mental faculties now so strangely disarranged.

Board of Works Meets.

The Board of Public Works met in regular session this morning with Commissioners Thomas and Clement present. Very little business of importance came before the Board, which adjourned after disposing of the following resolutions:

Resolutions of the Council directing the Board to place a flush tank at the head of the Poplar street sewer and directing the Board to repair Telegraph avenue with bitumen at a cost not to exceed $499. These were referred to the Superintendent of Streets.

Funeral of H. F. Crane.

The funeral of Henry F. Crane, the attorney, took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late residence, 1712 Thirteenth avenue, and was largely attended by old friends. The remains were taken to San Francisco for interment.

DIED.

MACY—In East Oakland, July 12, 1898, Susana Macy, wife of David F. Macy and mother of Rafael, Lupie and Vesta Macy, a native of San Francisco, aged 46 years and 6 months.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

LOST—List of names for "Children's Home Finding Society." Suitable reward on return to this office.

YOUNG GIRL wanted to assist with light housework and take care of baby. Apply at 970 Tenth st., cor. Filbert.

LOST—June 8th, black spaniel bitch; answers to name of "Jones." Reward paid and no questions asked if returned to 1165 Jackson st.

WANTED—A young lady canvasser; steady employment if suited; either commission or salary. Call between 9 and 10. Oakland Printing Co., 565 Broadway.

MRS. L. REQUA WAS GIVEN A BIG OVATION.

The Red Cross Society Cheers Her Noble Work.

Great Enthusiasm Shown on Presentation of Her Report.

Mrs. Isaac L. Requa was given an ovation by the Red Cross Society this morning when she made her report as chairman of the emergency committee, which has been serving luncheons to the soldiers at the ferry. She was given a rising vote of thanks and three cheers. Her report was as follows:

I beg to present the following report of your emergency committee up to date. The work has been so comprehensive and far reaching that a detailed account of it would be an impossibility. The magnitude of the task undertaken has required an immense aggregate of individual effort, an account of which could not possibly have been kept, even with the assistance of two secretaries.

The enormous undertaking of the Government in sending a large army across the ocean, very early threw an unexpected volume of work on the emergency committee. There were very inadequate transportation facilities. The soldiers arrived after an exceptionally hard trip, on which it had been almost impossible to supply them with regular army rations. Very many of the regiments remained on the Oakland side all night, crossing the bay in the early morning. There was a three hours' march before them to reach camp, and the men would have had neither supper, breakfast nor lunch but for the efforts of the emergency committee.

Your committee beg to report that the feeding of the soldiers was made possible in the following manner: By donations of money from the Red Cross Society, by donations of money from individuals and by regular contributions of food and provisions by our generous ladies.

We present the following general statement: Cash received in sundry amounts, $772.70; cash paid out, $732.20. There are some bills, amounting to about $60, to be settled.

It is an utter impossibility to reduce to a financial basis the immense quantity of provisions placed at our disposal by the great generosity of the people of Alameda county. There have been sent us tons of sandwiches, tons of fruit, and cans by the hundreds of dozens, for our good people have in reality fed an army.

We realized quite early that we had to deal with very hungry men, with soldiers who had not had fresh meat for days. So our main item of expense soon became a hot stew, which was most keenly enjoyed by the tired, hungry men. Five sheep were required each day to make the stew. The ladies of the emergency committee were often on duty from the first boat in the morning till the last boat at night.

In the nine weeks which closed last Saturday, the emergency committee fed each day, on an average, about 250 soldiers. The work was done entirely in the true spirit of the Red Cross—a sincere desire to help the country by ministering to its soldiers. While this is true, it has, at the same time, been a source of great advertisement for the entire State of California.

We beg to call your attention to the fact that the Alameda county table was in order for the soldiers at all hours of the day and late into the night. Soldiers coming from camp have been here—they have been for the most part sick men, who needed better fare than coarse army food. Lunches in large quantities have been prepared for the outgoing transports—2,500 beautifully prepared lunches being sent to the second expedition alone. Advices received since from Honolulu assure us how necessary that work was.

The ladies rose to each emergency, and were not dismayed by the tremendous character of the undertaking. As many as 1,400 men a day have been fed. Often troops arrived unexpectedly, and it was hard to make proper provision, but in every case the emergency has been met. I would like to call your attention to one phase of the work of the past nine weeks—to the hospital work.

The men arrived from their long journey in many cases wretchedly ill. A number of men had measles. There were many cases of incipient pneumonia. In every instance remedies were applied and prompt care taken of the sufferer. One man arrived with most distressing carbuncles. A doctor attended him, dressed the wounds, and, the young man having stated that he had an uncle in San Francisco, that relative was immediately hunted up, even though the hour was late. The committee had the satisfaction of seeing him in a comfortable home and among relatives before they took the last boat for their own homes.

Much might be said of the generosity of many women on the committee, as various needs came before them. In coming across the continent, one of the cars burned, leaving the men without clothes. On reaching San Francisco the clothes were provided, extra underwear was purchased, and the men thus made comfortable were fed with the others. These instances are given mainly to show the varied character of the work of the past nine weeks.

Nine weeks ago the Oakland ladies were asked by Mrs. William H. Mills to assist in feeding the soldiers. They promptly agreed, and since then their beautifully decorated table, and the cordiality of their welcome, have been one of the bright features of war time. The necessity for their work at the ferry being apparently over, the ladies gave up that part of it on last Saturday evening. Late in the afternoon, however, a telegram was received by the chairman, announcing the arrival of 300 Pennsylvania recruits, who would remain at the pier all night and would have neither supper or breakfast unless the emergency committee could attend to them. The chairman gave orders that they were to be fed at the restaurant at the pier, and when they arrived at midnight a hot supper was served to them.

The work has brought out a rare response from the entire community—from little Tommy Winn, who brought in "the nickel he had saved up for the soldiers," to the hundred dollar donation of the prosperous citizen.

Most of all the success of the work has been due to the noble efforts of the loyal women of our county. They have been faithful and untiring in their work on the committees. The women of Oakland have been nobly generous in providing food for the table, thus making it possible for its chairman to cordially welcome the hungry, tired boys in blue.

In the days to come, the soldier will remember with pleasure the cordial welcome to California made possible by the kind efforts of our noble women.

For their generous support, the chairman begs to offer, for herself and for the committee generally, her heartfelt thanks. They have done what they could to aid the cause of their country.

The above expresses but faintly much of the good work done—and it has been impossible to specialize individual effort, there was so much of it. Respectfully submitting the report, I am, Madame President, yours very truly,

MRS. ISAAC L. REQUA,
Chairman Emergency Committee.

Mrs. Granville Abbott, the president, at the close of the report, and when the cheers had died away, complimented Mrs. Requa personally, declaring that she had done a work that would be a matter of war time history and would forever add to the renown of California. Mrs. Requa, she added, had given not only of her time, but also had most generously given of her money.

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Tribune Classified is a Short Cut to the Buying Public.
Tribune Classified is an easy priced advertising medium in every department.

RATES.

One cent per word for 1 insertion.
Two cents per word for 3 insertions.
Two and one-half cents per word for 6 insertions.

Line rate per month.....50c

SITUATIONS WANTED.

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1c per word for 3 insertions.
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For discounts on term contracts, address
ADVERTISING MANAGER TRIBUNE.

BUSINESS PERSONALS

CASTRO'S TAMALES are first class; furnished banquets and lodges. 617 San Pablo ave.

FURNITURE WANTED—We will give you more cash for your furniture and household goods than you can get anywhere. J. A. Munro & Co., 1517-19 Park st., Alameda, general auctioneers. Tel. red 423.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

ROOMS AND OFFICES—Bath; no transients. 1055 Washington st.

TO LET—Furnished sunny rooms, with range, for housekeeping. 30 Telegraph avenue.

A TENANT WANTED for two completely furnished housekeeping rooms; rent reasonable. Apply 1011 Webster st.

TWO large corner rooms; light housekeeping permitted. 658 Eighth st., cor. Grove.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished, sunny room, with or without board; references. 1144 Filbert st.

TRUNKS MOVED, 25c each. 424 Tenth st.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET

LARGE unfurnished front suite with carpet, $12. 1229 Broadway.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

Cottages cheaper than single room rent; two, three, four and five room modern cottages, large yards, with or without stables, only ten minutes' ride out Telegraph ave. or Grove st. electric car lines; rent $5.50, $7.50, $8, $9 and $10, city water included. Apply to
R. J. MONTGOMERY,
1112 Broadway, - - Oakland.

EXCHANGE for rent a beautiful cottage in East Oakland for a cottage or flat in West Oakland. 1114 East Nineteenth st.

ELMHURST—Seven room house on electric car line near Jones ave.; well and city water; stable; fruit; shade trees and flower garden; cement and gravel road and walks. Inquire of Mrs. E. J. Haney, Elmhurst.

FLATS TO RENT.

LOWER FLAT of three rooms, furnished for housekeeping. 556 Charter st.

FOR RENT—Upper floor; three rooms, bath; no children; rent reasonable. 868 Castro st.

TO LET, FURNISHED—Upper flat of six rooms, furnished for housekeeping; rent only $12. Apply 2028 Market st., near San Pablo ave.

HALLS TO LET.

A HALL FOR RENT—Centrally located on the east side of Clay st. bet Eleventh and Twelfth. Apply to 529 Eleventh st., Oakland.

GRAND ARMY HALL to let. Apply to C. Jurgens, 1116 Broadway.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At a bargain; a four room modern cottage with lot 27½x118 ft.; on Twenty-third ave.; near two electric car lines; good location; street work all done; price $1,200; mortgage of $780 may be assumed. Albert Schmidt, 1122 Thirteenth ave., East Oakland

OFFICE TO RENT.

SUNNY OFFICES and rooms to let, with or without board; reasonable rates. 1118 Broadway.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Between Oakland and Camp Barrett, large basket containing tablecloths and quilt. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving same at 839 Franklin st., Oakland.

LOST—Scotch collie dog; hair yellow, brown and black mixed; white breast. Liberal reward if returned to 1062 Seventh ave., East Oakland.

EDUCATIONAL.

FRENCH and Spanish lessons given by a competent teacher; single lessons, $2 per month, two lessons a week; reductions made to classes. Room 47, Arlington Hotel.

WANTED—MISCELLANOUS.

WANTED—A restaurant in Oakland where about 60 per cent of meat can be procured three times a week, suitable to feed dogs; will pay well. Address C. E. J., Fruitvale.

OCULISTS.

HAYWARD G. THOMAS, M. D.; office Central Bank building, Fourteenth and Broadway; hours 10 to 4.

DRESSMAKERS.

DRESSMAKING and millinery parlors, 516 Eleventh st., rooms 1 and 2; stylish suits, $5; country orders solicited.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FIRST CLASS BAKERY for sale cheap; good oven; fine counter trade; small rent; reason for selling, sickness; or would take a partner. Address Bakery, box 3, this office.

$100 WILL MAKE $500 to $1,000 in stock speculation (through your own broker); will impart information for 20 per cent of net profit after made; confidential; prompt action imperative. "Insider," room 39, 138 Nassau st., New York.

FOR SALE—A-1 fruit stand; best location in town; must be sold immediately. Address P. T., box 6, this office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos, horses, live stock, merchandise, machinery, etc., by private party. King's, 421 Ninth st., near Broadway.

HAIR DRESSERS.

THEATRICAL WIGS—Artistic wig making to order. Mrs. L. C. Marvin, 1159 Washington st.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

HOLLAND'S Employment Office—Registration free. Mrs. T. J. Holland, 512 Fifteenth st., Oakland. Help of every kind and nationality.

A FIRST CLASS COOK wishes situation; good baker; best of references. A. A., box 2, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED by competent Protestant woman to do second work and sewing or attend in sickness. Address Mrs. M., box 1, this office.

SITUATION WANTED by a respectable girl to do housework or second work, city or country; no objection to small washing. Address 516 Sixth st., Oakland.

GIRL wishes situation to do housework and cooking; good references. Call at 487 Twenty-fifth st.

MRS. CATTELL'S Reliable Employment Bureau; established many years; 623 Eighth st.; only referenced help sent out; German, Scandinavian and all nationalities on hand; male and female; telephone 1261 black.

PRIVATE Employment Office—Mrs. L. C. Marvin, removed to 1159 Washington st.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A German and Swedish girl, also girls of all nationalities, at Mrs. W. M. Sanford's Fidelity Employment Office, 847 Broadway.

WANTED—A young girl, foreigner preferred, to assist with cooking and housework. Call 1125 Adeline st., Wednesday and Thursday, at meal hours.

WANTED—A first class cook, wages $30; a girl for general housework, wages $25; a competent nurse for infants, woman preferred, wages $25. Call at Marvin's Hair Store, 1159 Washington st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—A position by young man to work for his board and lodging nights and mornings; understands gardening and care of horses; a practical plumber. Address A. P., box 4, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED by a reliable young man (German) to care for horses, cows and to do general work. Address German, box 2, this office.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—At Kinkel's Bakery, 40 San Pablo ave., a boy to assist in the bakery.

ATTORNEYS.

C. H. TEBBS, Attorney-at-Law, 1008½ Broadway, rooms 25-27.

HAROLD L. MARTIN and W. J. ROBINSON, Attorneys-at-Law, 921 Broadway, room 15.

BREARTY & WHITE, Attorneys-at-Law, 1004 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

BROOKS & HARGIS, Attorneys-at-Law, Parrott bldg., San Francisco. Telephone Jessie 601.

A. L. & P. C. BLACK—Attorneys-at-Law, Room No. 6, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.; with John Yule.

PHIL M. WALSH, Attorney-at-Law, City Justices' Court building, S. E. corner Broadway and Eighth sts.

GEORGE W. LANGAN, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Livermore, Cal.; practices in all courts.

BEN F. WOOLNER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law and Notary Public, 1005½ Broadway, rooms 7 and 8.

CLINTON G. DODGE, rooms 15 and 16, 908 Broadway.

FOX & GRAY, Attorneys-at-Law, Pacific Mutual building, entrance 6, fourth floor, San Francisco.

FRICK & GOODCHELL, Attorneys-at-Law, Blake & Moffitt building, rooms 49-52.

GEORGE E. DE GOLIA, 967 Broadway, northeast corner of Ninth st., Oakland, room 2, telephone No. 68.

JOHNSON & SHAW, Law Office, 921 Broadway, rooms 2, 3 and 5.

MELVIN C. CHAPMAN, Attorney-at-Law, has removed to 908 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

SNOOK & CHURCH, Attorneys-at-Law, room 3, District Attorney's office, Court House.

NYE & KINSELL, Attorneys-at-Law, 951 Broadway.

R. M. FITZGERALD, Attorney-at-Law, 854½ Broadway, rooms 1 and 2, Oakland.

SAMUEL BELL McKEE JR., Attorney-at-Law, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

MEDICAL.

A BLESSING to ladies suffering from irregularities and diseases peculiar to their sex; latest improved method of treatment; never fails; perfectly harmless; free from any bad effects; never makes them sick to make them well; travelers helped immediately; prices to suit the times; home in confinement. Dr. and Mrs. Davies, 59 McAllister st., corner McAllister st.; consult free. French regulating pink pills, $2.

DR. C. C. O'DONNELL—Office and residence, 1206 Market st., San Francisco; office hours, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.; particular attention paid to diseases of women and children.

PHYSICIANS' DIRECTORY.

DR. E. J. BLAIR, physician and surgeon; residence and office 667 Fourteenth st.; hours 8 to 10 A. M. and 7:30 to 9 P. M.; telephone main 155.

D. D. CROWLEY, M. D., surgeon; office Central block, 1062 Broadway, Oakland.

HYPNOTISM.

HYPNOTISM—Sick subject wanted; fare paid; Thursdays. 2267 Clinton ave., cor. Oak, Alameda.

CLAIRVOYANTS

JUST ARRIVED—Madame Simmons of New York, acknowledged by press and public the greatest clairvoyant and magnetic healer in the United States; past, present and future revealed; great on love and business; all who are in trouble should consult with me and I will show you a way out of your difficulty; so don't fail to see me. 906 Washington st., Denver House, rooms 1 and 2.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Gasoline stove with oven attached; fine for camping. 615 Fifteenth st.

FOR SALE—TEN R.I.P.A.N.S. for 5 cents at druggists; one gives relief.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, or will trade—Two lots on Mountain View ave., Elmhurst; 50x141 each; situated three blocks from power house. Address D. G., box 1, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.,
OAKLAND.

CHOICE PROPERTIES AT HALF THEIR VALUE.

$4,000—A home in Fruitvale, 1½ acres of land highly cultivated. Choice flowers, shrubs and fruit trees. House of nine rooms and modern improvements. Convenient to electric cars and local trains. First class surroundings. Delightful climate. $1,000 cash. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

$5,000—Beautiful residence on Hobart st.; modern nine room house; large lot; fine grounds; in perfect condition. A great bargain. Will take one-half in other property. No incumbrance. Owner a non-resident and does not wish the care of large property. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

$750—Reduced from $1,400. A new cottage home on Hannah st, near B. Sunny house of five rooms and high basement finished. Chicken houses, etc. Lot 25x133. Fine chance for workingman to own his own home. Near local trains and cable cars. Terms $100 cash. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

$50 per front foot—Fine building lots on Harrison st. north of Fourteenth st. Great bargain. Apply immediately. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

$60,000—Business property; fine three story brick, paying 5 per cent net on the investment. In center of the best business portion of the city. Lot 100 feet square. Will take one-half in other good properties, balance cash or mortgage at low rate of interest. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

$3,000—A new house on Union st. near Twelfth. Very latest style of architecture. Complete in all appointments. $250 to $500 cash. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have $27,000 to loan on first class securities. None but good safe loans entertained. Parties desiring to loan or borrow money will find it to their advantage to apply to this office.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.,
OAKLAND.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR RESIDENCE IN OAKLAND OR SAN FRANCISCO OF EQUAL VALUE.

SONOMA COUNTY.

Two hundred and forty acres rolling and level land, magnificent ranch for stock and grain, four miles southwest of Calistoga, one mile over the line of Napa county into Sonoma county. This property consists of about seventy-five acres in heavy timber land, containing from 8,000 to 10,000 cords of wood, which can be sold upon the place for $2 per cord, the cost of cutting the same being $1.25 per cord, leaving a net balance of 75 cents per cord, or in the neighborhood of $6,000 to $7,000 worth of wood upon the property. The balance as follows:

Two fields fenced into about fifty acres each; one sown in grain; this year the other used as pasture, but the whole being adapted to grain; the balance of the land is adapted to anything that land will produce. There are ten acres in wine grapes, which produced four tons per acre this year.

Facing on Porter creek, a living stream which runs through the place for one-fourth of a mile the year round. Also affording good trout fishing; good family orchard of five or six acres with different varieties of fruit; also blackberries and other varieties of small fruits. A good house of six rooms with large parlor 16x16, with fine bedroom off of same 14x15; also two other bedrooms, 12x14; kitchen, dining room, etc. A magnificent stone milk house about 15x16; cost owner $500. The grounds around the place are covered with different varieties of choice rose bushes, shrubbery, etc. Water piped to house and over grounds. Barn capable of accommodating eight to ten horses; also sixty tons of hay and grain; chicken houses and outbuildings. This property was sold a few years ago for $15,000. The present price, $10,000, is what is is worth in cash. The location is unexcelled, being surrounded by a fine class of neighbors.

Note—The owner of this property has rented the place for a nominal sum cash rent in order to have the same well taken care of; also that he can get possession in the event of a sale or trade. This property can be used for a general stock, grain and poultry ranch, having a ready market for everything raised upon the place. All farming implements go with the place. Mortgage $4,800, which can run; interest paid to date. Will exchange equity for Oakland residence or unimproved Oakland lots. For full particulars apply to
J. W. LAYMANCE,
468 EIGHTH ST., - - Oakland.

$5,000—FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE; COST OWNER $8,000. TWO YEARS AGO; TWO AND ONE-HALF ACRES, FINELY IMPROVED, WITH CHOICE FRUIT TREES, SHRUBBERY, ETC.; NEW HOUSE OF EIGHT ROOMS; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; PROPERTY FREE FROM INCUMBRANCES; LOCATION OF PROPERTY NEAR SAN LEANDRO, IN THE MIDST OF FINE IMPROVEMENTS. FOR FULL PARTICULARS, APPLY

LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
460-462 EIGHTH ST., OAKLAND.

DENTISTS.

A FULL SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting; see our combination plate; thin as paper; warranted 10 years; teeth without plates; crown and bridge work our specialty; teeth implanted or transplanted; fillings, 50c; crowns, $3.50; all work painless and warranted. Chicago Dental Parlors, 24 Sixth st., S. F.

J. M. DUNN, D. D. S.—Dental parlors, 1108½ Broadway, rooms 14-16, Union National Bank building, Oakland, Cal.

HORSESHOER.

EDMUND GATES—Horse-shoer and blacksmith, San Leandro road, corner High st.; horses properly shod, $1.25; plain shoeing, $1; special attention paid to horses that wear out hind shoes too rapidly; light tire setting, 50c each; new steel buggy tires, per set, $5; all kinds of jobbing and repairing at reasonable rates.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

COTTON BROS. & CO., bridge builders and general contractors, engineers and builders of all kinds of bridge work; pile driving and wharf building. 478½ Tenth st., Oakland; telephone 512.

Special Notice.

All articles at H. Schellhaas' old store are selling at about half regular price; bedroom and parlor goods, wool mattresses, in fact household goods of all kinds. 408 Eleventh street, near Franklin. See our goods and prices. Folding beds, lounges, cot beds, camp chairs. Telephone 852 blue.

The well known and celebrated Eagle Brand liqueurs and cordials at Theo. Gier Co., sole agt.

James E. Pepper, a celebrated whisky, on sale by E. F. Thayer, 464 Eighth street.

FOURTH WARD REPUBLICANS HOLD SESSION

E. K. Taylor Delivers a Very Interesting Address.

C. E. Snook and Others Speak on the Affairs of the Party.

The Fourth Ward Republican Club held a largely attended and enthusiastic meeting at its headquarters, People's Hall, 767 Sixth street, last evening. Besides the several speakers the La Tippica Mandolin Club—Carl Hemming, Harry Rebino, Charley Rebino and Francis Bliss—was in attendance and helped materially to make the occasion an enjoyable one.

The regular order of business was dispensed with and Vice-President Getchel introduced the first speaker of the evening, E. K. Taylor of Alameda, who delivered an interesting address, in the course of which he said:

"The Republican party is certainly to be congratulated for having in line such a strong organization as the Fourth Ward Republican Club has proven itself to be. I am well aware of the good work done by this club in the last campaign. I am surprised to see such a goodly number turn out to listen to a man from Alameda. It is such interest as shown by your members that made the success of the last campaign. In Alameda we have a club of over 800 members, and as yet have not held a meeting. The party is certainly to be congratulated for having such a club in line as this one.

"Next to the honor of being a citizen of this grand Republic, where the flag has never been hauled down, is the honor of being a member of the Republican party. The party which has made our banner famous. To this party belongs the honor of having brought the flag safely and successfully through the late Civil War. Such was the character and breadth of mind of the leaders that when this cruel war was over they showed their magnanimity by pardoning the leaders of the rebellion.

"During the quarter of a century which followed, the advancement of the United States under the control of this great party was far greater than that of any other nation of the world. We taught the nations of the world.

"But there came a time when our people wanted a change, and the Democratic party was placed in power. The result was to disturb the trade conditions of the country; our financial system was unjointed and we were brought to a period of great depression due to the ill-advised Democratic administration.

"What did this administration give the people? Hard times, and as the number of people who were out of employment increased an army of unemployed, hungry men marched across this great country to Washington and there demanded in the halls of Congress that they be given work. And what did they get? The only measure which the Democratic Congress passed for their relief was that establishing a National Labor Day. These men asked for work that they might live, and they were given a holiday. Not a fitting tribute to pay to work-seeking men.

MCKINLEY'S ADMINISTRATION.

"Then came the change in the administration, the election of McKinley. This club aided materially in the election of McKinley because you believed a change for the better would result, otherwise you would not have backed the cause.

"With the election of McKinley came the promise of prosperity. Has this promise been fulfilled? In California we are still having hard times, owing to the failure of crops, but the party is not responsible for the lack of rains, but it is responsible for the high price of wheat, the party is responsible for wheat reaching the dollar mark, where the Democrats said it never would go.

"It was a well known cry of the Democratic party during the last campaign that wheat and silver were inseparable, that when wheat rose silver rose, when silver fell wheat fell, yet wheat has reached a price, since McKinley's election, never dreamed of and silver has depreciated almost as great an extent. The market conditions of one are not the market conditions of the other.

"Our party adopted the principles that the United States would pay its debts in good money. While the wave of prosperity has not engulfed us here as yet, reports from the Eastern States show you that the prosperity of the United States is assured. The Eastern people are enjoying that wave of prosperity now.

"We are on the eve of a State election and the Democrats will be throwing the question in our faces, 'where is your wave of prosperity?'

FACTS AND FIGURES.

Here the speaker read the following market reports, which show the improved condition of trade since the beginning of the present administration:

"'This nation faces war with reviving volume of business,' says Dun's Review. 'Firm and steady markets, with a stir in the outfitting trades, owing to the concentration and equipment of large bodies of troops, have been features of the week's business. Foreign exports were about $2,000,000, or 20 per cent larger than last year.'

"Dun's Review, April 9, 1898: 'Failures—Disasters in trade shown this week by separate branches of business for the month of March, and also the first quarter of 1898, make the best report that has been possible for five years. It is interesting to note that nearly all branches of business show surprising improvement.'

"The same journal, June 25th: 'Factors influencing the trade situation of the past week have been the passage of the war tax bill, the offering of bonds for sale, and the collapse of the Leiter deals. General features have been, according to Bradstreets, unprecedented foreign trade totals, involving heavily increased shipments of breadstuffs, provisions, raw cotton and manufactured products, profitable railway operations, as reflected in relatively heavier gains in net than in gross receipts; activity in nearly all lines of manufacturing except some textile branches; prices for most staples showing heavy advances over the preceding year; bank clearings exceeding all previous records at this date; a volume of new demand limited in the East and South to mid-summer dulness, but in the West and Northwest comparing favorably with records of previous years, and a low rate of business mortality.'"

"On Nov. 6, 1897, it said: 'Stronger proof of the great change in the condition of business could not be given than is found in the detailed report of failures by branches of business for the month of October. Though swelled by a few large speculative or brokerage failures, the aggregate was smaller than in any month for more than four years, except in July and August and one month in 1894.'

"Dun's Review, June 4, 1898: 'The improved state of general business is evidenced by the fact that during May the first full month of the actual war, there were fewer failures than in the corresponding month last year and nearly 10 per cent fewer than in May, 1896. Exports from New York begin June with an increase of 49 per cent, while imports decreased 35 per cent, this promising a continued influx of gold.'

INCREASE IN EXPORTS.

"These are not political speeches, but market reports which any one of you would go to for information.

"While our imports have decreased, our exports have increased, giving us the balance of trade. The large shipments of manufactured goods shows that Americans are able to compete with the world. Home manufactories being aided largely was one of the promises of the party, and we can now look any Democrat in the face and say these promises have been and are being fulfilled.

"Of course the conditions have been disturbed by the war being waged, not by the Republican party, but by the American people, under the direction of a Republican administration.

"The American flag fluttering from every school house, public building, as well as nearly every business house and home, gives the lie to that oft repeated statement that patriotism in the United States is dead.

WAR AND HAWAII.

"While many Democrats in Congress were urging the President to recognize the independence of the Cuban Republic, McKinley said the time had not arrived for that, we were not prepared for war and his wise statesmanlike ideas prevailed. The result is we can land our troops in that island now without asking the permission of anybody, and when we have won this war, which we have practically done already, we can then recognize the Cuban Republic. Before rushing into war, ships and munitions of war were purchased and the country prepared for conflict.

"We all know that the honorable Democratic Senator from this district was opposed to war, also to the annexation of Hawaii.

"Where could we have coaled our fleet if Great Britain or some other foreign power had taken possession of these islands? It would have been necessary for them to attempt the almost impossible task of transferring coal at sea.

"To the glory of the Republican party will it be said that, under the leadership of President McKinley, we annexed Hawaii, and the Stars and Stripes once raised there will never be hauled down.

"You cannot launch into war with a nation which for centuries has been at war with her own people and other nations and is prepared for it. It was necessary for us to prepare, for we are a peaceful nation. We had a statesman at the helm, and the conservativeness of the Republican party is responsible for the success of this war.

"It was a blessing to humanity that the Republican party was successful in the last campaign, for when this little island sent forth its piteous cry, these people who were driven into barbed wire enclosures and starved, because they had husbands, brothers and lovers who had dared to take up arms against Spain—I say, if the members of the Democratic Administration could have heard these cries, then this cruel suffering would have ended ere this; but they turned a deaf ear, and it was for the Republican Administration to take this most glorious step and spend our money for the cause of humanity.

"Some years ago, when we had a surplus in the United States Treasury, the question was asked, What shall we do with it? Many Republicans said, Let us build a navy with it. Democratic papers rebuked our people for building a navy, and said the whole thing was a job. The keels of the Oregon, New York and Minneapolis were laid during a Republican Administration, and the result was, when war was forced upon us, we had a few vessels we could use. The same party is responsible for the training of our gunners, yet the opposing party wanted to know the excuse for burning up powder at target practice. They were doing in time of peace what any General would do, and what is the result? Look at the battle at Manila, also at Santiago. These same people cried fraud in connection with the plates for the Oregon. They said her machinery was defective, but has any battleship ever built made such a run as did the Oregon, and then been ready to go into action and make such a record as our good ship did in the destruction of Spain's fleet?

"The original monitor was built by the Secretary of the Navy, and it revolutionized naval warfare. Today the same flag fluttering from the peak of the Olympia and the Brooklyn proclaims that the ships' gunners are the peer of the whole world.

PROSPERITY FOR CALIFORNIA.

"I believe we can see the dawning of the sun on a glorious day for California. The prospect is glorious. Commerce will spring up between our ports and Hawaii, and we will establish a commerce with Manila, all of which will come through the Golden Gate. Then the output of gold from Alaska will come this way.

"To the Republican party belongs the credit of having purchased Alaska, with its field of untold millions.

"Today there sits in Sacramento a Populist Convention which may nominate a Democrat, and the Democratic party will doubtless support the same nominee.

"You of the Fourth Ward Club have done your work well, and there is no earthly reason why we should not win this fight. It is possible that the Democratic party will attempt to elect the man who, when the ships of our navy seized the ships of Spain, said the acts of our sailors were those of pirates. We should oppose the candidacy of such a man. We should put on our armor and press forward to a certain Republican victory."

A vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Taylor for his eloquent and patriotic remarks.

ATTORNEY SNOOK SPEAKS.

District Attorney Snook was then called upon and spoke as follows:

"I did not come here tonight to address you, but more to listen to the speech of my brother, Mr. Taylor, and if you all feel as I do you will feel that he has ably and faithfully presented the history of the Republican party. He has ably portrayed to our minds what we all know to be true—the greatness of this grand party.

"During his speech a thought came to my mind which I think you all will appreciate. We were told during the Cleveland administration it would be necessary to borrow money to maintain the nation's credit. When the first issue was to be placed on the market we were told that the nation's credit was so low that in order to sell these bonds we would have to place them in the hands of Wall street brokers, which was done and they made millions out of the transaction. When the second issue was ready it was proposed that they should follow the same course as the first and we were told there was not sufficient money in the country to buy bonds, but the people rose up and cried, 'let us have a chance and we'll buy these bonds by popular subscription, for it is not necessary that they should go to Wall street.' The result was these bonds were sold at a great premium over the first issue and had the amount been four times as great the people were ready to preserve the credit of the country.

"When the Republican party took hold of the government we did not expect war; we were not prepared for it; we were at peace with the world, but when war as unavoidable and we were forced into it, every American citizen came to the front and the three hundred million bonds issued to raise money to carry on this war were not sent to Wall street to make the men of that place millionaires. The administration said, 'let us reduce the size of the bonds and give the people of smaller means a chance to invest.' What was the result? Were the bonds taken? Yes, and if the amount had been seven hundred millions, the money would have been forthcoming from the people. Were any men made millionaires by the bond issue of the Republican administration? No, the interest goes to our own people and helps to build up this great nation.

"The reason France is such a strong republic is that she owes nearly all the money of her debt to the people of her own country, and for this reason more than any other, was she able to pay the indemnity demanded by Germany and later maintain an army second only to that of Germany.

"We keep the money at home and give work to our own people and the profits do not go to Wall street. And yet the Democratic press said repeatedly during the last campaign that Wall street owned McKinley. Haven't we given the lie to that statement? We have most assuredly and at a time like this, when the country's flag is borne to glory at both sides of the world, and over the island annexed by the Republican administration, we show to foreign nations that when the United States is at war she is as a nation and not as a party. Ours is a nation of patriots and we will have an opportunity, at the coming election to show how we feel toward the present administration, for we will stand by our leaders."

After a vote of thanks had been extended to Mr. Snook the mandolin club gave several selections, winding up with the "Star Spangled Banner," which brought forth thunderous applause.

After the mandolin club had taken its departure Wm. H. O'Brien was called upon. He said he was always glad to appear and assist by giving a little talk to his fellow members, when no such learned speakers as those already listened to were present, but after listening to the discourses of Mr. Taylor and Mr. Snook, he felt there was little to say.

"All we can do is to stand by our colors," he said, "in the future as we have in the past and make this county what she has always been, the banner Republican county of the State."

Will D. Powers made a brief address which was to the effect that after listening to the speeches and music, all he had to say was "Those are my sentiments."

A recess of five minutes was then taken to allow new members to sign the roll, after which the meeting adjourned to meet at the same place two weeks later.

BERKELEY NEWS.

BERKELEY, July 13.—The department of pedagogy in the University of California has been uniformly successful this year in supplying teachers for vacancies in the different high schools of the State. Recent elections by school boards disclose the fact that Berkeley students are largely in demand as teachers and instructors. Within the last two days the following appointments have been reported:

James B. Hughes, graduate student, as principal of the Oroville High School.

Miss Georgia Reed, class of '93, as teacher of English, Latin and history in the Oakdale High School.

George B. Finnigan, class of '97, as teacher in the Nevada City High School.

Eugene Barker, class of '93, also in the Nevada City High School.

Miss Belle Ritchie, class of '97, as teacher of Latin, English and history in the Esparto High School.

William A. Wright as principal of the High School in Sutter City.

Albert C. Olney, class of '98, as vice principal of the Sonoma Valley Union High School.

J. W. Richards, president of the Board of Trustees has appointed a committee to raise funds to purchase flags for the new ferry boat which has been named after the college town.

The World and Gazette, evening papers published in Berkeley, have combined and will be published hereafter under one management. The new paper is called the Berkeley World-Gazette. The first issue under the new title appeared last evening.

E. W. Davis, secretary of the Board of Regents of the University of California, is seriously ill at his residence on Union street. The Board of Regents has granted a two months' leave of absence, but he will be unable to avail himself of a trip to the country, as his present condition will not permit a removal from the house.

Firemen Organize.

The firemen of the Western Division of the Southern Pacific Railroad will hold a second meeting for the purpose of organization tonight. It is the resurrection of the lodge of Brotherhood of Railway Firemen, which was wrecked by the A. R. U. strike in 1894. Until the present time no effort has been made to reorganize the order here. Some profess to see a political move in the meeting. It was secret and only lodge matters discussed.

Dr. Dille Will Lecture.

The Rev. E. R. Dille will give the ninety-eighth illustrated lecture under the auspices of the California Camera Club at Metropolitan Hall, San Francisco, next Friday evening. The lecture, which will be upon "Hawaii," will be illustrated by a large number of lantern slides.

INCIDENTS OF THE BLOCKADE NEAR HAVANA.

How Blockade Runner Was Sunk on the Fourth.

The Tribune's Special Leased Wire, Associated Press Dispatches by

NEW YORK, July 13.—In the following letter to George Newton of Newark, N. J., J. A. Manley, formerly of Bloomfield, N. J., but now a marine on the auxiliary cruiser Badger, stationed off Havana, gives an interesting account of the sinking the a Spanish blockade runner on the night of the Fourth of July.

"Last Monday night," writes Manley, "our lookout saw a stranger and we chased her for a while, then gave up, as our officers thought she was one of the blockade fleet trying to fool us. The converted yacht Hawk took a hand later on, and she chased her. Then the gunboat Castine took a hand in the game. It seems that they tried hard to make her come to, but her pilot knew his business and got along the coast and near to Mariel.

"Daylight appeared and we were signaled to come alongside the vessel. When we reached her we found she was a large four masted steamer, and rather than be caught she ran up high and dry on the beach. The Castine had cornered herself between a Spanish gunboat and the forts of Mariel. The Prairie tackled both, and by maneuvering nicely the Castine got out. She then blazed away at the blockade runner. Very soon the latter was a mass of fire and burned all day long.

"There were several explosions on her, and our officers feel confident that she was loaded with ammunition.

"The Amphitrite got here yesterday and will most probably try to do away with something before long.

"Two Spanish gunboats are dodging in and out of Mariel under protection, and if they ever overstep the bounds they will see their finish. The little Hawk is a very devil. She scouts along like a flying machine and goes right inclose, daring them to waste their ammunition. They evidently have none to waste, as they do not take any notice of her. We lay about eight miles from Morro Castle during the day and about four or five at night.

"We have no lights at all, and cannot be seen. We got in a little too close last night, and a searchlight from Morro dropped right on us. Of course we suddenly disappeared.

"The boys have great sport during leisure hours catching sharks. Several small ones have been caught, and the officers make a great run for the best souvenirs out of them."

ALAMEDA NEWS.

ALAMEDA, July 13.—The new City Hall is slowly settling, although it has been built for several years. The doors and windows have shown of late a tendency to hang in their casings, while a section of plaster has fallen from one of the ceilings. No serious danger is apprehended, however.

The Red Cross ladies will present Company G with a mess tent today, while a committee of other ladies will provide a fine lunch with which to christen the welcome gift.

The Alameda City Christian Endeavor Union has decided to undertake work at Camp Barrett and H. A. Wastell will have charge of it.

Dr. John T. McLean Health Officer of this city, is expected home from Washington soon, where he has been for several months.

Thomas Stroup of 1254 Pearl street had his arm broken yesterday at a planing mill in San Francisco. He had only just recovered from an attack of blood poisoning.

MEDICAL COLLEGE MAY BE RE-ORGANIZED.

University Regents Want It to Be More Closely Controlled by Them.

The Board of Regents of the State University will consider plans to reorganize the College of Medicine at its next meeting.

The Medical College, while a component part of the University just as the colleges at Berkeley are and not an affiliated college, as generally believed, has always been practically independent of the Board of Regents financially, being maintained by fees paid by the students. The proposed change which is urged by most of the younger members of the Board contemplates bringing the Medical College under the full control of the Regents. A special committee, consisting of Regents Kellogg, Hallidie, Reinstein, Rodgers, and John Budd, have unanimously recommended it, but Regents Wallace, Foote, Houghton, and Phelps have strongly opposed it on the ground that the financial condition of the college is at present perfectly satisfactory and that a change might result in embarrassing the University finances.

Pears'

Pretty boxes and odors are used to sell such soaps as no one would touch if he saw them undisguised. Beware of a soap that depends on something outside of it.

Pears', the finest soap in the world is scented or not, as you wish; and the money is in the merchandise, not in the box.

All sorts of stores sell it, especially druggists; all sorts of people are using it.

Oakland Tribune

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AMUSEMENTS.

Alcazar—"Faust."
Columbia—"Lost—24 Hours."
Morosco's—"The Romany Rye."
Tivoli—"Fatinitza."
Orpheum—Vaudeville.

PICNICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.

July 12th—United Lodges of Orange Societies.

July 17th—Journeymen Butchers' Benevolent Society of San Francisco.

UNION LABEL

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 13.—Weather forecast: Fair tonight and Thursday; fresh northerly winds.

WEDNESDAY.....JULY 13, 1898.

The middle-of-the-roaders seem to have been in the gutter from the start. The fusionists made a clean sweep of it.

Spain realizes very thoroughly now what she ought to have known from the start—that she is no match for one side of Uncle Sam.

Councilman Hennebery evidently doesn't believe in minors having money to burn, as evidenced by his anti-cigarette ordinance.

Nothing like having a good fight while we are about it. Maguire will be a worthy opponent for the Republican nominee, whoever he is.

The retirement of the Sagasta cabinet unquestionably portends peace overtures within a very few days. The sentiment of the country there is almost unanimous for a cessation of hostilities, and the new ministry will naturally echo the prevailing opinion.

General Miles has been smart enough to hurry to the front and take actual command of the army before Santiago surrenders. When it capitulates he will, of course, claim all the credit for the affair and will then make a more pronounced bid than ever for that Lieutenant Generalship that is in the balance.

Liberia is said to be anxious to place herself under the protection of our flag. If we are going in for colonial aggrandisement we may as well take advantage of the opportunity for it will give us a chance to obtain a footing on the Dark Continent that otherwise might prove hard to find. It is not as far away as Manila anyhow.

The Prohibition candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, who, by the way, is appropriately named Dr. Swallow, has adopted as his personal platform a single plank of "Thou Shalt Not Steal!" His originality is said to have been so favorably met that it is expected he will poll several thousand votes and possibly turn the tide of the election.

Commissioner Scott of the Internal Revenue Department is kept pretty busy just now. He is the individual who is called upon to decide all the knotty problems of the ambiguous features of the stamp tax. His latest ruling, which establishes the tax as being $2 on stock transfers of less than $100, is a very important one as it settles a proposition that has kept the brokers guessing.

Col. Park Henshaw, who is in command of Camp Barrett has made a good start on record-breaking. His horse at the Oakland track has cut all the figures for previous trotting performances on the course, and he has soldiers under his control who will do the same kind of thing with the other regiments if they get a chance. There is no back-seat proposition about anything he is in control of.

President McKinley undoubtedly knows what he is about in demanding the unconditional surrender of Santiago. Although a temporary advantage would be gained in obtaining immediate possession of the city by letting the Spanish troops march out with their side arms, at the same time, nothing like the moral effect would be obtained that we will get by compelling the enemy to capitulate without conditions.

The Victoria Cross in England is in future to carry an annual pension of $250 to its wearer, thus ensuring him immunity from the poorhouse. Piper Finblatter, the hero of Dargai Ridge, who, of course, has been decorated with the cross, has, by the way, been filling an engagement at a vaudeville house in London where he has been playing the pipes for $125 a night. He is said to be under contract to come to America on an arrangement that is to net him $500 a week.

The lady members of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals doubtless have no idea that when they purchase kid gloves they are contributing to one of the most revolting forms of cruelty extant. In France the kids that are destined to contribute to the glove trade are sewed in covers to keep their skins in perfect condition as to softness. The kid grows but the cover is not changed. Untold pain is inflicted on the little animals until they writhe in the torture of the unyielding jacket. France makes more than 24,000,000 pairs of kid gloves a year.

THE NEW BANKRUPTCY LAW.

Preparations are being made in all the United States courts for carrying into effect the new bankruptcy law and judging by the number of demands regarding it the statute books will not contain an enactment more in demand than it is to be. Its provisions cover a very wide range and as it is a matter of unusual interest to persons in private life as well as those engaged in business it will not be amiss to reproduce a summary of its principal features.

Under it any debtor except a corporation may take the benefit of voluntary bankruptcy. Any person except a wage earner or a tiller of the soil, owing debts to the amount of $1,000 may be adjudged an involuntary bankrupt. Private banks may be so adjudged; so may a partnership.

Acts which subject a person to involuntary bankruptcy are thus defined:

Having conveyed, transferred, concealed or removed, or permitted to be concealed or removed, any property with intent to himself, delay, or defraud creditors, or any of them.

Having transferred any property to one or more creditors with intent to prefer such creditors over other creditors.

Having permitted any creditor to obtain a preference through legal proceedings, and not having at least five days before a sale or final disposition of any property affected by such preference vacated such preference.

Having made a general assignment for the benefit of creditors.

Having admitted in writing, inability to pay debts and willingness to be adjudged a bankrupt on that ground.

Proceedings begun under state insolvency laws before the passage of the Act are not affected by it.

The Populists have gotten around to doing politics on the lines of the old-established parties. The era when their delegates drove to convention from all over the State in farm wagons much as the Adventists do now, has passed away, and they now take on all the dignities of the battle-scarred political organizations. The middle-of-the-roaders who represent the fast-declining sentiment of the original Populists are hopelessly outchassed and it looks as if those who want to preserve their integral position will soon have to start up something new—a farmers' party, for instance, so that the issue between the city and country can be fought out on a direct basis.

A lot of silly stories are going the rounds as regards Geronimo the Apache chief who is now at Fort Lill, Indian Territory. He is being described as 90 years old "but still straight and active and with an eye like a Rocky Mountain eagle." As a matter of fact when Geronimo, led the Apache raids in Arizona that resulted in his capture by Lieutenant Gatewood about ten years ago he was by no means an old man. In all probability he is not much over sixty, but the license of the romancist added to the fact that an Indian grows old in appearance very quickly after he passes fifty has succeeded in working up the 90 years old yarn.

Those who think our soldiers do well from a financial standpoint because their pay is increased during war times will do well to numerate over the following comments from one of the volunteers now at Santiago: "In time of peace we can make our pay meet our expenses. Just at present it is impossible for everybody bleeds us. We pay twenty-five cents for a five cent pie, five cents for a glass of ice water, twenty-five cents for a paper of tobacco and everything accordingly. Of course these are luxuries but don't forget that the government gives us canned beans and corned beef, hardtack and one cup of coffee."

The fact that Commodore Watson's fleet is being held back is a very good proof that informal peace overtures are already under way. It might tend to complicate matters if he were dispatched now for he might possibly continue hostilities after a truce had been proclaimed. The movements of his squadron will therefore serve as a barometer as to how the negotiations are progressing for if he sails forth it will be an indication that everything is off, whereas if he remains here it can be regarded as certain that the negotiations are moving towards a satisfactory conclusion.

The walnut growers of California, following the example of the raisin growers have organized for the purpose of controlling prices for this season's crop says the San Jose Mercury. In these days of keen competition between the fruit growers and of sharp practice on the part of the brokers and middlemen, organization is absolutely essential. All that the growers want is a fair deal and gradually they are placing themselves in a position to demand it.

According to the Tacoma News, Hobson before leaving for service with Sampson's fleet, in an unguarded moment gave a canvasser for a press clipping bureau an order to collect notices of himself at the customary rate of five cents a piece. Since the exploit with the Merrimac an average of 400 clippings a day have been accumulated for him and if he doesn't cancel the order soon the press bureau man will have a life interest in his pay.

A new "meanest man in the world" has put in an appearance. He is a burglar and broke into a baker's shop at Montreal where, only finding 35 cents in the till, he took a bite out of every pie and cake in the place, thus making them all unsaleable.

No wonder industries like the gold brick one thrive in the rural districts. New Jersey farmers have been paying money to swindlers who guaranteed them against being drafted for service in Cuba.

Stricken With Paralysis.

G. W. Wilton, a Benicia carpenter, was stricken with paralysis on the 7 o'clock train from Sacramento last night. He was removed to the Receiving Hospital, where Dr. Milton attended him.

STATE AND STATESMEN.

(The Tribune from time to time, as the State campaign, now on, progresses will give its readers the benefit of what the leading newspapers of the State of California have to say about the issues involved, or likely to be, and the men associated with them. The selections shall be entirely non-partisan.)

"We may as well," says the Los Angeles Express, "look the situation squarely in the face and talk plain talk.

"Of the real Republicans of the Seventy-fourth District—which we have taken as an example as it is near home—of the Republicans who vote the ticket at the polls and not merely at the primaries, there is probably not five per cent that desire to see our chances for the Senatorship flung away in order to give a complimentary vote to Henry Gage, estimable citizen though he may be. If the vote were to be taken by the time-honored method that has obtained ever since there was a Republican party in existence hereabouts, the machine would doubtless carry one or two precincts, but in the effort to spread itself out over the entire district it would be completely lost. But under the new system invented by the alphabetical Parker, what is to prevent the boys who make a business of politics from loading up as many votes in those primaries that are under their entire control as they may need to overcome the honest vote of other sections? With endless busloads of men of all political beliefs and disbeliefs, under orders from Democratic bosses, to be drawn upon as required, the game is an easy one. The twenty delegates of the Seventy-fourth instead of being honestly representative of the sentiment of the district, will be merely the mouthpiece of the half-dozen men that engineer the scheme.

In this way, the vote of San Francisco, Los Angeles and Oakland is to be delivered to Burns in the State convention, done up in little bundles and all labeled for convenient use.

The Woodland Mail publishes a communication from one of Yolo's prominent Republicans, Mr. H. K. Heffelman. He says:

"I have read several editorials in your paper touching upon the candidacy of W. R. Davis for the Republican nomination for Governor, and I know whereof I speak when I say that every line and every word I have read in your papers on that subject speaks the truth. It is never that a man receives such voluntary and sincere support for a position of public trust unless he stands for true and correct principles, high ideals and a cause that the people believe in. We care nothing for men, except for the principles they represent. Mr. Davis' candidacy is the true cause of right-minded Republicans. When working for his nomination you are working for the welfare, for the success of the Republican party, irrespective of the effect upon the career of Davis. As one of the Republican stump speakers sent out by the Central Committee of my county, during the McKinley campaign, I know the value of the outline of work and arguments prepared by Mr. Davis at the request of the Executive Committee of the Republican State Committee. His speeches on the stump for McKinley appeal to the reason of every man who heard them and were effective in carrying this State for McKinley. This is a voluntary expression from an obscure but loyal Republican, who feels that Davis candidacy represents correct principles for the party to adhere to and for the people of California to endorse."

One State official who draws down $250 a month, has given his wife a desk in his office at a salary of $150 a month, while his daughter holds down another at $100. With the exception of the Governor and the Supreme Court Justices, no other State officers receive $500 a month. Nepotism seems to be running mad in the Capitol.—Sacramento News.

For United States Senator no Democrat is prominently mentioned for White's place except W. W. Foote, and as the outlook at this time seems to foreshadow a Republican Legislature, there is considerable figuring among the Statesmen of that party. Senator Bulla of Los Angeles, Henry Gage of the same place, M. H. De Young, Major McLaughlin, and one or two others are heard of. For the nomination for Governor, the fight seems to be a very open one. Ex-Mayor George C. Pardee of Oakland, District Attorney Barnes, Senator Thomas Flint, J. C. Campbell, seem to be in the lead, though the whole situation is in a nebulous state.—Calaveras Prospect.

Northern California has presented at least one candidate for Governor to whom The Times would delight to lend its heartiest support should he receive the nomination. This candidate is Hon. W. F. Fitzgerald, at present Attorney General of the State. Judge Fitzgerald is a thorough man of affairs, a man of the highest personal character, and is possessed, in an eminent degree, of the equipment necessary to fill the exalted and responsible position of Governor, with distinguished credit to himself and honor to the State. There is probably no man in California, who is better qualified for this position than Judge Fitzgerald. With no disparagement to other aspirants, it can be truly said that the convention could nominate no candidate for Governor who would better satisfy the wishes and expectations of the Republican voters of California, as a whole, irrespective of locality, than Mr. Fitzgerald. No name would be stronger than his before the people. But, as has been said, the nomination is a matter for the Republican State Convention to decide, and it rests with loyal Republicans to abide by the decision.—Los Angeles Times.

It will be found not at all difficult under a few moments' reflection to comprehend how great a factor the next Governor of California will be in determining the destiny of the State. We want the man, we repeat, the man of aggressive spirit, dogged perseverance, commercial wisdom, breadth of mind, shrewdness of perception, intellectual grasp and mental strength, and with enough of worldly wisdom, combined with high character, devotion to principle and tenacity of purpose, to make him a powerful factor in the right placement of California in the new setting the Pacific Coast jewels are to have. From each of the parties the people have a right to expect such a nominee this year. What we want now is the man for the time, and he is to be had, since every time develops the man for its need.—Record Union.

Mr. Gage is no doubt an estimable gentleman, and he would probably make a model Governor, but everybody who can think twice knows that the Republicans of Southern California cannot have both offices, and in that state of affairs they are not looking for a candidate for Governor. They want the Senator. They have said so time and again, and while Mr. Gage might be a good Governor, and doubtless would be, the Sun opines that if he puts up a Senatorial lightning rod it will stand a much better chance of being hit.

The south wants the Senator and no mistake about it. Bother the question of who will be the candidate just now. There is Mr. Gage, Mr. Grant or Mr. Bulla, or any one of a dozen men who might be made candidates. First make sure that we need one.

The sudden boom for some southern man for Governor is but the lily disguised boom of some northern man for Senator.—San Bernardino Sun.

The candidacy of Henry T. Gage, Esq., of Los Angeles, for Governor has been formally announced. Mr. Gage is the leading light of the Los Angeles bar and is a broad-minded, able, conscientious gentleman whose private as well as public life is beyond reproach. Many of the newspapers of Southern California, led by the Los Angeles Express, are disapproving of Gage's candidacy on the ground that it would preclude the election of a United States Senator from Southern California. At the present time we have a Governor to nominate and the election of a Senator is not a question. That will come later and Gage's nomination would not necessarily lose us the Senator. There is an ulterior motive in the attack of the Express and it is not placed altogether on the high plane of securing the United States Senator from Southern California as it would have people believe. Henry T. Gage has as much right as any Republican in California to aspire to the chief office in the gift of the people and to ask the suffrage of Republican voters. Certainly no man would fill the office with more credit to himself and to his party.—Ventura Free Press.

A San Francisco paper charges Assessor Dalton with being one of the railroad "push" in Alameda county. Those who are familiar with Assessor Dalton's public career, and everybody in this county, is, will consider this the most amusing thing the silly season has yet developed. The author should attach himself to Blanco's staff in Cuba; he would be a first-class person to send war bulletins to Spain.—Haywards Review.

Many think Mr. Gage's candidacy will jeopardize the chances of Southern California for the Senatorship, but Mr. Gage thinks it will not. There are those who think his candidacy is in the interest of M. H. de Young of the San Francisco Chronicle for United States Senator. We somewhat doubt if Mr. Gage would deliberately enter into any such combination. Southern California needs the Senator, and ought to do any honorable thing to secure one, and to frown on all movements that tend to defeat her wish in this respect.—Pomona Times.

The animosities of the Gubernatorial campaign seem to grow instead of subside, and there is talk of dark horses. The general signs are right for Alameda county to win the prize. All that is needed is harmony at home. If this county fails it will be through the chronic inability of Republicans to agree. We hope they will be able to agree on one of the candidates already in the field. But if dark horses are to gallop in, there is still an Alameda county man. The Hon. J. C. Campbell, now and likely to become permanently a resident of Alameda is well known, politically and generally. He is one of the most eminent Republicans of California. He is not anxious, but he may be willing.—Alameda Argus.

Malaria Cured

All Medicines Failed Except Hood's Sarsaparilla

Improved with the First Dose—Now Entirely Well.

Malaria is caused by bad air, bad water, bad drainage, which make bad blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures malaria by purifying the blood. Read this interesting statement:

"I was confined to my bed with malaria. I could not take strong medicines, owing to my condition, and everything I took failed to help me. At last I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking it a short time the malaria was entirely gone and I have never had it since. I began to improve with the very first dose of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I am now strong and well." MRS. A. M. WOOSLEY, Delano, California. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

Breach of Contract.

Helen M. Wellstein has brought suit to compel A. J. Hunter to fulfill a contract by which he is obligated to pay $70 for the purchase of a lot in Oakland. She also seeks to recover $310 on account of expense to which she claims to have been put by reason of the defendant's alleged breach of contract.

Judge Ogden Will Hunt.

Judge Ogden has left for a three weeks' deer and bear hunt in Hoopa reservation, fifty miles north of Ukiah.

THE RAILROAD'S OFFER WILL BE RE-CONSIDERED.

Supervisors May Use Alice St. Bridge Temporarily.

The Supervisors have decided to reconsider their refusal to use the Alice street bridge while the Webster street bridge is being reconstructed. The matter was considered again at yesterday afternoon's meeting, when Supervisor Roeth made a new motion. The subject was reopened, as it was found that Webster street will be impassable for six or seven months.

"In reference to the use of the Alice street bridge by the public, I move that the matter be referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges to act in conjunction with the committee from Alameda and Oakland and to confer with Manager Kruttschnitt of the railway company," said Roeth. Wells amended so that the matter would be referred to the chairman of the committee. Mr. Roeth, who should report Thursday morning. Roeth thought this was too short a time but the Alameda delegation said that it would be ready to meet with the Supervisorial committee at any time. Church declared the Oakland City Council, whose co-operation would be necessary, could meet at any time. It was finally decided that the chairman of the bridge committee should report Friday.

Supervisor Mitchell filed plans for the re-sewering of the court house. On Supervisor Wells' motion, the Committee on Buildings was authorized to go ahead with the work.

Three bids for the work as indicated by the plans of Charles L. Sturm, were received and opened by Clerk Jordan. They were as follows: Dalzell & Moller, $805; E. R. Tutt, $787; Sturm & Leach, $762. The bids were referred to the Building Committee, who will accept the lowest bid.

Supervisor Mitchell stated that Sturm would ask for no compensation for the plans if his bid was accepted.

Supervisor Roeth introduced a resolution directing County Clerk Jordan to prepare a new printing schedule of blanks and blank books necessary for use in the county offices. The resolution passed unanimously.

It was decided to postpone any decision relative to the granting of a franchise to the Sutter Creek Electric Company until next Monday.

William Dingee filed a deed for a strip of land along the Medau road. The deed was referred to the District Attorney.

The Board then adjourned until 10 A. M. today.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Mrs. F. G. Beatty is visiting friends at Grass Valley and Nevada City.

Miss Nellie Monk of Nevada City is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Joseph Doubt of Nevada City.

Mrs. E. Hampton and her daughter Mary will leave Berkeley next Friday on the steamer Walla Walla for Douglas Island, Alaska, to join Mr. Hampton, who is at the Treadwell mine. Miss Getrude Hampton will remain at Berkeley and complete her course in the State University.

C. K. Kucks and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bandle and child have gone to Saratoga Springs, Lake county.

J. P. Meux has returned to Fresno after a short visit in this city.

Mrs. William Stewart and son of this city are in Napa, where they are the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Even.

Miss Alice Duprey of Napa will visit friends in this city for the coming fortnight.

Mrs. Emily Ustick has returned from a visit to Mrs. Geo. Atkins of Napa.

L. M. Benner is spending a few days in Chico.

A. G. Glass has gone to Chico for a few days.

Miss Blanche Scott of Fresno is spending the summer in this city.

B. H. Heald and family have gone on a camping trip.

Miss Ethel Holladay of Los Gatos has returned home after spending several days in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bagred and R. H. Davis of this city are registered at the Vendome, San Jose.

Among the Oaklanders at the Vendome, San Jose, is Mrs. E. L. Parker, Mrs. W. W. Ayer, Mrs. M. Nelson, H. Cottrell, G. T. Cottrell, W. H. Craheper.

Mrs. Gilbert Gurney of Mexico and her niece, Miss Gould of this city, are spending the summer at Santa Cruz.

Miss Rosalie Lincoln is expected home shortly from Santa Cruz where she has been spending the summer.

The Santa Rosa Republican contains the following item: Dr. and Mrs. Mayon of Oakland, together with a family party, passed through this city Friday afternoon on a camping expedition to Lake county and the northern resorts. Dr. Mayon is one of Oakland's most prominent citizens, and Mrs. Mayon is grand chief of the Degree of Honor.

Geo. Dusser is at the Seabright Hotel, Santa Cruz for the summer.

Rev. and Mrs. J. A. Cruzan have returned from Santa Cruz.

B. R. Martin and family are spending the summer at Santa Cruz.

C. H. Ellason and family are spending a few days in Napa.

Miss Olive Sill is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Sill of Elmhurst.

Mrs. S. E. White of Pleasanton is visiting in this city.

Miss Bernice Covalt, who has been spending several weeks in Pleasanton as the guest of Mrs. A. F. McDougall, has returned home.

Miss Pearl Hunt left to-day for Lovelocks, Nevada.

Dr. Oberg of Lorin leaves to-night for Sacramento, where he goes for a vacation. Dr. Whitworth will look after Dr. Oberg's practice during his absence.

Andrew Herman and Charles Lee left this morning for a trip to Bear Creek, where they expect to camp for one week.

George Gallop and Peter Anderson of Lorin left yesterday for a hunting trip in the country.

George F. Reinhardt, who has been east for a short visit, is now in Los Angeles.

T. W. Waysman is spending his vacation at Bartlett Springs.

Mrs. John Jones of Lorin has gone to Santa Rosa to visit her sister.

Mrs. Alden Noyes and children of Sacramento are spending their vacation with Mrs. W. H. Conlin of Berkeley.

Lally Nielson of Berkeley has gone on a camping trip for his health.

Madams Rollins, Manual and Brown have returned from a visit to Yuba City.

President Martin Kellogg of the State University has returned from a short trip to Mount Hamilton.

Prof. William Dallam Armes has gone to Tallac, Lake Tahoe, for a few weeks.

Librarian Joseph C. Rowell of the University has returned from a three weeks' vacation to Lake Tahoe.

The Misses Jennie Russell and Alice Judkins of Alameda are visiting friends at Puget Sound, Washington.

Mrs. H. E. Dodge and Mrs. J. D. Bobst, who have been visiting their sister, Mrs. Bannerman, have returned to their home in the East.

Miss Edna Metzger returned Saturday from a two weeks' vacation. She visited different points of interest in Sonoma county.

Miss Lulu Metzger of Alameda and Miss Maud Decker of Oakland are taking an outing together and will visit friends in Sonoma county, leaving Tuesday morning.

Must Prepay All Mail Matter.

According to new postal regulations in force July 1st, second, third and fourth class mail matter will not be forwarded unless the postage is fully prepaid.

It had been the rule to forward matter of this character, collecting when it was delivered, but so many persons refused to receive matter so forwarded that the Government sustained considerable loss in the transportation. Hence the new regulation.

Injured By Electric Car.

B. Egenberger, an Alameda baker, was driving his wagon along the San Leandro road yesterday, and in crossing the track of the Haywards electric road near Elmhurst was run into by a car. The horse was badly hurt, and the wagon pretty well shattered. Egenberger was severely bruised on the face and arms and his leg was wrenched so that it is useless for the time being.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

You can hardly realize that this medicine when taking Carter's Little Liver Pills; they are very small; no bad effects; all troubles from torpid liver are relieved from their use.

Strictly First Class.

There is one strictly first class express service in Oakland—that of the People's Express Company. The company checks baggage at your house to any point on the Southern Pacific system free of charge.

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Over 3,000 Articles 3c Upwards.

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FULL SET OF TEETH for	$4 50 up
GOLD CROWNS, 22k	3 50 up
BRIDGE WORK, per tooth	3 50 up
SILVER FILLING	25c up
GOLD FILLING	75c up
CLEANING TEETH	50c up

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A Physician Always in Attendance

SKILLED OPERATORS—LADY ATTENDANT

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 10 p. m.; Sundays 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Royal Baking Powder is made of pure crystal cream of tartar, and its superior wholesomeness and strength are beyond all question. The most economical to use.

Marital Misfit.

Caroline H. Roundtree has sued James O. Roundtree for divorce on the ground of desertion and neglect. The family resides in Alameda.

Liquors For Families.

Furnished and delivered free. Purity and quality guaranteed. Landregan Bros., 948 Broadway. Telephone main 570.

For fine old Kentucky bourbon and rye whisky, brandies and wines, go to Theo. Gier Co., 512-515 Fourteenth street.

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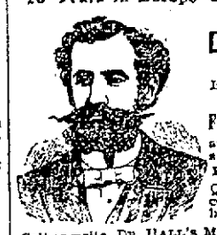

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Cures guaranteed. Hours 10 to 12, 2 to 5, 7 to 1. Museum of Anatomy open daily. Free to men.

Dr. T. D. Hall's Re-Invigorator stops all Losses in 24 hours. Cures Nervous Debility, Wasting Away, Emissions, Impotency, Losses and all weaknesses arising from errors of youth and excesses; $2 per bottle. 3 bottles for $5 guaranteed to cure.

NEW LOUVRE

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14th and Broadway - Oakland

"Pete," the favorite chef, late of the Athenia Club, in charge.

J. J. CARROLL, - Prop.

WOODLAND BOYS OBJECT TO SLANDER.

Say Private Dungan Is Responsible For the Mutiny.

Camp Barrett Boys Are Only Allowed Very Limited Liberty.

The eight members of the Woodland company who refused to be induced to mutiny are very indignant at much that has been published about them and today they issued the following signed statement, which appears in this morning's Call:

"CAMP BARRETT, July 12, 1898.

"Having been quiet for a week while all kinds of opinions have been published about us, we wish to speak through your paper to the Woodland company, that came here, contracted "cold feet" and returned. There are eight of us not tied up to any individual, but who came here in good faith, intending to follow our flag and do our duty wherever we might be ordered. The secret of the trouble in the Woodland company has not yet been told. It was born and bred by Private Dungan, editor of the Woodland Mail. In the first place, we do not believe (and this idea of ours seems to have been proved) that Mr. Dungan ever intended to go farther away from his home than the bay. We believe it was his idea to have a nice summer outing during which he could do a little politics at the expense of the State, and when he saw that there was danger of our regiment being ordered to Manila, or to Cuba, he was forced to get up some scheme to let himself down easily. He did it by creating trouble as soon as it was known there was to be a change of captains. Before he left Woodland he published in his little paper a very pathetic farewell, in which he referred to the call of duty and to his determination to follow the flag. It now appears that he was merely determined to follow some particular captain so long as he was captain. It is our belief that if Private Dungan had been substituted for the Woodland captain there would have been no kick. Since returning to Woodland many of the boys whom he misled and induced to disgrace themselves have telegraphed to Lieutenant George Peart to see if they could get back, but they have received no encouragement. The Honorable Governor Budd can give Mr. Dungan of the Mail the credit for breaking up the company and for being the mouthpiece for the whole business.

"Not content with being a subject of "cold feet" himself, he referred to us who remained as 'the scabby eight.' We do not believe that the people of California regard us in any such light. Since he left camp with his pets, the eyes of the boys have been opened and everybody considers it better that Private Dungan created his little rebellion here in Fruitvale than at some critical time when the necessity for a change of captain might have been rendered absolute by circumstances which neither Governor Budd nor any other human being could control. If the Woodland boys and their would-be toy soldier editor were to visit Camp Barrett again, it would probably be tossed in a blanket and not let down so easy as they would like.

"JOE RAZZANA,
"GEO. W. ALDRICH,
"A. E. HOLT,
"D. G. FANNING,
"W. J. BRISCOE,
"DANIEL A. MANNING,
"FRANK C. HORN,
"JOHN SCHENAKER."

A new rule will be enforced at Camp Barrett tonight. There have been seventeen sentry posts on the guard lines heretofore, but experience has shown this to be insufficient in keeping the men in camp or the visitors out, especially at night, and it has been decided to double the number, beginning this evening. Hence the guard mount at that time will have 120 men participating, instead of 60 as this morning.

Plans are afoot to present the regiment with a stand of colors by the citizens of Oakland next Saturday afternoon. The matter, however, depends entirely upon the manufacturer getting everything in readiness in time. The place and speaker have not yet been selected.

Leader Gomez of the band has secured J. J. Cardoza of San Leandro to play the E flat clarionet. This gives him twenty-one men out of twenty-three needed to complete the full complement of the band.

The Eighth Regiment is being very steadily drilled for several hours each day and is rapidly becoming proficient.

Visitors are allowed in the line only from 3 to 4 o'clock in the afternoons, and only ten passes are granted each company in twenty-four hours, while those relieved from guard are given the preference in securing these. As there are 100 men in the company it is only once in ten days that a member is able to get outside. The band and Companies F of Oakland and G of Alameda feel this the worst, as the members desire to go home while so near.

The troops that are to sail for Manila in the transports Peru and City of Puebla will not embark until tomorrow, and the departure will not take place until Friday and probably not until Saturday. The loading of the baggage will be completed today.

NEW YORK'S FIRST REGIMENT NOW IN CAMP.

Three companies of the First New York volunteers passed through this city this morning, having arrived at the mole in the first section of a special train from the Empire State. The companies were K, L and I. They were recruited up to the full quota. The other companies arrived at intervals during the day. The officers of K Company are Captan John K. Sague, and Lieutenants Wilbur Vossler and Clarence Sague; L Company, Captan James Sheehan, Lieutenants A. G. Baxter and William H. Mapes; I Company, Captain Ames E. McIntyre, Lieutenants George E. Wallace and Abraham L. Decker.

The regimental officers are as follows: Colonel, Thomas H. Barber; Lieutenant-Colonel, Horatio P. Stackpole; Major and Surgeon, Chas. E. Davis; Assistant Surgeons, M. C. Ashley and J. Griffiths; Chaplain, Rev. Karl Schwartz; Adjutant, Clarence Strebell; Major of the First Battalion, James T. Chase; Second Battalion, Walter Scott; Third Battalion, Robert E. Emett.

The men were finely equipped, in robust health and in excellent spirits. They took the 8 o'clock boat for San Francisco, where they were given refreshments in the ferry depot by the Red Cross Society, after which they marched to Camp Merritt. It is expected that the regiment will be ordered to Honolulu and may sail early next week.

JUDGE JOHN ELLISON VISITS OAKLAND.

John F. Ellison, Superior Judge of Tehama county and ex-State Senator, spent the day in this city yesterday. Mr. Ellison is reputed as a very able man, and is making a tour in the interest of his pending fight for a place on the State Supreme Court bench.

FINE GOES FREE.

In the case of Ollie Fine, the barber convicted yesterday of disturbing the peace of his brother-in-law, H. G. Deme, Judge Allen suspended judgment this morning. Fine wanted to see his child, and his relative objected.

Recent Deaths.

Edward J. Pepper, a native of Massachusetts, aged 52 years, died at Martinez Monday, and will be buried at Mountain View Cemetery.

Armanda Medina, a native of Kern county, died yesterday afternoon at the home of her parents on Bell View avenue, East Oakland.

Mrs. Catherine M. Ward, a native of Boston, aged 74 years, who had been a resident of this city for over twenty-six years, died at her late residence, 166 Tenth street, last evening.

Edward Gould, aged 65, a native of Massachusetts, who went to the County Hospital from Oakland a short time ago, died there Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Maude E. Horrington, a native of Lowell, Massachusetts, aged 24 years, died at her home on Joy avenue, North Oakland, this morning at 1:30 o'clock.

Former Oakland Woman in Jail.

A Los Angeles dispatch says that a felony complaint has been issued against a Mrs. Helen M. Shaw, formerly of this city. She is charged with signing fictitious names to a note for $500, and with forging a check on the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank. She admits having been in jail in Oakland and Salt Lake.

Death of M. Von Hagen

Martin Von Hagen, a native of Germany, aged 78 years, an old and respected resident of Alameda, died at his late residence, 1801 San Antonio avenue, yesterday.

Default in Divorce Case.

Order of default in reference to Court Commissioner Babcock was entered today by Judge Greene in the divorce case of Lizzie A. Clark against James A. Clark.

Martin Estate Appraisers.

T. T. Dargie, J. B. Lanktree and John L. Bromley were today appointed by Judge Greene to appraise the estate of the late James C. Martin.

BAKER RESIGNS FROM THE STATE CHAIRMANSHIP.

Silver Party Regrets the Necessity For Such Action.

Mr. Baker's Business Too Far Removed From State Headquarters.

Attorney George W. Baker who for some time has been chairman of the State Silver Republican Committee presented his resignation yesterday at Sacramento for reasons clearly set forth in his letter which is as follows:

"SACRAMENTO, (Cal.) July 12, 1898.—To Hon. Nathan Cole Jr., National Committeeman for California, Silver Republican party—Dear Sir: My business affairs for the next three months are of such a character as to engross all of my time, and I do not feel that it would be doing justice to the Silver Republicans of the State to hold a position so important to their political interests as that which I now occupy. While in full sympathy with the cause and willing at all times to serve in the ranks and perform, so far as my time will permit, any labors which the committee may impose upon me, I deem it for the best interests of the party that some other gentleman should be selected for chairman of your committee, and I therefore tender my resignation as chairman, to take effect immediately. Very sincerely yours,

"GEORGE W. BAKER."

Later in the day Mr. Baker received the following reply:

"SACRAMENTO (Cal.), July 12 1898.—To Hon. George W. Baker—Dear Sir: Your letter of this date has been received by our Silver Republican Committee, and we accept your resignation in the spirit in which it is offered with sincere expressions of regret. You have always been an honest advocate and staunch defender of the principles in which we believe, and take this means of conveying to you our feelings of esteem and confidence.

"J. N. PHILLIPS, Chairman.
"C. H. O'NEILL, Acting Secretary."

A Tribune reporter called upon G. W. Baker to-day, in regard to his resignation from the chairmanship of the Silver Republican Committee, and the reasons which brought about his resignation at this time. Mr. Baker said

"My reasons are fully set forth in my letter of resignation. The Committee's headquarters are in Los Angeles, and in order to attend to the duties of chairman requires frequent visits to that city, which my business engagements will not permit, and hence, in order to advance the interests and labors of the committee, I considered it advisable that a chairman should be selected who was on the ground and could give the matter his personal attention during the campaign, as emergencies arise, requiring the presence of that officer."

The reporter inquired if the committee had mapped out a line of action inimical to Mr. Baker's views upon matters of political policy.

He replied that there were some differences of opinion as to the proper course for the committee to pursue, but these were mere matters of detail, and did not enter into consideration when his resignation was made. The members of the committee from Los Angeles were in favor of joining the Populists in the nomination of a Democratic candidate at Sacramento in advance of his nomination by his own party, and Mr. Baker did not consider such a course as conducive to the best interests of the reform forces. He was of the opinion that the Populists should nominate a ticket of their own, and then appoint a fusion committee to confer with the Democrats and if the latter were in a mind to join forces with the Populists and Silver Republicans upon a platform mutually satisfactory, then he was willing to submit any candidate which the joint committee might agree upon, but he did not believe in anticipating the action of the Democratic party by naming any candidate from amongst their aspirants, in advance of his being named by his own party.

This view was not shared by the majority of the Silver Republican committee, who believed that the naming of a Democrat by the Populist convention would operate as a strong incentive for the Democratic convention to name the same candidate. However, these are simply differences of opinion, which always occur in conventions, and which must always be settled by mutual concessions, and did not in any way precipitate his resignation.

"I did not consider then," continued Mr. Baker, "and do not now, that the Democratic party desired the Populists to lead off in nominating a candidate for them, and in this view I am supported by the action of their State Central Committee held yesterday, after my resignation was made and excepted.

"While they expressed with some dissensions a willingness to fuse with the Populists, upon certain conditions, they were unanimous in the opinion that the Populists should not be permitted to name in advance their candidate for Governor or any other office. This in my judgment is the only sensible view to take of the matter, and was the only matter upon which I dissented from the views of the other members of the Silver Republican Committee. I am now, and have ever been and will always remain, an uncompromising advocate of the principles of bi-metallism, and in favor of any honorable means to promote its advocates, and to that end, will use my best exertions in support of men and measures to accomplish that result."

IS MAKING KNOWN HIS CANDIDACY.

Victor H. Metcalf is sending out copies of the following circular:

"Oakland, Cal., July 9, 1898.

"My dear sir:—I am an aspirant for the Republican nomination for Member of Congress for the Third Congressional District, and expect my name to be presented to the convention. If nominated and elected, I am satisfied I can do the country and District fair service, and certainly, in such event, I will serve with zeal and patriotism.

"I take this means of making my candidacy known to you, and to say that I shall be pleased and honored if, on considering the situation, you may find it consistent with your views upon men, measures and the good of the District, to give me your support,

"Very truly yours,
"V. H. METCALF."

DR. CROWLEY TO VISIT SOME EASTERN CITIES.

Goes as a Member of the State Board of Health.

Quarantining on Shipboard and of Cattle Will Be Considered.

Dr. D. D. Crowley, the eminent surgeon of this city, at present a member of the State Board of Health, leaves tomorrow on a visit of importance to the East, which will detain him there five or six weeks. During his absence he will be accompanied by his wife, and will visit Washington, New York, Detroit and Chicago, and in each place he will devote his time to the consideration of a number of subjects which are not only of interest in that part of the country, but of exceeding importance to California and the coast.

His visit to Washington will be inspired with the purpose of conferring with the Federal authorities on the subject of quarantining here on the part of the State. Considerable annoyance has been experienced in this respect for some time past, and it is believed that a more equitable understanding can be effected if there were a conference between a representative of the State with the national authorities who wish to control the subject.

Another subject will be the quarantining of cattle. California cattle are now interdicted by strong laws in some places, a fact which works a hardship to many people and to an industry in this State. It is desired, greatly, to limit the present quarantining of cattle in order to benefit the State until it can be ascertained whether or not it would be advisable to have the matter looked after by an intelligent commission or by the State Board of Health. In this connection, the doctor will confer with the Secretary of the Department of Animal Industry at Washington, a gentleman who is possessed of a great deal of valuable information on the subject.

Dr. Crowley will go to Detroit to confer with representatives of the various State Boards of Health in the United States and Canada, at which there will be in attendance a number of prominent professional and scientific men from all parts of the countries mentioned. Scientific sanitation and sanitary laws will be discussed with the view that, wherever feasible, the same methods of looking after the health of the people may be employed. Dr. Crowley's presence in Detroit will be the result of an invitation to that effect from Governor Pingree to the State Board of Health of California, by whom the doctor has been deputized to appear for this commonwealth. This conference will be held in August beginning on the 9th and continuing till the 11th inclusive.

At New York Dr. Crowley will visit the harbor and observe the manner in which the health authorities handle vessels which may arrive with and without disease on board, with a view to the utilization for California of the benefits which the metropolis enjoys from long and more thoroughly established customs.

He will also visit the leading hospitals there and in Chicago and confer with members of the medical associations in those centers with which he is affiliated.

Dr. Crowley is not unknown in the places which he is about to visit, having, on previous occasions, made the acquaintance of many distinguished practitioners and authors of medical treatises. He is even more widely known there because of his well known devotion to experimental work in surgery, the result of which has been spread throughout the country by papers which the doctor has prepared and read or which he has had read in the conventions of medical societies, and which have been published in the widely diffused medical journals of this State and country.

Aside from the doctor's extensive practice in this section, he has found time to devote to work of a public character, principally along the most approved lines of modern sanitation, in which he has given the people not only the benefit of his efforts and time, but also the experience, the result of study, of experimentation and of travel abroad.

For four years he held the position of Health Officer of this city, and during his administration was laid the foundation for the present systematic method of preventing and stamping out disease and quarantining houses and districts where disease may find lodgement until it can do only the minimum of injury. With the excellent work in the same line which was done by Drs. Woolsey and Pardee, who were members of the Board of Health at the time, the Health Office of this city is now one of the most thoroughly equipped and most potent in the eradication of disease in the State.

The doctor is ex-president of the Alameda County Medical Association, chairman of the surgery section of the State Medical Society of California, a member of the State Board of Health, as also of the American Medical Association. He is now serving his second incumbency as president of the Nile Club of this city, the leading literary and musical society of this section, the membership of which is composed entirely of professional men.

Dr. Crowley's efforts while away cannot but result in a manner satisfactory to the people of this section, and, indeed, of the State. His return will be awaited with a great deal of interest by his friends and the public at large.

Orangemen Picnic

The Loyal Orange Institution held its third annual picnic yesterday at Shell Mound Park. Three lodges were represented—Harmony, 127, and True Blues, No. 118, of San Francisco, and Washington's Chosen Few, No. 250, of Oakland.

The programme comprised athletic games and dancing. These were the events and the persons who won them:

Boys' race, 12 to 15 years, Michael McDonough; girls' race, 12 to 15 years, Evalina Moore; young men's race, Charles Grant; young ladies' race, Miss Maggie Rauley; married men's race, Frank Wilson; married women's race, Mrs. Crowe; members' race, Thomas McLean; fat men's race, John H. Wilson; members' wives, Mrs. Lunny; boys' race, 10 to 12 years, Charles Christy; girls' race, 8 to 11 years, Maggie Moore; boys' race, 8 to 10 years, Robbie Summerville.

The Committee of Arrangements consisted of Charles L. Dewey Nunn, Chairman; G. E. Little, Secretary; George Elliott, Thomas Downing, J. H. Cunningham, M. Wright, William Sharpe, D. I. Edwards, F. A. Peterson, A. Whiteside, Thomas McCullough and Stephen March.

ANNUAL WORK OF THE FREE LIBRARY.

Report Shows an Increase in the Amount of Books Borrowed.

The annual report of the Free Library Trustees filed with the City Clerk shows that the past year has been a very busy one.

The circulation of books for home use has increased from 140,810 to 164,060, and this is partly due to the "two book system" which has been introduced.

In referring to the condition of the library building, the report shows that, while the present building was good enough thirty years ago, it had about reached the limit of its usefulness.

Librarian Henry Peterson's report, which is appended to the report of the Trustees, contains the following items of interest:

Number of new borrowers, 2,473; number withdrawn, 213.

Amount of fines	$ 438 25
Amount paid for lost books	26 30
Expenditures, Library	11,501 65
Central Reading Room	2,345 18
East Oakland Reading Room	1,184 20
West Oakland Reading Room	1,390 78
Twenty-third Avenue Reading Room	1,184 33
North Oakland Reading Room	1,147 50
Total expenditures	$18,663 63
Receipts	18,661 68
Balance	$ 109 90

The report of the Librarian concludes as follows:

"It is hoped that at the next tax levy this department of the city government will not be neglected, but that a fair amount will be appropriated for the use of this, one of our educational institutions."

Will Tax Nichol Machine.

The Supervisors of San Francisco have amended the order imposing a license on nickel-in-the-slot machines, prohibiting the operation of machines which pay prizes in money, service or other consideration. The order, as it now stands, requires a license of $3 a quarter on sigar and drink machines, $2 a quarter on weighing, phonograph and fortune telling machines, and $2 a year on chocolate, candy, postage stamp and other merchandise machines.

There is no one article in the line of medicines that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters.

MAGGIE SCHWALL MAY BE INSANE.

Arrested For Larceny, But it is Believed Her Mind is Unbalanced.

Maggie Schwall, the domestic employed by James Harold of Fruitvale, and who was arrested on a charge of larceny and lodged in the county jail, has been placed in the insane ward of the Receiving Hospital. It is believed the girl's mind is unbalanced.

Young Mitchel Again in Trouble.

Emmet Mitchel, a colored boy, was in the Police Court this morning charged with stealing a pair of slippers from McDonald's shoe store. This is the boy who was arrested a week or so ago for throwing flour into the faces of passengers on the Eighth street cars. The case was continued to July 16th.

Assignee's Auction Sale of Groceries, Shelving, etc., etc., on Friday July 15th, 1898, at 10:30 a. m., at No. 877 Washington Street, Oakland.

By order of the Superior Court, in the matter of H. L. Conklin, an insolvent debtor, I shall sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the contents of this grocery store, consisting part of canned goods, flour, lard, canned fish, baking powders, sugar, molasses, vinegar, chimneys, crockery, lamps, dried fruits, nuts, oil, sardines, chocolate, potatoes, etc., etc.; also shelving, scales, show cases, coffee mill, wrapping paper, counters, glass jars, etc.; also one wagon, one harness, one safe.

Terms cash. Sale absolute.

MAX MARCUSE, Assignee.

C. W. Kinsey, Dealer in Fine New Style, Household Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc.

"Modern" furniture bought, exchanged or sold on installment payments. We give "green trading stamps." 462-464 Thirteenth street.

A Modern Horse Hospital.

Is the handsome new building of the Oakland Veterinary Hospital, Drs. Pierce and Archibald props., 1724 Webster. Every convenience and modern mechanical contrivance for surgical work. Tel. main 681.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

AFTER JULY 15TH

you pay 10 cents a pound more for tea. Uncle Sam wants it for his Boys in Blue.

We pay it from June 13th to July 15th, that is on fresh new teas.

DRINK Good Health to the Boys in Blue WITH AMERICAN'S BEST TEA

Quality Best Obtainable — Prices Lowest in America

Great American Importing Tea Co.

SPEAKING FOR THEIR 108 MONEY SAVING STORES

OAKLAND STORES:

1052 Washington St., Oakland
917 Broadway, Oakland
131 San Pablo Ave., Oakland
1510 Seventh St., W. Oakland
616 Twelfth St., E. Oakland
1355 Park St., Alameda

A GOOD TIME TO BUY TEA

SHOES SHOES SHOES for VACATION

Children's Tan Shoes
Boys' Tan Shoes
Ladies' Tan Shoes

Prices Reduced One-Half

$2 50 Shoe reduced to $1 25
3 00 " " 1 50
2 00 " " 75

Some sizes in Fine Black Oxfords and Southern Ties at 50c and 75c, former prices from $2.00 to $3.50.

White Canvas Oxfords. We have them all sizes and widths, on new coin toe. Price......$1 45

We are showing new lines of Ladies' Lace and Button Boots in turn and welted soles, on latest lasts, both in kid and patent tips, genuine vici kid—look and wear like $5.00 shoes—our prices on all styles, $3 and $3.50; the same shoe, machine sewed, at $2.50. These bargains in fine footwear are not offered by any other shoe house.

We are selling agents for Laird, Schober & Co., John Foster & Co., and several other long established and standard shoemakers.

We handle more fine shoes than any other shoe firm west of Chicago, and are permanently located at 1059 Washington St. and in Macdonough Block, Oakland; 931 Market Street, opp. Mason, San Francisco.

Soliciting your patronage, we pledge considerable attention to your wants and wearing service in our goods.

"The Oakland" Shoe House,
"The San Francisco" Shoe House
GEO. E. FAIRCHILD, Pres. and Mgr.

Laymance Millinery

has been standard for style and work in Oakland for many years. The successors to this old line house therefore announce

A Cash Raising Sale In First Class Millinery

and make the announcement with perfect confidence in the public appreciation of the values such a sale suggests.

Its a Ten Days Sale

of the finest Shapes and Trimmings ever offered in this way in Oakland.

A Beautiful Line of Trimmed Hats will be sold at ½ the regular price and bargains of equal force will obtain in Untrimmed Goods.

Special Notice

Owing to the big sacrifice made in all TRIMMED GOODS intending purchasers should come early to secure choice selections.

The Misses Pollard SUCCESSORS TO Mrs. Nettie Laymance

965 BROADWAY, Bet. 9th and 10th.

A WOMAN'S SECRET!

The secret of our success in business is buying for cash and selling for cash. A good article at the right price. We are not like the ladies: we cannot keep a secret. It is open to everybody everywhere. No lock and key on the bargains we offer today. It is a pocketbook affair. We have the goods and want the money. You have the money and want the goods. Our store is the place. No one who has traded here for eight or ten years doubts this. No dull times at the great Bazaar, near the ferry.

KLONDIKE SHOES $1.50
These are the fair leather shoe pacs for Alaska; $3.50 is the price at credit stores; sizes 8 to 13. Northern trade will soon be booming. See our Yukon window.

LAWN MOWERS $1.95
Cuts 10 inches, celebrated make; no other house offers them less than $5.00; a real labor saver and money saver, too.

DRESS CALICO 3c
Styles are as pretty as the town contains; quality is full standard. Somebody wanted to sell badly and we took it. Will you take part?

GRAVEN IMAGES 5c
Pretty as a picture, curious and useful for the parlor mantel; not large, but this is made up by beauty.

EIGHT-DAY CLOCK $4.00
These are a high grade mantel clock; $8.00 is a common price at credit stores; $12.00 on the installment plan; be your own banker. First floor on the left.

WOOD STOVE, 36-inch $5.00
7 of these large school house or church stoves; last of a carload; regular price $15.00; mention this ad and save $10.

LADIES' TRIMMED HATS $1.00
These are summer styles worth $2.50 to $3.50; we quit manufacturing except for orders, and close out at any price; nice untrimmed hats, 5c to 10c.

REMNANTS OILCLOTH 5c
These are 45-inch table oilcloths, best quality, ¼ yard to 1¼ yards, at 10c per yard or less.

GENT'S CASSIMERE VESTS 75c
A lot of 1,000 made from remnants and short lengths of fine cassimere, 34 to 40, all good dark colors.

TOMATOES, peeled 5c
These are a fine pack, price is double now; Wednesday and Thursday we sell at 5c, 24 cans to any buyer.

Broken Candy, between 8 and 10 a. m... 5c
Hex Chewing Gum, the best, today only 1c
Fine Table Butter, for two days.........30c
Fine Sliced Canned Peaches, today...... 5c
Little Babies' Undershirts, this week... 3c
Big Boys' Strong Shoes for every day..75c
Soldiers' Mouthful Biscuits from New York.......... 5c
Home-made Pies, after 2 p. m. today....10c

SMITHS' CASH STORE
25-27 Market St., S. F.

Local Sports Maintain a Notable Lull.

Interest Centers in Pugilistic Contests Across the Bay.

ASSOCIATED CLUBS MEET HERE.

Charlie Tye is Booked to Meet a New-Comer From the East.

THE UMPIRE.

Everything now looks assuring for the match between Jim Corbett and Kid McCoy. It is not believed that Corbett will let this excellent chance slip by on account of a minor ring rule which probably would favor him as it is. In so far as opinion has been expressed by sporting men, there is great variance as to the respective merits of the men. While Corbett is unquestionaby the cleverer boxer, Eastern sports seem to think that McCoy will have an advantage in physical condition—something which Corbett can never hope to regain after his long neglect along this line. Among local men sentiment is all with the California boy. Even if he is but half as good as when he was at his zenith, they believe he is better than his opponent. The worst they look for from Corbett is a draw, for it is the general impression that he is too clever to permit McCoy to damage him within the twenty rounds agreed upon for the finish.

* * *

Perhaps the Sacramento baseball team's success can be partially accounted for by the fact of the great interest centering about the club on the part of the citizens up there. The enthusiasts have taken a novel action that, if followed by the other cities in the league, would better the sport and make success positive. The young men of that city have banded together and by voluntary subscription, raised a sufficient guarantee fund to put all the players on salary. This has resulted in the representation of Sacramento by a first class club, which leads the rest of the clubs in a percentage of victories.

* * *

At this season of the year when cyclists are inclined to shun the burning city pavements for the more shade ways of the country, the subject of good roads probably presents itself more forcibly than at any other time, for certainly the experience of traveling a road of ruts is an argument of paramount excellence.

Not to mention their commercial value, which exceeds the common thought, good roads are a boon to wheelmen. They mean to them the difference between work and sport, or pleasure and discomfort, and in many instances they mean a saving of much valuable time and expense. This being the case, and such a vast proportion of every community being composed of this class, it would seem that enough popular sentiment might be aroused to create a reform in this direction. Indeed a powerful influence might be brought to bear upon our legislators if every wheelman could be united in an enterprise to work for this end.

Only a few days ago we were apprised of the fact that the California Good Roads League has pronounced the wide tire law in its present shape unconstitutional. This law was supposed to embody the best and most practical method of preserving rural highways, and it met with the approval of every thoughtful man. Unsparing labor was used to secure its passage through the State Legislature, and now to have the underlying principle lost on a mere technicality is too bitter a pill for the advocates to swallow. They believe that the enforcement of this wide-tire law would assure good roads, and that it suggests the only mode of preventing the continual cutting up of newly made beds. The average country roadway nowadays resembles a car track, so deeply imbedded are the narrow tires of most wagons when traveling over the same roadway day in and day out, and the result is that cyclists run at their own peril along such courses. To mend this defect, the old ruts are filled in until new parallel chains of mountains are formed in their stead. To remedy this absurd work the new law not only requires wide tires, but nontrailing wheels, which withal would serve as veritable rollers.

Effort should certainly be used to secure a revision of the law already passed, or an entirely new one.

* * *

Tandems have never been so popular as it was once thought they would be. Save as pace makers, tandem wheels do not seem to meet the approval of the public. Possibly it is because the most willing worker does the greatest labor, and it is an easy task for the lazier one to let the task of peddling devolve upon his unsuspecting colleague. Moreover, it is well nigh impossible to find two riders who can agree perfectly in the matter of pace and the road to take. And what is still more essential, it is not always easy to find a partner when one is desirous of spinning to a certain destination.

* * *

The opinion is prevalent among Eastern sporting men that although Tom Sharkey's claim to the championship is unwarranted, his contest with Ruhlin was sufficient to prove that he is a better man than McCoy.

"Classing McCoy's victory over Ruhlin with that of Sharkey," says a sporting man, "gives the sailor a decided advantage, and the chances are that McCoy will take none of the sailor's game. At the same time, McCoy is believed to be far and away above Sharkey in everything but strength, and therein lies Sharkey's best hold on championship honors. Sharkey is a dangerous man for any one to fool with, particularly as he appears to have improved considerably in cleverness and is able to keep his head in moments when victory is almost certain. The challenge of Sharkey, after his quick victory over Ruhlin, to any man in the world is likely to hasten the meeting between McCoy and Corbett, for neither of these worthies is ready to seek for trouble with Sharkey. Corbett tried him in 'Frisco, and, as we all know, his ribs have been sore at each heartbeat ever since, while McCoy has never sought for a game of that sort. Fitz, Maher, Goddard and Jeffries are likely to be called out to subdue the jack tar."

THE UMPIRE.

CYCLING.

The next regular meeting of the California Associated Cycling Clubs will be held in the rooms of the Reliance Wheelmen on August 6th. The most important business will be the consideration of the two amendments now before the board.

The first is that which would do away with class lines and place all riders on the same basis of equality. This amendment is bound to receive its deathblow at the next meeting, it is said, the postponement of action at the last meeting in Sacramento, having been purely a mark of courtesy to Dr. Thomas Hill, father of the amendment.

The second important change which has been suggested deals with the representation of clubs and unattached riders on the Board of Governors. Heretofore all clubs have been allowed three delegates without regard to membership or to individual representation on the rolls of the C. A. C. C. The amendment, if carried, will give to each club an addition to the regular three votes, one extra vote for every twenty-five members who hold individual membership in the parent association.

News comes from Boston that "Plugger Bill" Martin and Jimmy Michael will be matched for a fifty-mile race, in which Martin will receive at handicap of three laps, or one mile in the fifty. This is a big handicap and may result in Michael's defeat.

There is a movement now on foot whereby a consolidation may be effected between the Olympic Cyclers and the Olympic Wheelmen. This means a cessation of the animosities which have been prevailing between these two organizations for the past four years, and with its wheeling forces once more united the Olympic Club will be able to cut quite a swath in the local bicycle world. The Cyclers are contemplating holding their annual run and jinks the latter part of this month to Escalles, and immediately after that the negotiations for consolidation will probably be brought to a focus.

Fred Hamilton of the Acme Wheelmen is again at home, after a two weeks' trip to the Yosemite Valley. He found the roads very dusty most of the way and the weather exceedingly warm. On the way out he met Captain Shedd of the Acmes en route to the valley, having stopped over in Sacramento to attend the bicycle races.

A. P. Swain of this city and ex-president of the Associated Clubs returned on Tuesday from a wheeling trip to Mendocino county. He went by way of Cazadero, up as far as Stewart's Point, and then retraced his route to Cazadero, whence he returned by train. The roads were found in splendid condition, but the trip after passing Cazadero was over a very mountainous country, which necessitated considerable walking.

BASEBALL.

The County League games in the future will be participated in by but five teams: The Eighth Regiment, Owl Drug Co., Grand Rule Bazaar, Alameda Alerts, and Camilloni & Lagoria.

Next Tuesday the managers of these teams will meet with the directors at the store of President C. J. Heeseman to arrange a schedule for the finals, which will begin on the 24th inst.

The game at Elmhurst next Sunday promises to be a treat for those interested, as a picked team from Camp Barrett will do battle with the Grand Rule Bazaars.

The Bazaar team has shown its ability to put up a hot contest, and is composed of a fine lot of players, as the line-up will show. Russell, their backstop, is as good an all-round player as can be found in the county. Munson pitcher, is very steady and has some good curves. He is a good "sticker," also, and a marvel at stealing bases. Martin plays a fine game at short, while Richardson is a great fielder and one of the fastest men on bases in the State.

The regimental team will be composed of a great combination of individual players, headed by Louie Schroeder of the Alerts and Corporal Godman of the Keegan Bros. of Santa Rosa. In the camp there are a number of first-class players from different parts of the State, among them a south paw twirler who is hard to beat.

The game will no doubt prove to be the most interesting contest of the season.

The Oakland baseball team has been putting up top-notch baseball of late, but somehow its opponents manage to come out victorious. Last Sunday the Sacramentos won to the tune of 6 to 2.

ON THE TURF.

The sport furnished at the Emeryville track is excellent. The attendance is growing steadily larger, which shows a growing interest in the harnessed horse and its ability.

Mamie Griffin added glory to her name on Monday by reducing the Emeryville track trotting record of 2:12½ to 2:12 flat.

A dispatch from London states that Richard Croker's colt Knickerbocker, since his win in the Exning Plate at Newmarket, has been the talk of the English turf. It is contended by the most conservative, and claimed by the most experienced turfmen and trainers, that he is by all odds the best 2-year-old that has been uncovered this season. He is looked upon as a sure winner of next year's Derby, bar accident. There is not a youngster in training today, in the opinion of the best judges, who will stand a chance with the sturdy son of Dobbins and Flirt III, for the blue ribbon of 1899.

Miss Rowena won a five-and-a-half furlong race at Butte, going the distance in 1:07¼. She lowered the Montana record three-quarters of a second.

BOXING.

Jim Jeffries will meet "Stockings" Conroy, the newly discovered heavyweight, before the Empire Club of Syracuse, N. Y., on the 20th of this month. They will fight twenty rounds. Jeffries will meet Peter Maher in the latter part of August before the Lenox Club of New York for a purse of $10,000, providing Maher does not back down.

The pugilists are still fighting for small money in New York in comparison with what they made here last year. In the fight between "Spike" Sullivan and Dal Hawkins one of the best crowds of the season was present, but Sullivan received only $2,343.50 as his share and Hawkins but $714.50.

Mexican Pete Everett vanquished that other dub Bob Armstrong, colored, of Denver, at Cripple Creek on the Fourth of July. As a consequence R. H. Simmons, the mining and coursing man, has deposited a forfeit of $2,500 for a match of $10,000 a side between Everett and Jeffries, providing the fight shall take place at Cripple Creek.

Charley Tye, the Weyler pugilist of the Reliance Club, is booked to meet Morris Jacobs, who comes from the East with the reputation of being a veritable Hercules. He is termed the "Midget Sandow" and is known not alone as a boxer, but as a wrestler as well.

The most imposing contest to be fought around these parts for a while is the go between Frank McConnell and Tommy Tracey on August 2d. Tracey has arrived from the East and is hard at work for what he considers a very difficult fight. His headquarters is at Croll's garden, Alameda.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sumner Hardy, the new Coast tennis champion, is in Santa Rosa for a short visit, and will probably enlighten the natives on the fine points of the modern game before he returns.

William L. Thacher, the crack racket wielder of Oyal valley, is in this city and trying luck with the Madison Club players.

Sam Hardy has not touched a racket since the San Rafael tournament, and has expressed his intention of withdrawing from tournament playing in the future.

The Alameda senior barge crew is a good one and it will prove dangerous on the 24th inst., if it continues to improve. The crew did not do very well on the 4th, considering that it was well-trained and had a new boat and was against comparatively green crews. With a capable coxswain the crew might pull out with the championship.

The Alamedas and Pacifics started their third test match for the Hunter-Harrison cricket trophy last Sunday at Golden Gate. The Pacifics were evidently suffering from some malady, for they could only turn up nine men, the balance of the men not being able to participate. However, the Alamedans had lots of fun with the invalids, and at call of time were credited with no less than 301 runs, with the loss of but four wickets. This practically dooms the Pacific's chances.

Each member of the Alameda sculling crew will receive a gold medal for his participation in the victory last Sunday. They will all have another chance to win more laurels on July 24th at El Campo. The South Ends are going to brace up their crew and endeavor to win back the claim to the title of champions.

On Monday evening a band of East Oakland young people met at the residence of A. P. Swain on Tenth avenue for the purpose of organizing a tennis club.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The Oakland Loan Office.

Loans money on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols and articles of every description. Sells all kinds of musical instruments at cost. Pays the highest price for old gold and silver. Now at 966 Washington street, bet. Ninth and Tenth streets.

The Emeryville Road House, Capt. Gardner prop'r, with every accommodation for travelers, including private rooms, music room, etc., is open for business. Thirty-seventh st. and San Pablo ave.

The Anheuser-Busch Saloon

Is a resort for gentlemen. There are sandwiches, frankfurters and any sort of lunch to order, with a surety of nice association. Bandle & Sonderleiter, props. Ninth st. near Washington.

Hotel Windsor.

A modern home hotel, beautifully furnished, near to train; dining room in connection. Rates reasonable to permanent guests. Mrs. Fritchard, prop., S. W. corner Wash. and Ninth sts.

If you are tired taking the large old-fashioned griping pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a dose. Try them.

The Parlor

Is a quiet, clean, prime quality saloon conducted by Gus Sinkwitz, for years with Kuch's Inlet, and by Louis Kunmeyer. Corner Ninth and Washington.

The Narrow Gauge Market.

The Narrow Gauge Meat Market, Garner & Son, prop'rs, sell prime meats below down-town prices, and invite the patronage of contiguous residents. Cor. Webster and Ninth streets.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

To serve our country and family well, robust health is a necessity.

THE Weak and Nervous BY USING The BITTERS

Can regain lost vigor, and meet every emergency of life.

WOULD UTILIZE THE SPAN OVER ALICE STREET.

Subject Discussed by the Board of Trade.

The proposition of using the Alice-street bridge during the reconstruction of the Webster-street bridge came up before the directors of the Board of Trade at this morning's meeting. After considerable discussion as to the advantages and disadvantages and also as to the authority of the Supervisors to expend money for the improvement of Alice-street bridge, a resolution that the Supervisors be urged to accept the offer of the Southern Pacific Company was unanimously adopted.

James P. Taylor said in regard to the matter that it would be a serious business for people to have to go around by Park street. Heavy teams could make only one trip in a day. All business between Oakland and Alameda would be handicapped. It was said that sixty days only would be required for the construction of the Webster-street bridge, but that meant after the preliminary work was completed, such as tearing down the old structure and making the foundations for the new one. The whole work would probably take from four to six months

He thought the Supervisors should take favorable action in regard to the Alice-street bridge.

Mr. Taylor stated that by actual count between 350 and 450 teams crossed Webster-street bridge daily, to say nothing of other vehicles and pedestrians.

As to the expense of constructing the bridge it was proposed that Oakland and Alameda each pay one-third, the other third to be paid by the county.

Edson F. Adams objected to being "fenced in," as he called it. He said the bridge would block the harbor and interfere with shipping. It would add to the long line of obstructions and spoil 730 feet in the middle of the estuary for shipping purposes. If the city expended an amount of money on the improvement of Alice-street bridge the Government would probably order the structure removed. The city should not improve private property. By the removal of the bridge another street would be gained and a wharf could be built, thus giving additional wharfage room for the harbor.

Mr. Adams said if the city was going to expend money on the construction of a thoroughfare it should be in a permanent place. All damage to navigation was a hindrance to the development of the city. The building of so many bridges in the estuary was practically putting a fence around shipping interests. The tax-payers should put a stop to it.

The resolution declaring in favor of the acceptance of the Alice-street bridge was then adopted.

A communication from the Lake Merritt Sanitary Improvement Club was read. It stated that the sanitary conditions around Lake Merritt were very bad. The residents had suffered for many years from having sewage drain into the lake.

The communication was signed by the following residents: Edwin Goodall, president; M. W. Kales, Geo. D. Greenwood, R. G. Brown, A. Schilling, Jas. Moffitt, and H. F. Gordon, secretary.

A resolution was adopted endorsing the action of the Lake Merritt Sanitary Improvement Club and appointing the following committee to act in conjunction with the Club: E. C. Sessions, M. J. Keller, and Jno. F. Towle.

The meeting then adjourned.

WHAT THE FIRES HAVE DESTROYED.

The Police and Fire Commissioners met this morning with Thomas, Clement and Ball present.

Chief of Police Fletcher reported the following regular police officers were off duty during June on account of sickness:

John Morrison, H. B. Rand, H. E. E. Green, J. T. Brannan, H. L. Gilbert, T. B. Cooney.

Chief Ball tendered his annual report showing losses by fire during the year ending June 30th:

Total amount insurance, $306,095; total amount insurance paid, $47,222; value of buildings, $511,800; amount of insurance thereon, $200,745; loss on buildings, $47,985.50; value of contents, $143,401; insurance thereon, $66,850; loss on contents, $36,505; total loss $84,540.50.

The department responded to 189 alarms.

S. B. M'LENEGAN IS TO SUCCEED A. L. STONE.

S. B. McLenegan will succeed A. L. Stone as secretary of the Oakland, San Leandro and Haywards Electric Railway. The appointment will not be formally made until next Saturday when the directors will meet, but as the informal agreement was unanimous, McLenegan has virutally entered upon his duties.

He is now interesting himself in his work and has acquainted himself with the Company's property. To-day he was at the power house, making the acquaintance of the men.

Mr. McLenegan was formerly superintendent of the San Francisco and San Mateo Electric Railway, and is thoroughly competent to fill the position left vacant by Mr. Stone's resignation.

GETS THREE MONTHS FOR BREAKING WINDOWS

John P. Lavin was sentenced by Judge Allen this morning to 100 days in the City Prison for breaking three windows in the residence of Ann Story at 212 Sixth street. Lavin served six months a short time ago for stealing a harness.

Dr. Fisher is Very Ill.

The condition of Dr. C. M. Fisher, who is suffering from an attack of typhoid fever, remains unchanged and the crisis of the disease is not expected to be passed until the latter part of the week. While he is a very sick man, it is not believed that the crisis will result unfavorably.

A FORMER OAKLAND WOMAN SUICIDES.

Mrs. Emma Georgiana Goe Dies by the Gas Route at Woodland.

A telegram from Woodland announces that Mrs. Emma Georgiana Goe committed suicide there last night by inhaling gas at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Praet. The deceased was a native of San Francisco. Two years ago, with her parents, she moved to this city and took up her residence on Jones street, between Grove and Telegraph avenue. Her father conducted a jewelry store at the intersection of Telegraph avenue and Broadway. The family later moved to Woodland.

BARLOW NAMED FOR CONGRESS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SACRAMENTO, July 13.—In the Sixth District Populist Convention held this morning Charles H. Barlow was renominated for Congress without opposition. A committee was appointed to draft resolutions endorsing his course in Congress.

GRAND JURY DID NOT REPORT.

The Grand Jury did not make its report as contemplated today, owing to the fact that the records were locked up.

District Attorney Snook and Judge Greene, after a conference, agreed that the report had better be deferred, so the jury withdrew its request.

Tour of Inspection.

Drs. Ruggles and Matthews of the State Board of Health are inspecting the sanitary conditions of the Deaf and Dumb Institute at Berkeley and the Industrial Home for the Adult Blind at Temescal.

Dr. Henderson of Sacramento, a member of the State Board of Health, was a visitor in this city yesterday, and paid a pleasant call to Dr. D. D. Crowley, who is also a member of that body.

For Hawaiian Judge-Advocate.

Ex-Congressman Caminetti is a candidate for the position of Judge Advocate of the Hawaiian Islands. He recently received a letter from Senator Perkins stating that the matter was pending in the Department and would not be settled till the Hawaiian commission organized.

Kelley's Examination.

The examination of James F. Kelley, charged with assault to murder, was by consent continued to July 16th. Two of the most important witnesses could not be found. Kelley is the man who tried to shoot Captain Anderson on the Seventh-street local some time ago.

CALIFORNIA RAILWAY

—TO—

Leona Heights and Mills College

TRAINS LEAVE TIDAL CANAL BRIDGE, ALAMEDA.

8:00, 9:00, *9:20, 10:00, *10:30, 11:00, *11:30 a. m.; 12:00, *12:30, 1:00, *1:30, 2:00, *2:30, 3:00, *3:30, 4:00, *4:30, 5:00, *5:30, 6:00, *6:30, 7:00, *7:30, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00 p. m.

TRAINS LEAVE LEONA HEIGHTS.

7:35, 8:30, *9:00, 9:30, *10:00, 10:30, *11:00, *11:30 a. m.; *12:00, 12:30, *1:00, 1:30, *2:00, 2:30, *3:00, 3:30, *4:00, 4:30, *5:00, 5:30, *6:00, 6:30, *7:00, 7:30, 8:30 9:30 p. m.

*Sundays only.

Passengers from Oakland and Alameda take Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway cars to Tidal Canal bridge. Allow twenty-five minutes from Eleventh and Broadway and fifteen minutes from Thirteenth avenue and East Twelfth street. Round Trip Tickets from any point in Alameda or Oakland can be purchased of Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway conductors.

Fare, 25 cents round trip.

B. H. FISHER, Supt.

Masonic Temple, Twelfth and Washington streets, Oakland.

The O. R. & N.

DISPATCH FAST STEAMERS To PORTLAND

From Folsom-street Wharf, at 10 A. M.

EVERY 4 DAYS

FARE $12 First Class, $8 Second Class, including berth & meals

COLUMBIA.....sails July 2, 10, 18, 26

STATE OF CALIFORNIA sails July 6, 14, 22, 30

ST. PAUL.....$16.00 ST. LOUIS.....$32.00

KANSAS CITY..$26.00 CHICAGO.....$27.50

OMAHA.....$26.00 NEW YORK.....$31.00

E. C. WARD, General Agent.

530 Market street.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Supt's.

IF YOU WISH

To enjoy the day properly you must order your Sunday dinner from

L. C. BEEM,

New City Market,

S. E. Cor. 12th and Washington Sts.

TELEPHONE 255.

The Black Hawk Stomach and Liver Bitters

Is a purely vegetable compound used by the Indians for a century. Manufactured by the

Black Hawk Remedy Co.

EAST OAKLAND.

JOHN D. TAYLOR, - Agent for S. F

153 New Montgomery.

KEEP COOL—DRINK HIRES ROOT BEER

ADVERTISEMENTS

TEEETH

Filled with Gold for.....75c up
" " Silver for....25c up
Bridge Work, per tooth, $4 up
Gold Crowns, 22 K.....$4 up
Plates for.....$5 up
Cleaning Teeth.....50c up
Extracting.....50c up

All Work Guaranteed.

I make a flexible dental plate, which is but little known by the public, and less known by other dentists. It has an advantage over other rubber plates, being lighter and thinner. It will pay you to examine this process. Consultation Free.

Open Saturday evenings until 9. Sundays 9 to 12.

H. W. FRENCH, D. D. S.

1116 WASHINGTON ST., bet. 12th and 13th, OAKLAND

TELEPHONE BLACK 3377.

M. Isaacs

(Formerly with Joseph Harris)

HAS OPENED THE

Oakland Clothing Co.

863 BROADWAY

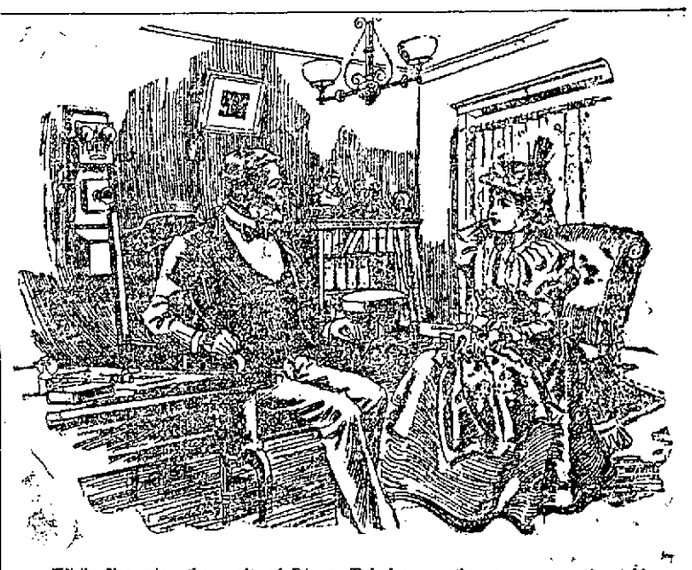
Next Door to New York Tea Co. - Oakland.

With a Complete Assortment of

Men's and Boys' Clothing

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Trunks, Etc.

IT WILL BE A STORE FOR HONEST VALUES.



While discussing the merits of Ripans Tabules recently, in a conversation with a friend, a surgeon who is employed by the Long Island Railroad, and who has a large private practice among people of social and business prominence in Brooklyn, the City of Churches, expressed himself quite forcibly, saying: "I don't wish my name to appear as an indorser of a medicine that is advertised to the public at large, but there are several of my private patients who have not required my services as much this spring as has been usual, and two of them I found had been taking Ripans Tabules, and were said to have been so much benefited by their use that I became very much interested in their cases, because the illness from which they had suffered was of a sort from which a doctor is no more free than other people are. It was dyspepsia, and I knew by my own experience just what that was and how difficult it is to treat it successfully. I finally tried Ripans Tabules myself and, 'by ginger,' they are all the circular pretends them to be. They are a first-class article. I can heartily indorse them. The formula is an old one, but with one or two slight changes that seem to add an effectiveness that was never before to be relied upon, with so much certainty."

A new style package containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

BROWN & McKINNON —OLDEST— Merchant Tailors IN OAKLAND.

We carry a full line of desirable staple goods and latest novelties.

. . . SPRING GOODS JUST IN .

Evarts Block - - - 1103 BROADWAY.

POORMAN Repairs Stoves

Tel. White 991. 7th & Adeline Sts.

BOYER'S BOQUET CIGAR IS SMOKED BY ALL OAKLAND

The Oakland Paving Co. With the benefit of twenty years' experience in a quarry, the rock from which is the hardest, toughest and most durable yet used for macadamizing in this State, will execute municipal and private contracts for all branches of street work, and will continue to fill orders for the shipment of its rock to other cities. Office—Rooms 321-322 Central Bank Building, Oakland, Cal.

Cutter's Place

Is cool, restful and a rendezvous for old friends and good liquors. 473 Ninth street.

"Wanted" Storage Goods.

Storage taken from $50 upwards; best and safest building in Oakland to leave your furniture, etc., at H. Schellhaas, 409 Eleventh st.

The physicians send all their patients to Theo. Gier Co., 513-515 Fourteenth street, for pure wines and liquors for medicinal purposes

The Drum.

Is the place for beer on tap, and for all other drinks, served quietly. Rooms for families. M. T. Conway, formerly with W. M. Watson & Co., 964 Washington. Telephone red 2146.

Special this week at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh street; household furniture. Telephone 852 blue.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1867

952 BROADWAY

East Side - Bet. 9th and 10th Sts.

WM. WILSON

Jeweler . . . Watchmaker Optician . .

30 YEARS IN OAKLAND HERE YET

Kumyss Beats Sodas and Bromos Knocks Intoxicating Drinks out of sight. Drink it with your meals. - - Chicago Kumyss Co., has a Depot in Oakland 463 9th. St.

Dr. LUM WEH Chinese Physician

Guarantees the cure of the most obstinate COUGHS and of CONSUMPTION

Prices Reasonable and a Cure Guaranteed

367 Ninth St. - - Oakland

LEO. FUCHS FRANK FRA[illegible]

BROOKLYN WINE CELLAR

—DEALERS IN—

NATIVE WINES LIQUORS and BRANDIES

801-805 East Fourteenth Street,

Cor. 16th Ave., E. Oakland

FAMILY TRADE A SPECIALTY

ORDERS DELIVERED FREE.

16th St. — New Broadway — Telegraph Avenue

An Honest Wheel. An Honest Dealer.

THE WARNER SPECIAL

C. G. FIELD, - Oakland Cyclery

LOUISVILLE RESTAURANT

—French and Family Dinners—

BANQUETS, PARTIES,

LADIES DEPARTMENTS.

Open till 12 P. M.

910 BROADWAY John Slavich

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

Meeting Held Monday, July 11th, 1898

The Board of Equalization met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The roll was called and all members were found to be present.

Minutes read and approved.

APPLICATIONS FOR REDUCTION OF ASSESSMENT.

No. 1—W. S. Pelouze.
No. 2—W. S. Pelouze.
No. 3—Wm. Stewart.
No. 4—Wm. Stewart.
No. 5—W. H. Rouse.

CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATIONS.

Nos. 3 and 4—Wm. Stewart. Application read. Set for hearing Thursday, July 14th, 10 A. M., at request of applicant.

No. 1—W. S. Pelouze. Sworn. Supervisor Church moved application be granted. Seconded by Supervisor Talcott.

Supervisor Roeth moved that application be denied. Seconded by Supervisor Wells.

Motion lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Roeth and Wells—2.

Noes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell and Talcott—3.

The roll was then called on the motion of Supervisor Church to grant, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell and Talcott—3.

Noes—Supervisors Roeth and Wells—2.

No. 2—W. S. Pelouze. Supervisor Talcott moved that the application be denied.

Seconded by Supervisor Roeth, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Roeth, Wells, Mitchell and Talcott—4.

Noes—Supervisor Church—1.

No. 5—W. H. Rouse. Notice waived. Applicant sworn. Hearing had.

Supervisor Roeth moved that application be granted as regards improvements and denied as to real estate.

Seconded by Supervisor Talcott. Carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

RECESS.

Declared until 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Board reassembled at 2 o'clock.

Roll called. All present.

APPLICATIONS.

From:

No. 6—Claremont, University and Ferries Street Railway Co.

Affidavit and application of Assessor to place property on assessment roll set for hearing Monday, July 18th, 10 A. M., by unanimous vote:

No. 7—Northern Railway Co.

Affidavit and application of Assessor to place certain property on assessment roll set for hearing Monday at 10 o'clock A. M., by unanimous vote:

No. 8—Oakland Railway Co.

Affidavit and application of County Assessor for permission to place certain property on assessment roll set for hearing Monday, 10 o'clock A. M., by unanimous vote.

No. 9—Oakland Consolidated Street Railway Co.

Affidavit and application of County Assessor to place certain property on assessment roll set for hearing Monday, 10 o'clock A. M., by unanimous vote.

Clerk directed to notify parties in manner provided by law.

The Board then adjourned to meet Tuesday, July 12th, at 10 o'clock A. M.

J. R. TALCOTT, Chairman.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan, Clerk.

(Official.)

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Proceedings of Adjourned Regular Meeting, of the Board of Supervisors, Monday July 11th, 1898.

The Board of Supervisors met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The roll was called and all members were found to be present.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved without alteration.

RELIEF TO INDIGENTS.

The following persons made application for relief:

Misses Sunington (two sisters), corner Union and San Pablo, Golden Gate, nativity Ireland.

Referred to Supervisor Mitchell.

REPORTS OF COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

Were received as follows:

From A. J. Rodrigues, Road Foreman Centerville Road District, from June 2d to 30th, 1898.

From J. B. Barnard, Road Foreman Niles Road District, from March 1st to April 30th, 1898. Also from May 1st to June 30th, 1898.

From J. Kruse, Road Foreman Pleasanton Road District, from May 1st to July 1st, 1898.

From O. P. Moulton, Road Foreman Newark Road District, from January 31st to June 30th, 1898.

The reports were examined and found to be correct and ordered filed.

APPLICATIONS FOR PERMITS.

Geo. C. Fisher, Niles, made application for permit to obtain license for the sale of liquors.

The application being in proper form and the bond accompanying the same correct in amount, the application was referred to the Judiciary Committee and the bond approved by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE.

Reported favorably upon the applications of Frank Rose, Centerville; Frank Francis, Centerville, and D. H. Vogts, Vogtsburg.

Ordered filed.

Resolutions were then introduced granting said parties permits to obtain licenses for the sale of liquors.

The roll was called and the resolutions adopted by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

REQUISITIONS.

A requisition was received from C. B. White, Sheriff, for shoes, overalls, shirts and tin cups.

Supervisor Church moved that the same be granted.

Seconded by Supervisor Mitchell, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

ALLOWANCE OF CREDITS.

Gus Miller made application for allowance of credits so that his term of imprisonment would expire July 9th instead of September 22d, 1898.

Ben Chipman made application for allowance of credits so that his term of imprisonment would expire on July 16th instead of August 15th, 1898.

The recommendation of the Jailor being favorable, the applications were granted by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

FREE PEDDLER'S LICENSE.

Pietro Tenna made application for free peddler's license.

Supervisor Mitchell moved that the same be granted for six months in accordance with the provisions of the County Government Act.

Seconded by Supervisor Roeth, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From A. Kayser, relating to sale of claim by Manvel Store.

Referred to Finance Committee.

TRANSFER OF FUNDS FROM GENERAL ROAD FUND TO PIEDMONT FUND.

The following resolution was introduced:

"Resolved, That the sum of $475 be and the same is hereby ordered transferred from the General Road Fund to the Piedmont Road Fund, and the Clerk of this Board is hereby directed to notify the Auditor and Treasurer to make proper entries of said transfers of said funds in accordance with this resolution in their books."

Supervisor Roeth moved the adoption of the resolution.

Seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

TRANSFER OF FUNDS FROM GENERAL ROAD FUND TO CLAREMONT ROAD DISTRICT FUND.

The following resolution was introduced by Supervisor Roeth:

"Resolved, That the sum of $575 be and the same is hereby ordered transferred from the General Road Fund to the Claremont Road District Fund, and the Clerk of this Board is hereby directed to notify the Auditor and Treasurer to make proper entries of said transfers of said funds in accordance with this resolution in their books."

Supervisor Roeth moved the adoption of the resolution.

Seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION AT TESLA.

The following resolution was introduced by Supervisor Wells:

"Whereas, It appears to the satisfaction of this Board that by the procession held at Tesla on the 4th day of July last this county has been advertised and benefited and immigration into this county will be induced; therefore

"Resolved, That the sum of one hundred ($100) dollars be and the same is hereby donated toward the expense of the display at Tesla, and the Auditor is hereby directed to draw his warrant in favor of Walter H. Henry, secretary of the Tesla Fourth of July Committee, and out of the County General Fund, and the Treasurer is directed to pay the same when presented."

Supervisor Roeth moved the adoption of the resolution.

Seconded by Supervisor Mitchell, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

RECESS.

Was then declared until 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Board reassembled at 2 o'clock.

Roll called. All present.

GRADING COUNTY ROAD NO. 2,960, MURRAY TOWNSHIP.

The County Surveyor presented specifications for grading county road No. 2,960 its entire length.

Accompanying the plans was the estimate of the cost of grading, placed at $2,000.

Specifications ordered filed.

The following resolution was then introduced by Supervisor Wells:

"Whereas, In the judgment of this Board, it is for the best interests of the county that county road No. 2,960 throughout its entire length be graded.

"Now therefore be it Resolved, That the plans and specifications filed by the County Surveyor on July 11th, 1898, be and the same are hereby approved and adopted.

"Be it further Resolved, That the Clerk of this Board give notice in accordance with the provisions of law of said work, by publishing the same in the Oakland Weekly Tribune and Livermore Echoes, and that said notice fix the day for the presentation of bids or proposals for said work as Monday, August 1st, 1898, at 11 A. M., at the office of the Clerk of said Board of Supervisors, and that said notice also require that a certified check on some responsible bank accompany said bid for an amount equal to 10 per cent of the amount of the respective bids or proposals. Said check to be payable to the Clerk of this Board and to be forfeited to the county of Alameda as agreed and liquidated damages should the party or parties to whom the contract for said work is awarded fail to enter into the contract for the performance of said work or fail to give the bond required by this Board."

Adopted by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

APPOINTMENT OF POUNDMASTER, PIEDMONT ROAD DISTRICT.

The following resolution was introduced by Supervisor Roeth:

"Resolved, That Daniel Godfrey be and he is hereby appointed Poundmaster of Piedmont Road District, appointment to take effect from date of presentation and approval of bond of $250 as provided by ordinance."

Supervisor Roeth moved the adoption of the resolution.

Seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

REDUCTION OF WATER RATES.

The petition of J. A. Jones and others for the fixing of water rates outside of incorporated cities and towns uniform with those existing in the city of Oakland came up for hearing.

The District Attorney advised the Board to fix a day and hour for the hearing on said petition, and that the Clerk give notice as required.

Thereupon Supervisor Mitchell moved that the petition be set down for hearing Monday, August 2d, at 11 A. M.

Seconded by Supervisor Roeth, and motion carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

The Clerk was then directed to make publication in the manner provided by law in the Alameda Argus on motion of Supervisor Church, seconded by Supervisor Wells and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

ALLOWANCE OF BILLS.

Supervisor Roeth moved that rule 7 be suspended, and that the following bill be brought up by the Board for allowance.

Seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

The following bill was then read:

County General Fund—G. B. Hoagland, $20.

Supervisor Roeth moved that the bill, which had been favorably passed upon by the majority of the Auditing and Finance Committee, be ordered paid out of the fund mentioned, to the person named and in the amount given.

Seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—5.

Noes—None.

RELIEF TO INDIGENTS.

The following persons made application for relief:

James Cassidy, Stockyards, nativity Ireland, married.

Referred to Supervisor Mitchell.

WEBSTER STREET BRIDGE.

Supervisor Roeth moved that the Clerk be requested to notify the Southern Pacific Company that we do not desire to use the Alice street bridge as tendered in communication of August 16th, 1897, addressed to the District Attorney of Alameda county.

Seconded by Supervisor Wells and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Roeth, Wells and Chairman Talcott—3.

Noes—Supervisors Church and Mitchell—2.

RE-SEWERING COURT HOUSE.

Supervisor Mitchell moved that the Building Committee be authorized to resewer the Court House according to plans prepared.

No second.

Matter postponed until Tuesday, July 12th, 1898.

ADJOURNMENT.

There being no further business to transact, the Board then adjourned to meet Tuesday, July 12th, 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M.

J. R. TALCOTT, Chairman.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan, Clerk.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FLOUR AND MILLSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Family extras, $5@5.10; bakers' extras, $4.75@4.85 per bbl.

MILLSTUFFS—Prices in sacks are as follows, usual discount to the trade: Graham flour, $3.25 per 100 lbs; rye flour, $2.75 per 100; rice flour, $7; cornmeal, $2.50; extra cream cornmeal, $3.25; oatmeal, $4.25; oat groats, $1.25; hominy, $3.25@3.50; buckwheat flour, $4@1.25; cracked wheat, $3.75; farina, $4.50; whole wheat flour, $3.25; rolled oats (barrels), $5.80@6.20; in sacks, $5.60@6; pearl barley, $4.75; split peas, $4.25; green peas, $4.50 per 100 lbs.

HAY AND FEEDSTUFFS.

MIDDLINGS—$20@22 per ton.

FEEDSTUFFS—Rolled barley, $25; oilcake at the mill, $31@31.50; jobbing, $32@32.50; cocoanut cake, $24@25; cottonseed meal, $25@30 per ton; cornmeal, $23@23.50; cracked corn, $24@24.50.

BRAN—$14.50@15.50 per ton.

HAY—(Ex-car in round lots)—Wheat, $20@22; wheat and oat, $17@18.50; oat, $17@18; barley, ——; compressed wheat, $21@24; compressed oat, $16@18; alfalfa, $12.50@13; clover, $13@14.50.

NEW HAY—Wheat, $18.50@19; island barley, $14@16.

STRAW—60@90c per bale.

BEANS AND SEEDS.

BEANS—Bayos, $2.90@2.95; small whites, $1.80@1.90; large whites, $1.75@1.85; pinks, $2.60@2.70; redfils, $2.75@2.85; blackeye, $3@3.25; butters, $1.60@2; limas, $2.80@2.90; pea, $1.90@2; red kidneys, $2.50@2.75 per ctl.

SEEDS—Brown mustard, $4@5 per ctl; yellow mustard, $4@4.25; flax, $2@2.15; canary seed, 2¼@2¾c per lb; alfalfa, 3@6c; rape, 2¼@2¾c; hemp, 2¾@3c; timothy, 5@5¼c.

DRIED PEAS—Niles, $1.75@2; green, $2@2.10 per ctl.

POTATOES, ONIONS, VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Oregon burbanks, 40@60c; new potatoes, 50@60c for early rose and 50@70c for burbanks in sacks.

ONIONS—New, 20@35c per sack for red and 35c for yellow.

VEGETABLES—Asparagus, 75c@2 per box; green peas, 1½@2½c per lb; string beans, 2@3c; summer squash, 25@40c box; dried pepers, 5@6c lb; dried okra, 12½c; cabbage, 50@60c per ctl; carrots, 30@50c per sack; garlic, 5c per lb; cucumbers, 50@85c per box; Vacaville tomatoes, 50c@$1 per box.

EVAPORATED VEGETABLES—Potatoes, sliced, raw, 12c per lb in lots of 25 lbs; sliced dessicated, 16@18c; granulated raw, 13c; onions, 60c; carrots, old, 13c; new, 18c; cabbage, 30c; sweet potatoes, 30c; turnips, 25c; string beans, 30c; tomatoes, 50c.

POULTRY AND GAME.

POULTRY—Live turkeys, 12½@14c for gobblers, 11@12½c for hens; geese, per pair, 75c@$1; goslings, 75c@$1; ducks, $2.75@3 for old, $3@5 for young; hens, $3.50@5; roosters, young, $6@7; roosters, old, $3.50@5; fryers, $5@5.50; broilers, $3.50@4 for large and $2@3 for small; pigeons, $1.25@1.75 per dozen for young and $1.25@1.50 for old.

GAME—Nominal.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

BUTTER—Creamery—Fancy creameries, 20@21c; seconds, 20c.

Dairy—Choice to fancy, 17@19c; second grades, 15c.

Eastern Butter—Ladle packed, 14@15c per lb.

CHEESE—Choice mild new, 8c; Cream Cheddar, 10@11c; Young America, 8@9c; Eastern, [illegible] per lb.

EGGS—Ranch eggs, 16@18c per dozen; store eggs, 12@15c; duck eggs, 16c.

DECIDUOUS AND CITRUS FRUITS.

DECIDUOUS FRUITS—Strawberries, $2.50@3 per chest for large and $5@8 for small berries; apples, 40@50c per box for common, 75c@$1 for good to choice and 20@40c per basket; loose cherries, 1@1½c per lb for white and 1½@3½c per lb for black; black, 35@50c; currants, $1.50@2.50 per chest; blackberries, $2@3 per crate; plums, 50@75c per crate and 35@65c per box; apricots, 50c@$1 per box and 50@$ per crate for royals; peaches, 25@75c per box and 60@90c per basket; gooseberries, 1½2c per lb for common and 3½@4c for English.

CITRUS FRUITS—Navel oranges, $1.50@2.50; seedlings, 50c@$1; lemons, $1@1.25 for common and $1.25@2 for good to choice; Mexican limes, $3.50@4; California limes, in small boxes, 40@50c; bananas, $1.25@2 per bunch; pineapples, $3@4 per dozen.

PROVISIONS.

CURED MEATS—Bacon—9c per lb for heavy, 9½c for light medium, 10c for light, 11c for extra light and 12@12½c for sugar cured; Eastern sugar cured hams, 10¾@11c; California hams, 9½@10c; mess beef, $10.50 per bbl; extra mess beef, $11; family beef, $11@12; salt pork, $9; extra prime pork, $10; extra clear, $17@17.50; mess, $15; smoked beef, 12c per lb.

LARD—Eastern tierces quoted at 6c per lb for compound and 8c for pure; pail, 5¾c; California tierces, 5½c per lb, for compound and 7¼c for pure; half barrels, 7¼c; 10 lb tins, 8¼c; 5 lb tins, 8¾c.

COTTOLENE—Tierces, 6¾@7¼c packages, less than 300 lbs—1 lb pails, 60 in a case, 9¼c; 3 lb pails, 20 in a case, 8⅝c; 5 lb pails, 12 in a case, 8½c; 10 lb pails, 6 in a case, 8⅝c; 50 lb tins, 1 or 2 in a case, 7⅝c; wooden buckets, 20 lbs net, 8¾c; fancy tubs, 80 lbs net, 7⅝c; half barrels, about 110 lbs, 7¾c per lb.

SAN FRANCISCO MEAT MARKET.

BEEF—First quality, 6½c; second quality, 5½@6c; third quality, 4½@5½c per lb.

VEAL—Large, 4@5c; small, 5@7c per lb.

MUTTON—Wethers, 7½@8c; ewes, 7@7½c per lb.

LAMB—Spring, 8@8½c per lb.

PORK—Live hogs, 4¼@5c for large and 5@5¼c for medium; stock hogs, 2@3½c; dressed hogs, 7@8c.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BAGS—Calcutta grain bags, 5@5¼c; wool bags, nominal; San Quentin, $4.85.

COAL—Wellington, $8 per ton; new Wellington, $8; Southfield Wellington, $7.50; Seattle, $6; Bryant, $6; Coos Bay, $5; Wallsend, $7.50; Scotch, $10; Cumberland, $10.25 in bulk and $11.50 in sacks; Pennsylvania anthracite egg, $14; Cannel, $10 per ton; Rock Springs, Castle Gate and Pleasant Valley, $7.60; coke, $12 per ton in bulk and $14 in sacks.

SUGAR—The Western Sugar Refinery fine crushed, 7c; powdered, 6⅛c; dry granulated, 5⅞c; confectioners' A, 5⅞c; magnolia A, 5½c; extra C, 5⅜c; golden C, 5¼c per lb; half bbls ⅛c more than bbls, candy granulated, 6c; California A, 5⅝c; and boxes ½c more.

DRIED FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS, ETC

RAISINS—2@2½c for two crown, 3c for three crown, 3½c for four crown, 4½c for seedless sultanas, 2¾c for seedless muscatels and $1@1.15 for London layers; dried grapes, 2½c.

DRIED FRUITS—Prunes, carload lots, 4¾@5c for 40-50's, 4¼@4½c for 50-60's, 3¾@4c for 60-70's, 2½@3c for 70-80's; 2@2½c for 80-90's, 1¾@2c for 90-100's; peaches, 3@5c; fancy, 5½@6c; peeled, 10@12½c; apricots, 5@6½c for royals and 7@8c for good to fancy moorparks; evaporated apples, 7½@8c; sun-dried, 4½@5c; black figs in sacks, 2@2½c; plums, 4½@4¾c for pitted and 1¼@1½c for unpitted; bleached plums, 5@5½c; nectarines, 4@5c for prime to fancy; pears, 2½@4½c for quarters and 3@5½c for halves, according to color, etc.

NUTS—Chestnuts, 8c per lb; walnuts, 3@4c for hardshell, 6@7c for softshell; almonds, 3@4c for hardshell, 6@7c for softshell and 8½@9c for paper-shell; peanuts, 4@5½c for hardshell, 4@6c for softshell; pecans, 6½@8c; filberts, 9½@10c; Brazil nuts, 8@9c per lb; cocoanuts, $4.50@5 per 100.

HONEY—Comb, 9@10c for bright and 6@7c for lower grades; water white extracted, 5½@6c; light amber extracted, 4¾@5¼c per lb.

BEESWAX—24@26c per lb.

HIDES, TALLOW, WOOL AND HOPS.

HIDES AND SKINS—Heavy salted steers, 10@11c; medium, 9½@10c; light, 15@16c; dry calf, 18@20c; culls, 16@17c; and brands, 13@13½c; dry kip and veal, deerskins, good summer, 25@30c per lb; goatskins, 30@37½c each; kids, 5@10c; medium, 20c; winter, 10c; sheepskins, shearings, 20@30c each; short wool, 40@70c each; medium, 60@80c; long wools, 90c@$1.20 each.

TALLOW—No. 1 rendered, 3½@3¾c lb; No. 2, 2@2½c; refined, 4½@4¾c; grease, 2c.

WOOL—Fall clip—San Joaquin, defective, 7@10; southern mountain, 9@11; free northern, 12@14c; Eastern Oregon, 10@12c; Valley Oregon, 15@17c.

HOPS—1897 crop, 9@12½c per lb.

LADIES' RELIEF SOCIETY OF OAKLAND CAL.

Children to Be Advertised in July.

Lavinia R. Rowland, f., aged 7 years; Freda Kleeman, f., aged 2 years; Clara, f., aged 2 years; Herbert Haben, m., aged 2 monhs; Alfred M. Kopp, m., aged 5 years and 6 months; Harry Webb Kopp, m., aged 3 years and 6 months; Irene Zimmerman, f., aged 3 months; Leonard Hale, m., aged 8 years; Mary Hale, f., aged 6 years; Fred Jackson, m., aged 10 years; Blanche McFarland, f., aged 11 years; Russell McFarland, m., aged 9 years; Francis McFarland, m., aged 7 years.

JESSIE CAMPBELL,
Cor. Sec. L. R. S. of O.

The PIONEER FRENCH BAKERY

M. & J. LONGE, Proprietors,
N. E. Corner Tenth and Webster Sts.
OAKLAND, CAL.

First quality French bread delivered to all parts of Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda. Leaves made to order for camping parties. French rolls made to order.

LEGAL.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

WILLIAM G. HENSHAW and WILLIAM J. DINGEE, Plaintiffs, vs. HUGH McGLYNN, Defendant. No. 14,161. Dept. 3.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, of the State of California, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1898, in the above entitled action, wherein William G. Henshaw and William J. Dingee, the above named plaintiffs, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Hugh McGlynn, defendant, on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1898, for the sum of four hundred and thirty-seven and 95-00 dollars ($437.95), in United States gold coin, together with interest, costs and attorney fees, aggregating with said principal the sum of seven hundred and fifty-four and 90-100 dollars ($754.90): which said judgment and decree were, on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1898, recorded in Judgment Book No. 36 of said Court, at page 113, I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in township of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point on the northern line of Thirty-eighth street, distant thereon two hundred and forty-two and 50-100 (242.50) feet easterly from the easterly line of West street, and running thence easterly along said line of Thirty-eighth street twenty-six and 50-100 (26.50) feet; thence northerly parallel with West street one hundred and forty-five (145) feet; thence at right angles westerly twenty-six and 50-100 (26.50) feet, and thence at right angles southerly and parallel with West street one hundred and forty-five (145) feet to the point of commencement. Being lot number twenty-four (24) in block "C," as the same are delineated and so designated on a certain map entitled "Map of the Major Given Tract, Oakland Township, Alameda County, Cal., which said map was filed June 11, 1888, in Book No. 10 of Maps, page 26, in the County Recorder's office of said Alameda county. Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Public notice is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1898,

At 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, in front of the Broadway entrance of the Court House of the county of Alameda, in the city of Oakland, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for gold coin of the United States.

Oakland, Cal., June 29, 1898.

J. B. LANKTREE,
A Commissioner appointed by said Superior Court.

METCALF & METCALF, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 969 Broadway, Oakland.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

DANIEL HART, Plaintiff, vs. JAMES V. POWERS, ET AL., Defendants. No. 15,001. Dept. 2.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, of the State of California, on the 25th day of June, 1898, in the above entitled action, wherein Daniel Hart, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against James V. Powers, Ellen A. Powers (his wife) and William Heafey, defendants, on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1898, for the sum of sixteen hundred dollars ($1,600), in United States gold coin, together with interest, costs and attorney fees, aggregating with said principal the sum of two thousand five hundred and one and 85-100 dollars ($2,501.85); which said judgment and decree were on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1898, recorded in Judgment Book No. 34 of said Court, at page 357, I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the northerly line of Atlantic street with the westerly line of Willow street and running thence northerly along said westerly line of Willow street fifty (50) feet and seven (7) inches, thence at right angles westerly seventy-five (75) feet, thence at right angles southerly fifty (50) feet and seven (7) inches to the northerly line of Atlantic street, and thence easterly along the northerly line of Atlantic street seventy-five (75) feet to the point of commencement, being lots numbers 25 and 26 in block No. 502 as shown and delineated on the map entitled "Map of the Gibbons Property at Oakland Point," which map is recorded in Liber 1 of Maps, pages 30 and 31, of the records of said Alameda county in the County Recorder's office of said county of Alameda."

Public notice is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1898,

At 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, in front of the Broadway entrance of the Court House of the county of Alameda, in the city of Oakland, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for gold coin of the United States.

Oakland, Cal., June 29, 1898.

J. B. LANKTREE,
A Commissioner appointed by said Superior Court.

B. McFADDEN, Attorney for Plaintiff.

W. H. PARRISH

Successor to Tate & Parrish.

Truck and Expressman

STAND AN DOFFICE

842 BROADWAY, - OAKLAND

I am prepared [illegible] all kinds [illegible] make a specialty of moving Safes.

All orders promptly attended to at lowest rates. Telephone 564.

RESIDENCE......1535 WEBSTER ST.

LEGAL

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

FREDERICK C. SIEBE, Plaintiff, vs. PAUL TISCHER ET AL., Defendants. No. 13,702.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, of the State of California, on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1898, in the above entitled action, wherein Frederick C. Siebe, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Paul Tischer, Fannie Tischer sometimes called Fanny Tischer, Julius L. Weilbye, Thomas Ward and F. F. Leverrich, and Leopold Palmtag and C. W. Heyer individually and as partners under the firm name of Palmtag and Heyer, defendants, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1898, for the sum of six thousand three hundred and twenty-four and .02-100 dollars, besides interest, costs and counsel fees, and wherein the defendants and cross-complainants Leopold Palmtag & C. W. Heyer, individually and as co-partners under the firm name of Palmtag and Heyer, were awarded a judgment for the sum of five hundred and eighty-eight and 32-100 dollars, besides interest and costs, which said judgment and decree was, on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1898, recorded in Judgment Book 34 of said Court, at page 340, I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the township of Murray, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the southwest corner of a lot of land conveyed to Jeremiah Bennett, by deed recorded in the office of the County Recorder of said Alameda county in Liber 242 of Deeds, page 139; and running thence along the west boundary line of the land so conveyed north fourteen degrees thirty-five minutes east one hundred and fifty (150) feet to a lot of land heretofore conveyed to Mark Ager; thence along the south boundary of said land north seventy-five degrees twenty-five minutes west one hundred and twenty feet; thence along the west boundary line of the land so conveyed to Ager north twenty-three degrees twenty-five minutes west one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet to the south line of the lands of the Central Pacific Railroad Company; thence along the south line of said lands south sixty-three degrees fifty-seven minutes west sixty-six (66) feet; thence continuing along the south line of said lands south sixty-six degrees thirty-four minutes west one hundred (100) feet; thence south twenty-seven degrees eight minutes east two hundred and four (204) feet; and thence south seventy-five degrees twenty-five minutes east one hundred and ninety-five and 7-10 feet (195.7 ft.) to the point of commencement.

Containing 1.155 acres of land, and being a portion of the southwest quarter of section eight (8) township four (4) south of range one (1) east, Mount Diablo base and meridian.

Public notice is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1898.

At 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, in front of the Broadway entrance of the Court House of the county of Alameda, in the city of Oakland, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for lawful money of the United States.

Oakland, June 17, 1898.

W. S. HARLOW,
A Commissioner appointed by said Superior Court.

NAPHTALY, FREIDENRICH & ACKERMAN, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

CANDIDATES ANNOUNCEMENTS

FRANK C. JORDAN
(Present Incumbent)
Candidate for re-election to the office of
COUNTY CLERK
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

JAS. A. WEBSTER
(Formerly County Treasurer)
Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
COUNTY CLERK
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

W. S. HARLOW
Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
SHERIFF
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

PABST BEER
—ON DRAUGHT
AT
JOE ROSENBERG'S ANNEX
959 BROADWAY
Bet. 9th and 10th Sts

LEGAL.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

WILLIAM G. HENSHAW and WILLIAM J. DINGEE, Plaintiffs, vs. CHARLES MITCHELL ET AL., Defendants. No. 14,165. Dept. 1.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, of the State of California, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1898, in the above entitled action, wherein William G. Henshaw and William J. Dingee, the above named plaintiffs, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Charles Mitchell et al., defendants, on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1898, for the sum of four hundred and thirty dollars ($430), in United States gold coin, together with interest, costs and attorney fees, aggregating with said principal the sum of seven hundred and fifty-nine and 30-100 dollars ($759.30); which said judgment and decree were, on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1898, recorded in Judgment Book No. 34 of said Court, at page 361, I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in township of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point on the easterly line of West street, distant thereon one hundred and one and 48-100 (101.48) feet northerly from the northerly line of Thirty-sixth or Logan street, and running thence northerly along said line of West street twenty-five (25) feet; thence at right angles easterly one hundred and nine and 38-100 (109.38) feet; thence at right angles southerly twenty-five (25) feet, and thence at right angles westerly one hundred and nine and 38-100 (109.38) feet to the point of commencement. Being lot number five (5) in block "A" as the same are delineated and so designated on a certain map entitled "Map of the Major Given Tract." Oakland Township, Alameda County, Cal.," filed June 11, 1888, in Book 10 of Maps, page 26, in the County Recorder's office of said Alameda county. Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Public notice is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1898,

At 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, in front of the Broadway entrance of the Court House of the county of Alameda, in the city of Oakland, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for gold coin of the United States.

Oakland, Cal., June 29, 1898.

J. B. LANKTREE,
A Commissioner appointed by said Superior Court.

METCALF & METCALF, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 969 Broadway, Oakland, rooms 44-46.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of George M. Baker, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of George M. Baker, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator, at his office, No. 1118 Broadway, Oakland, Calif., which said office the undersigned selects as his place of business in all matters connected with said estate of George M. Baker, deceased.

WILLIAM H. KNIGHT,
Administrator of the estate of George M. Baker, deceased.

Dated Oakland, July 5th, 1898.

FREDERICK E. WHITNEY, Attorney for Administrator.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The meeting of the stockholders of the Oakland, San Leandro and Haywards Electric Railway, consolidated, will be held at the office of the company, No. 903 Broadway, Oakland, California, for the election of officers to act for the ensuing year and until their successors are elected; also for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, on Saturday, July 16, 1898, at 2 P. M.

A. L. STONE, Secretary.

Dividend Notice.

THE HOME SECURITY BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALAMEDA COUNTY, 465 Ninth street.

A semi-annual dividend for the term ending June 30th, 1898, has been declared at the rate of 5 per cent per annum on deposits on stock, payable on and after July 15th, 1898.

By order of the Board of Directors.

CHARLES E. PALMER, President.
CHARLES K. CLARK, Secretary.

NOTICE.

NOTICE—All persons are hereby cautioned not to trust any one on account of the Tribune Publishing Company without a written order signed by an officer of this corporation. Any indebtedness incurred without said order will not be recognized.

TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.,
By W. E. DARGIE, President.

Oakland, January 1, 1898.

LEGAL.

Notice to Voters.

REGISTRATION.

Office of the County Clerk of Alameda County, Cal.

Notice is hereby given that all citizens whose names are not now on the Great Register of Alameda county are requested to register in order to be entitled to vote at the next general election in November, 1898.

That owing to failure of the Governor to approve the act unanimously passed by both branches of the last Legislature providing assistance for Clerk it is necessary to begin registration at an early date in order to satisfactorily attend to registration.

That voters who have since the date of the last general election taken up their residence in Alameda county, and those who since that date have removed from precinct in which their name appears on Great Register, must make affidavit in order to have their names placed on Register of precinct in which they now reside.

That it is NOT necessary for voters who registered for the general election of 1896 and whose names appear on the Great Register of 1896 to again make affidavit for registration UNLESS SINCE THE DATE OF LAST REGISTRATION THEY HAVE CHANGED THEIR PLACE OF RESIDENCE.

That registration will continue to and including August 9th, 1898, after which it will cease.

Attention is called to the provisions of Section 1083, which provides that those "who shall have been a resident of the State ONE YEAR next preceding the election, and of the county in which they claim their vote NINETY DAYS, and in the election precinct THIRTY days" are entitled to registration.

Further notice is hereby given that affidavit for registration or transfer may be sworn to before any Deputy County Clerk in the different towns and precincts of the county, or before any Deputy County Assessor, without charge.

Affidavits can also be sworn to before any Justice of the Peace or Notary Public.

Notice is given that after the filing of affidavits, OTHER THAN FOR THE PURPOSES OF TRANSFER, when names are ENTERED on Great Register, postal cards will be sent giving date of entry. If postal is not received, voters should ascertain the reason why.

The office of the County Clerk in the Hall of Records will be, until further notice, open for registration from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. of each day.

Dated April 4, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN,
County Clerk.

(Seal)

Notice of Time Set for Hearing Petition.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the application of the "Golden Gate Congregational Church of Oakland" for permission to mortgage real estate.

Pursuant to an order of the Hon. W. E. Greene, Judge of the Superior Court of the said county of Alameda, notice is hereby given to any and all persons interested in the real property of the said "The Golden Gate Congregational Church of Oakland," a corporation, to show cause, if any they can, on Friday, the 15th day of July, 1898, at the Courtroom of said Court, Department No. One thereof, at the County Court House in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, or as soon thereafter as said application can be heard, why the said "The Golden Gate Congregational Church of Oakland," a corporation, should not be authorized by order of this Court to mortgage all that certain land and premises owned by said corporation situated and being in the county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northern line of 34th street 82 feet easterly from the easterly line of Adeline street and measured on said line of 34th street, and running thence along said line of 34th street in an easterly direction 40 feet to the southeast corner of lot number 1 in block number 682 as delineated and so designated upon a certain plot entitled "Map No. 2 of Watts Tract, Oakland," filed November 17th, 1876, in the office of the County Recorder of Alameda county; thence in a northerly direction parallel with said easterly line of Adeline street a distance of one hundred feet; thence in a westerly direction parallel with 34th street, a distance of 40 feet; thence in a southerly direction parallel with said Adeline street a distance of one hundred feet to the place of beginning, and being a portion of aforesaid lot number 1; and authorizing the President and Secretary of said "The Golden Gate Congregational Church of Oakland," a corporation, to make, execute and deliver for and in the name of "The Golden Gate Congregational Church of Oakland," a corporation, its promissory note and mortgage with the usual covenants upon said real property and premises herinbefore described.

Witness my hand and the seal of the said Superior Court this 11th day of July, 1898.

(Seal) FRANK C. JORDAN,
County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the above entitled Superior Court.
By J. CAL EWING, Deputy Clerk.

Public Administrator's Report.

TO THE HONORABLE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA, STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

WM. H. KNIGHT, Public Administrator of Alameda county, respectfully makes this return of all estates of decedents which have come into his hands for the term commencing January 1st, 1898, and ending June 30th, 1898, in accordance with the provisions of Section 1736, Code of Civil Procedure of California.

Date of Issuance		No. of Estate	Name of Decedent	Approximate Value of Estate as Far as Ascertained	Money Which Has Come Into the Hands of the Public Administrator	Fees, Expenses, Funeral Expenses, Debts, Family Allowances Paid by the Public Administrator	Balance of Money on Hand	Administrator's Fees	Remarks
1898				$	$	$	$	$	
Jan'y	31	5513	H. L. Martin	36 00	36 00	1 25	34 75		No Estate
	31	5529	Peter Carroll						No Estate
	31	5542	Joseph H. Raeside	137 84	137 84	36 35	101 49		
	31	5543	Edward Scland	620 25	539 25	281 55	257 70		
Mch	2	5585	Robert Martin	3,121 00	3,121 00	11 50	3,109 50		
	14	5609	Caroline S. Forbush	2,180 66	1,625 66	175 00	1,453 66		
	15	5609	Cornelius Shea	1,923 40	138 19	112 05	26 14		
	23	5620	James Sellick	2,125 00	31 95	31 95			
April	9	5633	Jane A. Robins	170 50	126 20	82 65	43 55		
	27	5638	Kate Adams	17,021 54	4,251 24	189 30	4,061 94		
	25	5660	Salome Anderson	16,664 25	120 20	120 20			
	26	5128	Geo. Morey Richardson	148 40	148 40	23 90	124 50		
May	2	5658	Theodore Jacobson	1,500 00	48 00	11 50	26 50		
	2	5681	Manuel S. da Silva	1,000 00					
	16	5685	Bartholomew Dutto						No Estate
	26	5631	Margaret Kearns	750 00					
June	15	5690	Joseph Hoffman	1,275 00	632 05	137 90	494 15		
	15	5728	Mercy M. Gray	1,000 00					
	27	5743	Joseph Legault						
				$50,988 84	$10,958 98	$ 1,215 10	$ 9,748 68	$	

State of California, County of Alameda. ss.

Wm. H. Knight, being first duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Public Administrator of said Alameda county, that the foregoing is a full, true and correct return of all estates of decedents which have come into his hands and that he is not and was not at any time interested in the expenditures of any kind made for the estates hereinbefore named; nor is he associated in business or otherwise with any one who is so interested on account of any estate he administered.

WM. H. KNIGHT.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of July, A. D. 1898.

(Notary Seal)

C. K. MARSHALL,
Notary Public for Alameda County.

KELLER'S

1105-1109 Broadway

Semi-Annual Clearance Sale

SUMMER . . . Underwear Reduced

SUMMER . . . Neckwear Reduced

SUMMER . . . Suits to Order Reduced

SUMMER . . . Shirts Reduced

SUMMER . . . Straw Hats Reduced

M. J. KELLER COMPANY

1105-9 Broadway

IN AND OUT RACING AT EMERYVILLE.

The Judges Declare All Bets Off in the Queer Fifth Race.

At the Emeryville track yesterday the first race was won by Myrtle Thorne, Dr. J. second and Ned Thorne third. There were six starters. The favorite, Lou, broke badly and ruined her chances. Time, 2:18.

Beachwood took the second race, a mile dash for 2:18 pacers, in easy style. Dictatress got the place, and Butcher Boy was third. Beachwood was 1 to 2 favorite. Time, 2:15.

The third race was a three heat pacing event, for 2:25 class, side wheelers. Mark H. and Royal Sid were favorites at odds of 3 to 2 each. Much Better, the longest priced horse in the race, justified her name by winning all the way in the first heat. Abdine got the place, Mark H. third. Much Better was a 3 to 10 favorite in the second heat, Abdine being an even money second choice. Abdine won by half a length. In the third heat Much Better and Abdine were 1 to 2 each in the betting. Much Better won easily. Mark H. was distanced.

Thompson won the fourth race handily. Mabel Riley got the place, and May B was third. Mojave, the 4 to 5 favorite, was last.

The fifth race had such a suspicious look that the judges declared it no heat and all bets off. The talent were all on Pilot McClellan at 2 to 5. Nellie Bly, Menlo Belle and Listerine were at 2 to 1 each. Pilot got off in front, and as the others seemed to have a morbid horror of passing him, he could not help winning in the slow time of 2:26¼. Nellie Bly was favorite for the run off, Pilot being 6 to 5. Nellie won with ease in 2:20¼. Listerine was second, and Menlo Belle third. Pilot was a bad last.

During July

—We Make—

Suits to Order at Cost

A. BIEBER & CO.

Columbian Woolen Mills

...1005 BROADWAY...

THEY WILL SUE FOR DAMAGES.

La Bourgogne Survivors to Make the Company Answer.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 13.—The Times today prints the following: A number of survivors of La Bourgogne disaster have retained lawyers to prosecute their claims for damages against the Companie Generale Transatlantique, the owners of La Bourgogne. A test suit will be brought by Kantrawitz & Festberg for Charles Liebre, chef of a Philadelphia hotel.

A few months ago Liebre, having determined to have his two sons, Paul and Ernst, educated in Paris, engaged passage for himself and sons on the ill fated steamer. His sons were lost in the disaster, and his trunks and valises, containing valuable property, were also lost. The father swam for upward of half an hour in the ocean, and finally approached the raft containing some of the survivors. He says he had to struggle to hold on to the raft against the assaults of those on it, including La Bourgogne's sailors. Liebre will sue for $75,000.

SPAIN NOW WANTS PEACE.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 13.—The Tribune publishes the following from its London correspondent:

Madrid has taken the defeat of Cervera so quietly that peace is now possible without risks of revolution. Sagasta is not willing to sacrifice his political reputation by proposing peace under hard conditions. He is bent upon having some convenient substitute incur the unpopularity. When peace has been made he will return to office and die in harness.

There is great interest here in the conditions of peace which the United States propose, and there will be general disappointment if a war indemnity based upon the Philippines be so meagre that either France or Germany can raise the money and obtain possession of the islands. It is believed here that the European Powers will not intervene in any way unless a high indemnity be proposed. In that event the Powers may use their diplomatic offices for obtaining the reduction of the indemnity.

Whether the indemnity be high or low, Spain unaided will never pay it, but, unless it be a substantial one, some European Power will pay, and then the United States will be compelled to withdraw from the Philippines, precisely as Japan has retired from the mainland of China.

England eagerly desires America to remain permanently in the Philippines.

MERCHANTS GIVE VENT TO THEIR ILL FEELINGS.

Believe a Fraud Was Worked on the Committee.

Supervisors Come in For a Share of the Inveighing Oratory.

BRIDGE PROTESTS REGISTERED.

Final Report of the Tunnel Road Committee Submitted Last Night.

The directors of the Merchants' Exchange held a condolatory meeting last night. Grievances galore encumbered the members' minds and no one could proceed with business until he had given vent to his feelings by exploiting the dire trouble.

The chief object of assault was the California Fireworks Company, which the merchants depicted as making a snug little lump of money at the expense of the generous citizens and to the infinite disgust of a multitude of spectators.

This was the first assemblage of the Exchange held since the Fourth, and all the ire that has been accumulating in the gentlemen's minds since that eventful day was spent in expressive tones last night.

Mr. Wixson introduced the subject by stating that the committee that furnished the fireworks had carried through a plan whereby the company had made money and the people had been given a poor display.

Director Brown refuted the insinuation that the committee was at fault, and Mr. Sohst agreed.

"Mr. Kahn seemed delighted with the display on the night of the Fourth," said Mr. Sohst, "but I thought it was extremely poor."

President Arper recalled that when three years ago $1,100 was spent on fireworks, the company from which they were bought reported the accidental burning of half of them. He expressed a doubt as to the accident and exhorted the merchants henceforth to be cautious and see that this wholesale robbery does not go on. Mr. Arper suggested Eastern competition as a remedy for Western humbug, and cited this year's experience as a lesson.

The second grievance ventilated last evening was directed against the Board of Supervisors. Everybody protested against the removal of the Webster street bridge. President Arper doubted whether the Supervisors, or the government, either, had any right to do away with a thoroughfare. A number of representatives, he said, went before Mayor Heuer on July 6th and vigorously protested against the measure. They filed their arguments with him and these have been forwarded to the proper authorities. No protestants were in attendance and the Exchange committee anticipates no removal of the Webster street bridge.

Then the tide of discussion turned to the Alice street bridge. The Supervisorial action was utterly discountenanced. Finally the discussion culminated when Director Wixson moved that the Board of Supervisors be requested to maintain a thoroughfare at or near Webster street bridge during the construction period of the new bridge. The motion was unanimously carried.

The following resolution was introduced by Director Wilbur Walker:

"Whereas, the county of Alameda has completed a road of easy grade to the county line at the Thorne Hill pass and the county of Contra Costa has completed a road of easy grade to the county line at the Shepherd pass, and

"Whereas, The Board of Viewers appointed by the Alameda county Supervisors has reported in favor of building a road connecting these two roads as surveyed by County Surveyor Nusbaumer, and

"Whereas, The Board of Supervisors have adopted the report of said viewers and paid the amount of damages as recommended in said report, therefore be it

"Resolved, That it is the sentiment of the Merchants' Exchange of Oakland that this proposed road should be constructed, and the Supervisors of Alameda county are requested to complete the same as soon as possible.

"Resolved, That the Road Committee is instructed to present a copy of these resolutions to the Board of Supervisors at its next regular meeting."

The resolutions were adopted, no one voting against them but Mr. Wixson.

Mr. H. D. Cushing submitted his report as treasurer for the months of April, May and June. It showed total assets, $443.44; total liabilities, $323.60; balance on hand, $119.84. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. J. F. Sohst submitted his report as chairman of the tunnel road committee. It read as follows:

"Mr. President and Gentlemen: I have within the last week received the assurance of a party who is ready to subscribe the sum of $500 and also a second party who is ready to put down $500 beside his name.

"The last gentleman is Mr. King of Sixth avenue and East Eleventh street, East Oakland. I will repeat some of the remarks made by Mr. King in order to wake the people of Alameda and Contra Costa counties up to the emergency.

"He said: 'I look upon this proposition as an investment. I own but little property in Oakland and a ranch outside, but if I owned property on the principal business streets of Oakland, like some people, I would at once subscribe $2,000 and would consider it a good investment.

"'The produce from Contra Costa county which now goes to San Francisco will come to us, if the tunnel is built, and the money obtained for it will be spent with our merchants and tradesmen.

"'Every man who uses a bale of hay, a sack of potatoes, a sack of barley, or wheat, or fruit of any kind, is interested in this road, for it will save the steamer and railroad freight charges and will not compel the purchaser to pay the middleman, but allow him to buy direct from the producer.

"'If the Merchants' Exchange means anything, it has for its purpose the opening of avenues into the city to give the farmer a chance to exchange his produce for merchandise.

"'Besides the trade advantages, it will be one of the grandest mountain roads in the country. It looks impossible to build a road over and through such a mountain where you can not trot a horse up and down either way, but such is the case. More than twenty years ago the late Hiram Tubbs, a number of gentlemen and myself were thus surprised by riding over it. The scenery is simply sublime.

"'How the people can stand aloof and allow such a grand opportunity to slumber for a quarter of a century, is a conundrum.'

"I told Mr. King that I gave it up, but felt encouraged by his deed and words, and as a member of the tunnel committee shall never tire stirring the people up to their duty and awake the spirit of the old Romans in them, that all roads must lead to Rome.

"J. F. W. SOHST."

GOVERNOR BUDD SAYS FUSION IS IMPOSSIBLE.

Democrats Cannot Be Dictated to By the Populists.

The Democratic State Central Committee met yesterday and gave out very distinctly that the party is opposed to fusion. The information had been conveyed to the Committee that the Populists, now in convention at Sacramento, desired to name a Democrat for the Gubernatorial chair—that is, a Democrat with whom the Populists would be satisfied.

The State Central Committee expressed its willingness to allow the Populists to name the Lieutenant Governor, Controller and Superintendent of Public Instruction, but further than this it could not go. An attempt was made to name the date of the Democratic State Convention, but on motion of Governor Budd the power to do this was delegated to the joint committee. Governor Budd's argument was that while he was in favor of holding an early convention, he was opposed to the party exposing its hand to its opponents.

"If we now name the date of our convention," said he, "the Republicans will take advantage of it and hold theirs about two days before we meet. There is such a thing as political strategy. I do not believe in placing information in the hands of our political enemies. We have been in the habit of posting the Republicans on what we are about to do, and they have not been slow to take advantage of the situation. Let the Republicans declare themselves this time and we will stand on our own ground, and there is no doubt that we will carry the entire State."

"I understand that some months ago a committee was appointed to inquire into the feasibility of a union of the parties opposed to the Republican party—a committee of five on fusion and a committee of nine to conduct the campaign. Now I move that these committees proceed as a joint committee to Sacramento to meet a similar committee to be appointed by the Populist convention.

"Provided, however, that the committee so appointed by this body shall not in any case be empowered to authorize or agree to a nomination by the Populist convention being held in Sacramento of any person for any office that it may be agreed or understood shall be filled by the Democracy, but that all offices that are to be filled by the Democrats shall be left blank for the future action of the Democratic State Convention.

"Let me put the situation fully before the committee," said Governor Budd. "It was telephoned to us yesterday that the Populists wanted to name three candidates on the ticket—the Lieutenant Governor, the Controller, and the Superintendent of Instruction. Others in the convention wanted to name also the Governor. Now, I, for one, do not think that it is in the province of the Populists or any other party to tell us whom we shall name for Governor. The Democratic candidate for Governor must be named by the Democratic State Convention. The object of this resolution is that this joint committee shall go to Sacramento and prevent the naming of the Democratic Governor by the Populists."

"A commitee of five was appointed some time ago, to determine what could be done in the matter of fusion. Nothing has been done, and this morning comes the news over the wire that the Populists, while perfectly willing that the candidate for Governor should be a Democrat, want to name a man whom they think we should put up. Such a thing is simply out of the question. The Democratic convention cannot indorse the Gubernatorial candidate of any other party. Better for it to nail its flag to the masthead and go down to defeat than be swallowed by the Populists, as it was in Oregon and Montana."

R. M. Fitzgerald stated that he was decidedly opposed to fusion. "The Democratic party," said he, "has never gained anything by fusion with the Populists. The Populists meet with us and declare that they are going to support our candidates. In the last campaign they promised to support Bryan. I know what they did in my county. They went back and voted with the Republicans."

The meeting closed with the appointment of a committee to go to Sacramento to confer with the Populists.

LAKE MERRITT IS TO BE IMPROVED.

Dwellers on its Shores Form a Club For That Purpose.

Citizens Who Intend to Effect a Change in Present Dangerous Conditions.

A number of citizens residing on the shores of Lake Merritt last night formed an organization to effect an improvement that is of great importance to the whole city. They propose to improve the sanitary condition of the lake, something which has been greatly needed for years. Many similar attempts have been made in the past, but they all came to nothing. The citizens who now have the matter in hand are very much in earnest, however, and their names are a guarantee that the lake will be transformed from a menace to health to the beauty spot nature intended it should be.

They met last evening at the residence of A. Schilling and organized the Lake Merritt Sanitary Improvement Club, with the following officers: Edwin Goodall, president; George D. Greenwood, vice president; H. F. Gordon, secretary. The following board of directors was chosen: Edwin Goodall, A. Schilling, George D. Greenwood, R. G. Brown, M. W. Kales, James Moffitt and H. F. Gordon.

The objects of the club are as follows:

First—To prevent the discharge of sewage into Lake Merritt and any and all of its tributaries.

Second—To extend to deep water the sewer running along the east side of the lake.

Third—To improve the entrance to the main lake sewer and provide it with efficient flushing gates.

Fourth—To remove the present sewage deposits from the lake and to dredge it to a depth of not less than four feet below mean high tide.

Fifth—To make such alterations and repairs of the flood gates now in use on the Twelfth street dam and provide as many gates as may be required to secure the filling of the lake within twenty-four hours.

Aldrich a Captain.

Attorney Hugh S. Aldrich of this city has received word that his brother, James H. Aldrich, also an attorney, who left New Orleans for the East several weeks ago to enlist, was mustered in as captain of Company C, Ninth Infantry, Louisiana volunteers, on June 25th.

Water For the Cemetery.

The Oakland Water Company has turned its water into the new pipe line which will supply Mountain View Cemetery for the remainder of the season. The grass and flowers had begun to feel the drought severely, but now they will again flourish.

There is a star that points every woman to the pathway of happiness. It is the "Star of Health." It is the duty of every mother to point out this star and indicate this pathway to her daughters. There are too many unhappy—too many unhealthy women in the world. At every gathering where women meet alone, the story is heard of sickness and nervousness and despondency.

The woman who suffers in this way makes a mistake to consult the average obscure physician. If she does so, the chances are that she is told that her trouble is nervousness or insomnia or indigestion or heart trouble. It does not happen very often that this diagnosis is correct. When by some fortunate chance she is told the truth, that she is suffering from weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organism, she is told at the same time that she must submit to the obnoxious examinations and local treatment so embarrassing to a sensitive woman. All this is unnecessary.

The wise woman will seek the advice of some specialist of world wide reputation. Dr. R. V. Pierce is such a man. For thirty years he has been chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. During that time, with the assistance of a staff of eminent physicians, he has treated thousands of ailing women. He is the inventor of that wonderful medicine for women known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This medicine acts directly on the delicate and important organs that make maternity possible. It cures all weakness, disease, internal ulceration and inflammation and debilitating drains. It has transformed thousands of weak, suffering women into healthy, happy, robust wives. It is for sale by all good medicine dealers.

Never fail to cure constipation — Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

HAVANA NOT TO BE ATTACKED THIS SUMMER.

When Santiago Falls Porto Rico Will Be Invaded.

Gen. Miles Will Hurl Thirty Thousand Men Into the Island.

YELLOW FEVER MAY BREAK OUT.

Shafter's Surgeons Fear He Will Lose More Men by Sickness Than by Assault.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 13.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says:

The actual departure of Commodore Watson's raiding squadron for the coast of Spain, which the naval authorities expect will occur about the end of the present week, indicates sufficiently the complete abandonment of any intention to besiege Havana in the next three or four months, and confirms the impression that no extended military operations will be prosecuted in Cuba after the capitulation of Santiago.

The remarkable difficulties which have attended the investment of Santiago and the resulting tedious delays have served to convince the military and naval authorities that Havana cannot be attacked cesafully with less than 100,000 men and the entire naval force in the Atlantic. The city, ordinarily one of the best fortified ports in the world, has been made more impregnable in the last two months through the ceaseless activity of General Blanco, who has surrounded it with several chains of fortifications, in addition to the new batteries he has mounted along the coast. Without the strong vessels attached to the raiding squadron the navy would be powerless to render effective assistance to the army against Havana, and it is deemed impossible that land forces alone could secure the surrender of the city with less than several months' campaign.

Promptly upon the fall of Santiago, it is announced, the expedition to Porto Rico is to be undertaken, with General Miles in command of three divisions, aggregating more than thirty thousand men. He will have the co-operation of Admiral Sampson's heavier ships in the assault on San Juan. It is his intention to clear the entire island of Spanish troops with every energy at his command. His force will include practically all the regular and volunteer troops now at Santiago, the Cubans and immunes being left to hold that province.

In addition to the fleet of forty-eight transports already secured, to carry troops to Porto Rico, including the thirty that formed General Shafter's main expedition, the navy has consented to the temporary use of the auxiliary cruisers the St. Paul, the St. Louis, the Yale and the Harvard, to carry the regiments, and a number of other vessels will be available for the service next week.

The medical corps of the army expects yellow fever among the troops at Santiago at any time. The light fevers which are now invalliding many of the men may at any moment assume malignant types. For this reason, urgent recommendations have been made that the troops be taken out of the country as soon as possible. The surgeons declare that the horrors of a long continued siege will be incalculable, and in their emphatic opinion it will be found better to lose hundreds of men in an aggressive assault than to expose the entire army, and this country as well, to a devastating epidemic of yellow fever.

STORY OF A GAY LIFE AT SAN JOSE.

Mrs. Hammersmith is Said to Be in Love With Her Coachman.

A dispatch from San Jose says that Mrs. Hammersmith, wife of the San Francisco jeweler, may have to face a charge of arson in connection with her coachman, Peter Ennis. Ennis and Mrs. Hammersmith, it is said, have been fast friends since the latter moved to San Jose about a year ago.

Ennis longed to be a man of influence and dabble in politics. In order to gratify his wish Mrs. Hammersmith started him in the saloon business at Pleasant and Santa Clara streets, this city. The venture was a losing one, and after a few months was discontinued.

Their home on Wilson avenue with its elegant fittings, was insured for $2000 in the Globe Insurance Company of Liverpool. On the night of July 4th the place was nearly destroyed by fire. The policy had been made in the name of John A. Hammersmith, and a few days later he and Adjuster Mead of the company visited the place for the purpose of settling the losses. Instead of traces of costly draperies, bric-a-brac and furniture, it could be seen that in the place there had been only the commonest of furniture and matting on the floor. Mead refused to adjust matters and detectives were employed to dig up evidence for a charge of arson. The case was reported to the District Attorney, and Constable Haley began to work on it.

It was found that all costly fixtures, furniture and Brussels carpets were removed from the house to Mrs. Hammersmith's mother's home at Santa Clara. In ther place were substituted the cheapest kind of furniture and mattings. This moving was done on July 2d and 3d, and the fire occurred on July 4th.

Mrs. Hammersmith says the matter is in the hands of her attorneys and will be settled to everybody's satisfaction.

J. Raley Drowned.

A tugboat fireman named J. Raley was drowned in the Columbia river a week ago. It is thought he had relatives living in West Oakland. Though letters were found in his pocket going to show that his parents live here, the City Directory gives no such name. He was 23 years of age, and it is said had been previously employed in the same capacity on the O. R. & N. Co.'s steamer Oregon.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

SPAIN WILL BE HUMILIATED AND CRUSHED.

Castelar Despairs For the Future of His Country.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 13.—A special to the Press from Washington says: In an interview with a member of a foreign legation in Madrid, transmitted to the representative of the same country in Washington, Senor Castelar gives some interesting information about the inner politics of Spain and makes several remarkable predictions concerning the future of Europe, especially of France.

"I feel the disgrace of Spain as keenly as though it had fallen on my individual household," he said. "I weep for her, but without avail. When I stood by the corps of Canovas I said that his best friend was Angiolio, who, in killing him, delivered him from the overwhelming disgrace which had fallen upon him. It may be the same with Spain.

"Spain," he said, "will never be aught less than a monarchy." He repeated the statement made by him to Ruiz Zorilla that the revolution of 1869 was the last revolution Spain would see; that today the monarchical form of government which recognized the freedom of the press and individual liberties and rights, offered all that the people could demand and it would be foolish to dream of revolution.

"The Spaniards today," he goes on, "are monarchists. Michelet told me in the time of the second French Republic there were more people in France who believed in the empire than there were supporters of the republic. The elections in France indicate much the same feeling today, and I believe, in spite of the apparent solidity of the French Republic, that that country yet will be the theater of a great upheaval.

"It would be foolish for Spain to enter into any agreement with Germany regarding her Eastern possessions. The Germans would readily interfere, but it would be to enhance their own greedy interests and not in any way to aid Spain. Their interests in Manila are counter to ours. We have confidence in one but God; expect help only from Providence."

Speaking of his recent attack on the Queen Regent in La Petite Revue of Paris, Senor Castelar said that the ideas expressed by him in that article were in accordance with others which would follow. "The abdication of the Queen Regent now," he said, "is a first necessity. I wanted to make some personally complimentary observations concerning the Queen Regent in the article, for apart from politics I have only the highest esteem for her, but I did not, because it would have lessened the force of what I had to say.

"There will be no early suit for peace on the part of Spain, notwithstanding her misfortunes. The people are heart and soul in the war. Havana and the principal cities of Cuba still remain in our possession. Manila has not been taken from us, and the people believe in the military ability of Spain's generals.

"There is only one outcome to this anticipated from the war—the crushing, humiliating defeat of Spain. But it must come as did the death of Canovas. When all else has gone, death will wipe away disgrace."

A Benefit Social.

The congregation Beth Jacob of this city will give a grand social for the benefit of the soldiers tonight at Germania Hall, 511 Fourteenth street. Mrs. L. Davis is taking an active interest in the success of the entertainment and the proceeds will be given to the relief corps of the American Foresters, which will care for all widows or orphans of soldiers or any of those dependent upon them who may be in need.

Special Sale.

Household goods, chairs, rockers, lounges, bedroom furniture, mattings, oilcloths, stoves, crockery and glassware must be sacrificed this week at 408 Eleventh street, H. Schellhass' old store, entrance near corner. Telephone 532 blue.

DR. J. L. MILTON

Has moved from the Central Bank building to Canning block, 1115 Broadway. Office hours, 1:30 to 2:30 P. M. and 7 to 8 P. M. Telephone white 574.

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